



CITY OF GARDEN GROVE, CALIFORNIA











COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JULY 1, 2019 - JUNE 30, 2020

City of Garden Grove, California

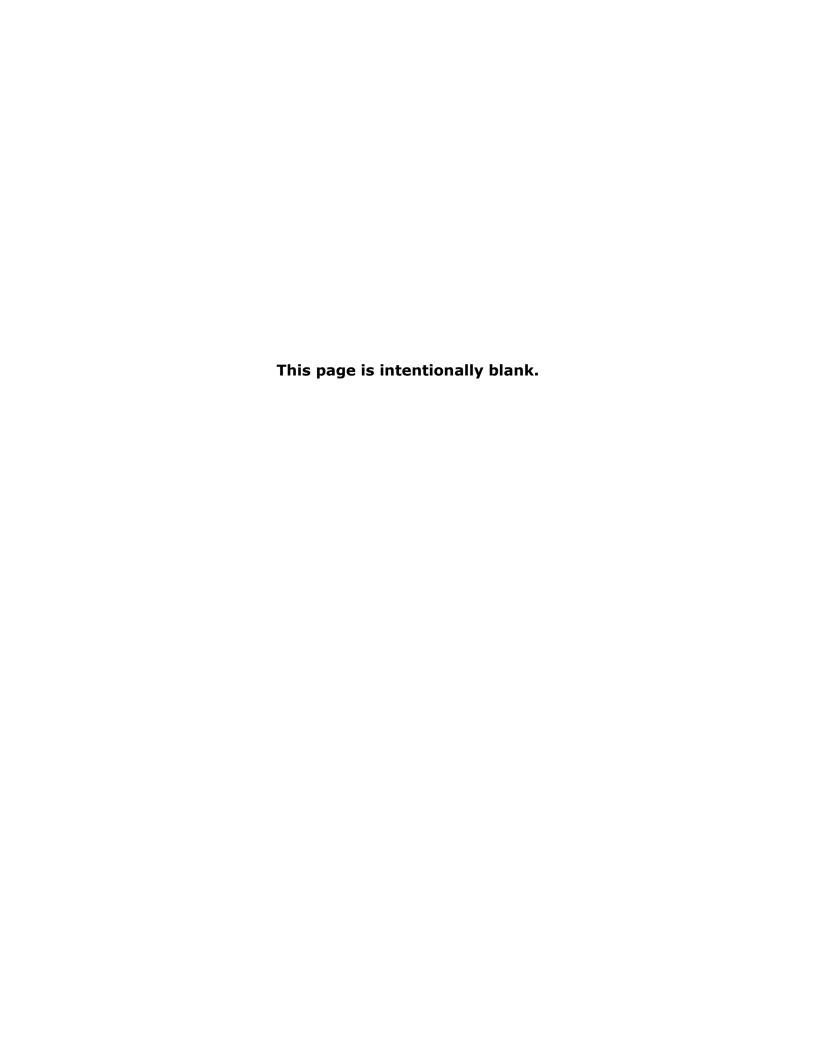
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

Department of Finance

Patricia Song

Finance Director



CITY OF GARDEN GROVE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

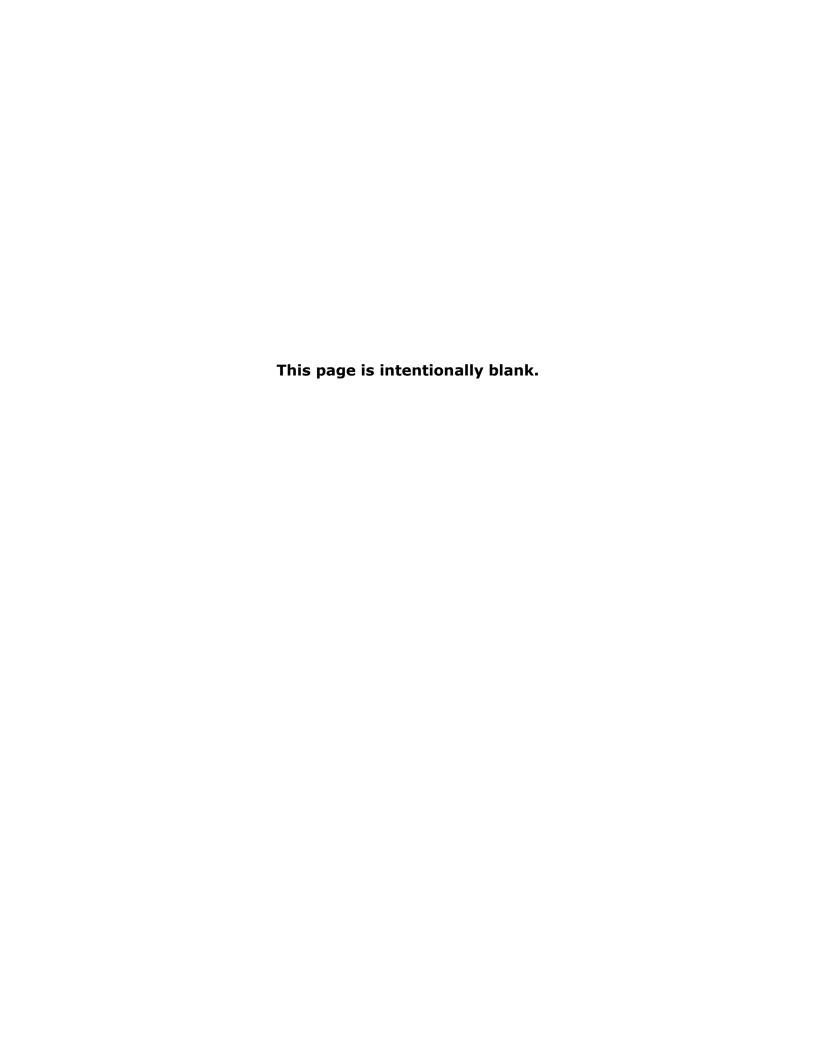
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Introductory Section





December 8, 2020

To the Honorable Mayor, City Council, and Citizens of the City Garden Grove:

It is with great pleasure that we present to you the City of Garden Grove's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The CAFR is published to serve two purposes. First, it outlines accountability for public tax dollars and the services that are funded by these resources. Second, it communicates the results of operations and the City's financial position to its constituents, and provides a vital framework for future decisions about programs and services.

In order to ensure the reliability of the information contained herein, the City contracted with an independent audit firm, Davis Farr LLP, to perform the annual financial audit. The goal of the audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement. Davis Farr LLP issued an unmodified opinion for the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Management is responsible for both the accuracy of the financial report and the completeness and fairness of the presentation. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects, including all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the City's financial activities.

The CAFR is prepared using the financial reporting requirements outlined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements. Three sections are presented: the *Introductory Section*, the *Financial Section*, and the *Statistical Section*. This transmittal letter is included in the *Introductory Section*, and is designed to complement and should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which is included in the *Financial Section*. The MD&A provides an overview of the City's operations and how we performed financially. The auditor's opinion letter and a complete set of financial statements

are presented in the *Financial Section*. The *Statistical Section* presents historical information about the City's finances and operations, as well as demographic and economic data.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Garden Grove was part of a broader, federally mandated audit of state and local governments (the "Single Audit") designed to meet the special needs of federal granting agencies. The standards governing the Single Audit require the auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the City's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements. These reports are available in the City of Garden Grove's separately issued Single Audit Report.

The CAFR is a required component of continuing disclosure to the bond holders as covenanted by certain City bond issues.

Community Profile

The City of Garden Grove is located in central Orange County approximately 25 miles southeast of downtown Los Angeles. With a current population of approximately 174,801, it is the fifth largest city in Orange County and the 31st largest in the State of California. The City incorporated on June 18, 1956.

The City spans an area of 17.9 square miles and is a general law city in the State of California. It has a Council-Manager form of government. On May 10, 2016, the City of Garden Grove adopted Ordinance No. 2866 changing the City's at-large system of electing City Council members to a By-District election system and established the boundary lines of the six districts. While the Mayor continues to be elected at-large for a two-year term, the six City Council members are elected by districts for four-year staggered terms. The City Council engages the City Manager and City Attorney. The City Manager has the responsibility for hiring the department directors and for administering the City's programs in accordance with the policies adopted by the City Council.

City Service and Budgetary Control

Garden Grove is a full service city. The services provided by the City include police, street and park maintenance, water, sewer, recreation, traffic/transportation, public improvements, planning, zoning, and general administrative services. Effective August 16, 2019, the City began contracting with Orange County Fire Authority to provide fire protection and paramedic services. Also included in the City's overall operations are the Garden Grove Housing Authority, the Garden Grove Sanitary District, Garden Grove Successor Agency, and the Garden Grove Public Financing Authority. Additional information on these component units is available in the *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements*.

A key element of the City's financial management process is the development and approval of a biennial budget. Garden Grove Municipal Code requires the City Manager to prepare and submit the proposed budget and salary plan to the City

Council for approval. The City Council conducts multiple public budget review sessions to obtain taxpayer input, prior to adopting the budget at a public meeting. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level. The City Council may amend the budget to increase or decrease appropriations or move appropriations between funds. The City Manager is authorized to transfer appropriations within a fund between the various programs and/or departments.

Demographic and Economic Information

Demographically, the City of Garden Grove has one of the highest population density in the County. The community is highly diversified with a median age of 37.9 years. With a 2020 population of 170,328, the City is the 31st largest city in California and the 156th largest city in the United States. The median household income of \$75,000 is 114% of the national average. The City is also benefiting from higher education levels. In 2018, 73.8% of the population completed high school, and 20.8% received bachelor degree or higher. This is an increase of 38.7% comparing to 2000.

Between 2007 and 2017, total jobs in the City grew 12.6% (to 58,163). The City's largest job sector is in Education, which accounts for 24% of total jobs, followed by Leisure and Hospitality (15.7%), Professional and Management (13.1%), and Manufacturing (12.3%).

Historically, Garden Grove has maintained lower unemployment rate than the State level. With leisure or hospitality sector heavily impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, the City's current unemployment rate is at a historical high, to almost 17%.

With limited opportunities for large-scale new development, Garden Grove continues to look for opportunities to redevelop and expand currently underutilized properties. Through its ongoing commitment to stimulate the local economy, improve essential services, and expand its public safety labor force, the City of Garden Grove will continue to provide excellent services to its constituents and neighboring communities.

Financial Condition of the City

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the state of economy nationwide has been experiencing unprecedented challenges. The pandemic threatens to plunge the economy into a recession or worse. Diminishing consumer buying power resulted in poor retail sales. Leisure and hospitality industry activities were down by over 70%. These directly impact the key revenue bases of municipalities like Garden Grove.

For Fiscal Year 2019-20, our Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) revenue decreased by \$7.5 million comparing to the previous year. Fortunately, the community passed Measure O in 2018, which created a 1 cent local sales tax. In Fiscal Year 2019-20, the City received \$20.0 million in Measure O tax revenue.

The largest revenue source for the City is property tax. For Garden Grove, the assessed value of the City's taxable properties continues to rise at a strong rate. In

Fiscal Year 2020-21, overall assessed value has reached to an all-time high of \$18.5 billion, which nearly doubled the Fiscal Year 2011-12 value. Residential property value makes up more than 70% of all value in the City. Because of the increased taxable property value, the City enjoyed a 1.9% increase in property tax revenue compare to the previous fiscal year.

On the expense side, in addition to the increased cost to fight the pandemic, the ever-growing non-discretionary cost continues to pose a threat to the City's fiscal sustainability. Unfunded pension liability alone increased by \$10.1 million over the previous year, per the most recent CalPERS valuation report published in July 2020.

In respond to the sharp decline in revenues and increased costs caused by the pandemic, the City implemented several cost containment measures in April 2020. These measure included:

- Place a hiring freeze on all vacancies, with exceptions for sworn public safety, critical emergency dispatch, and certain enterprise-funded positions;
- Pause on personnel recruitment activities;
- Suspend all non-essential training and conferences;
- Defer non-essential equipment and capital purchases; and
- Reassess personnel equipment needs and business processes.

On the budget front, in order to balance the Fiscal Year 2020-21 budget, in addition to the above measures, 22 vacant positions were defunded, contributions to the City's Fleet internal service fund from the General Fund were reduced by 16.0%, and one-time money were used to gap the deficit.

These measures helped to achieve the City's short-term financial goals. Management recognizes the long-term financial implication caused by the pandemic. To ensure financial stability, during the current fiscal year, the City Council established two important financial policies, the Pension Funding Policy and the General Fund Reserve Policy. Both policies set baseline standards for fiscal stewardship to ensure ongoing structural balance.

The City is committed to continue to improve on fiscal policy and standard setting, implement best financial management practices, and manage spending in a prudent manner by improving efficiency and identify cost saving and recovery opportunities.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City has consistently demonstrated responsible fiscal management practices. In accordance with the provisions of the City's municipal code, a five-year forecast covering operating revenue and expenditures, labor usage, and capital improvement plan is incorporated in the biennial budget process. The forecast includes analysis of key revenue and expenditure components, and proposed measures to address any anticipated gaps. The City's biennial budget is developed in the context of the five-year financial forecast.

To foster a culture of long-term fiscal sustainability, the City has started the process of adopting a series of important fiscal policies. These policies set a framework to ensure a balanced budget, maintain healthy reserves, appropriately fund the City's pension liabilities, as well as planning for future infrastructure needs. In August 2019, the City adopted the Pension Funding Policy, formally committing to proactively address its unfunded pension liability. With the close of Fiscal Year 2018-19, a General Fund reserve policy was added to the policy series setting standard for a contingency reserve.

During the upcoming biennial budget process for fiscal years 2021-2023, the City will establish a policy on infrastructure funding and grant management. These policies will guide the City in formulating its budget responsibly and standardizing practices to achieve best use of City resources. In the future, policies on user fees and cost recovery, cost allocation for administrative and support functions will also be developed and incorporated into the comprehensive financial policies.

Financial Policies and Practices

The City adopted various critical financial policies and practices with the goal of building a fiscally resilient government over the long-term.

Pension Funding Policy

The purpose of the Pension Funding Policy is to establish a systematic and disciplined method to accumulate resources to be used towards funding pension liability and future benefit payments, and to provide reasonable assurance that the cost of pension benefits will be funded in an equitable and sustainable manner.

General Fund Reserve Policy

The City is committed to prudent fiscal practices and maintaining adequate General Fund reserves to ensure consistent, uninterrupted municipal services in the event of unexpected temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures, as well as the credit worthiness of the City. In December 2019 the City Council adopted the General Fund Reserve Policy, which established the appropriate level of unassigned fund balance in the General Fund, set conditions warranting its use, and outlined the plan to replenish it if the balance fell below the policy level.

Enterprise Fund Business Principles

The City maintains a set of business principles for managing its enterprise fund operations. These principles are to ensure the funds break even and operate efficiently, maintain two months cash flow and \$500,000 in reserves for contingencies, approach 5 percent of system value for replacement sinking funds, and maintain system and facilities up to industry standards by adequately funding new Capital Improvement Programs.

Investment Policy

The City maintains an investment policy that is updated annually and reviewed and approved by the City Council. The City's investment objectives as outlined in the policy are in the following order: safety of principal, liquidity, and yield. To meet these objectives, the City attempts to obtain the highest yield on its investments consistent with the preservation of principal and liquidity. The yield benchmark for the City is the 24-month moving average of the 2-year Constant Maturity Treasury. The Investment Policy was certified by the California Municipal Treasurer's Association in November 2020.

Purchasing Policy

The purpose for the City's centralized purchasing policy is to procure needed supplies, services, and equipment at the utmost quality, within the required time, and at the best price for the City, in a manner consistent with legal requirements, good business practice, and proper fiscal control. The goal is to serve the public with integrity while maximizing the value of the tax dollar.

Debt Management Policy

On January 24, 2017, the City Council adopted a debt management policy in compliance with Senate Bill 1029 to improve public debt financial transparency. The objective of the debt policy is to achieve sound administration of City debt by minimizing debt service and issuance costs, maintaining the highest reasonable credit rating, and ensuring complete financial disclosure and compliance with State and Federal laws.

Major Initiatives

The City has taken steps to reduce unfunded liability through the establishment of an Internal Revenue Code Section 115 trust; funding infrastructure improvements, including a facility space need assessment for the police station; improving efficiency through the implementation of an Enterprise Resources Planning (ERP) system; and promoting transparency by increasing community engagement on major initiatives, such as the development of Parks Master Plan and 2021-2029 Garden Grove Housing Element Update.

In Fiscal Year 2020-21, the City's new Capital Improvement Program (CIP) totaled \$24.7 million. It covers a wide range of categories including street, building and facility, traffic, parks, water, sewer and storm drain.

In November 2020, the City took advantage of the favorable market condition and refunded its 2010 Water Revenue Bonds. The refunding resulted in a net present value savings of \$1.6 million, or 15.3% of the refunded bonds. Additional capital in the amount of \$15.0 million was raised during the refunding, allowing the City's Water Utility to implement its new master capital plan that would otherwise be delayed due to the new state regulation on Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS).

Despite the high degree of uncertainty related to the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, the City received an AA+ rating with Stable outlook from S&P Global Rating for the above bond issuance. S&P specifically cited that "in our view, the financial practices are robust, well embedded, and likely sustainable. The management team, in our view, maintains most of the best practices we consider critical to supporting credit quality and these are well embedded in the city system's daily operations and practices. Factors considered in the strong assessment include regular budget monitoring and reporting to the board, robust long-term financial and capital planning, adherence to the city's formal debt management and investment policies, and a formal liquidity policy."

The City's overall tax base is essential in maintaining the delivery of core services and programs to Garden Grove residents and businesses. While COVID-19 impacts remain uncertain, the City was able to advance innovation and technology to ensure streamline service delivery was achieved via a virtual City Hall platform. A key factor of the City's roadmap is the development the Garden Grove Reopening Plan along with the Business Resource and Resiliency Plan that identified a series of action items incorporating: electronic plan check, online building permitting, online payment portals, virtual inspection services, virtual recreation programming, and alternative meeting solutions.

The City's economic development initiatives to enhance local investment and promote job creation continued to be assertive with successful results in the attraction and expansion of several key retailers: See's Candies, Little World Indoor Playground, Mochinut, Wilson Creek Winery, Myungrang Hot Dogs, Taco Bell, McDonald's, Planet Fitness, Panda Express, and Target. Strategically located near the 22 Freeway, Rexford Industries obtained approvals to expand and reposition 140,000 sq.ft. industrial building in the City's high-demand industrial area. With positive housing market conditions, a number of mixed-use projects advanced through the planning approval process including: The Centre, 16 new townhomes with work-live units; the Garden Brook Senior Village comprised of 394 affordable senior units with ancillary retail uses; Brookhurst Place (Phase II) is anticipated to develop 118 apartment homes in 2021. The Shea Homes Gardenia project which included 70 single-family, detached for-sale residential homes was recently completed.

Transforming the City's downtown area through place-making and local public art efforts illuminates the ongoing priorities to Re-Imagine Garden Grove through active transportation and attraction of local entrepreneurs and artists. SteelCraft Garden Grove, an outdoor, urban eatery built from repurposed shipping containers opened in September 2019. The Cottage Industries project envisions an adaptive reuse of the twelve properties for retail, office, artesian and makers' space. Construction is expected to be begin in 2021.

The City is committed to providing programs and services designed to improve neighborhoods with support from the Neighborhood Improvement and Conservation Commission and funding from the Federal and State agencies. Such funding includes Community Development Block Grant, HOME Investment Partnerships Program, and Emergency Solutions Grants. These efforts have expanded to include: the the First-

time Homebuyer Program through the CalHOME Grant, Workforce Initiative Subsidy for Homeownership Grant (WISH), and Senior Home Improvement Grants. The City's Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rental Transition (HEART) Program furthered homelessness resources via tenant-based rental assistance for Garden Grove homeless population.

Furthermore, the Garden Grove Housing Authority which operates under Federal grants received from the Department of Housing and Urban Development, provides rental subsidies to low-income families. The Section 8 program assists over 2,220 families with their monthly rent. The City is committed to providing these programs and services designed to improve Garden Grove neighborhoods and increase affordable housing options in our community.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Garden Grove for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the 35th consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in the area of governmental accounting and financial reporting, and its attainment represents a significant accomplishment by a government and its management.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the award program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate. The preparation of the CAFR on a timely basis was made possible by the efficient and dedicated service of the staff in Finance. Staff members have our sincere appreciation for their contributions to this report. We also acknowledge the assistance of Davis Farr LLP, in completing the CAFR.

We thank the Mayor, City Council, and the City's executive management team for their strong leadership and support of the financial operations of the City and for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in managing the City's finances for the best interest of the citizens of Garden Grove.

Respectfully submitted,

Scott C. Stiles, City Manager

Patricia Song, Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

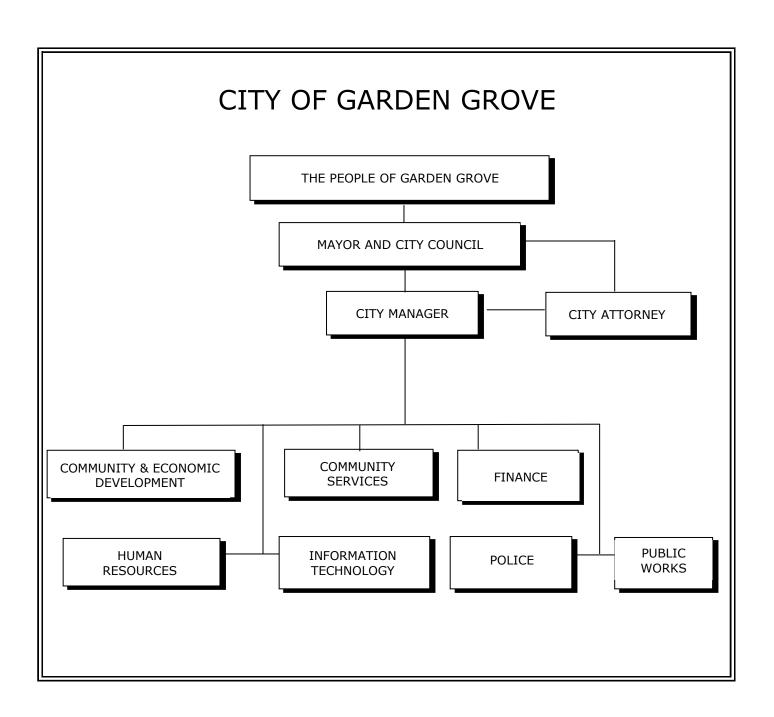
City of Garden Grove California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



City Council

Steven R. Jones
Mayor

John R. O'Neill Mayor Pro Tem - District 2

George S. Brietigam III
Council Member - District 1

Thu-Ha NguyenCouncil Member - District 3

Stephanie Klopfenstein Mayor Pro Tem - District 5

Patrick Phat Bui
Council Member - District 4

Kim B. Nguyen Council Member - District 6

City Officials

Scott StilesCity Manager

Omar Sandoval
City Attorney

John Montanchez Community Service Director

William Murray
Public Works Director

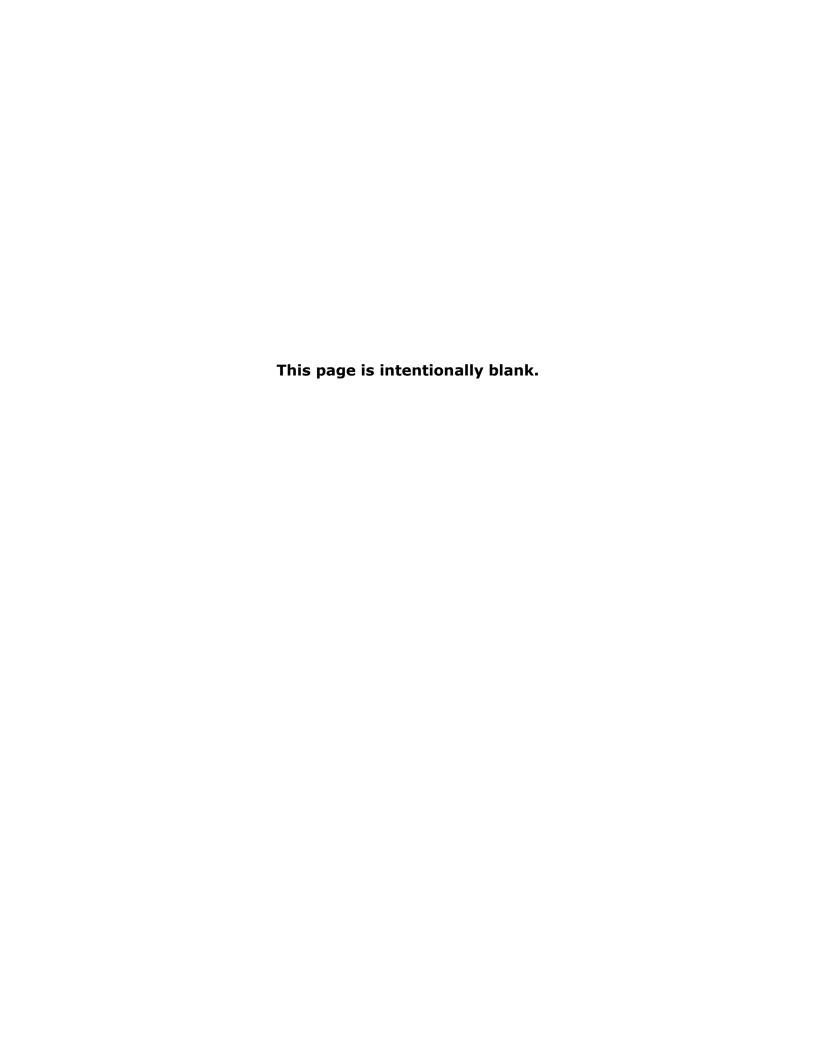
Lisa Kim
Assistant City Manager/ Community
& Economic Development Director

Anand Rao Information Technology Director

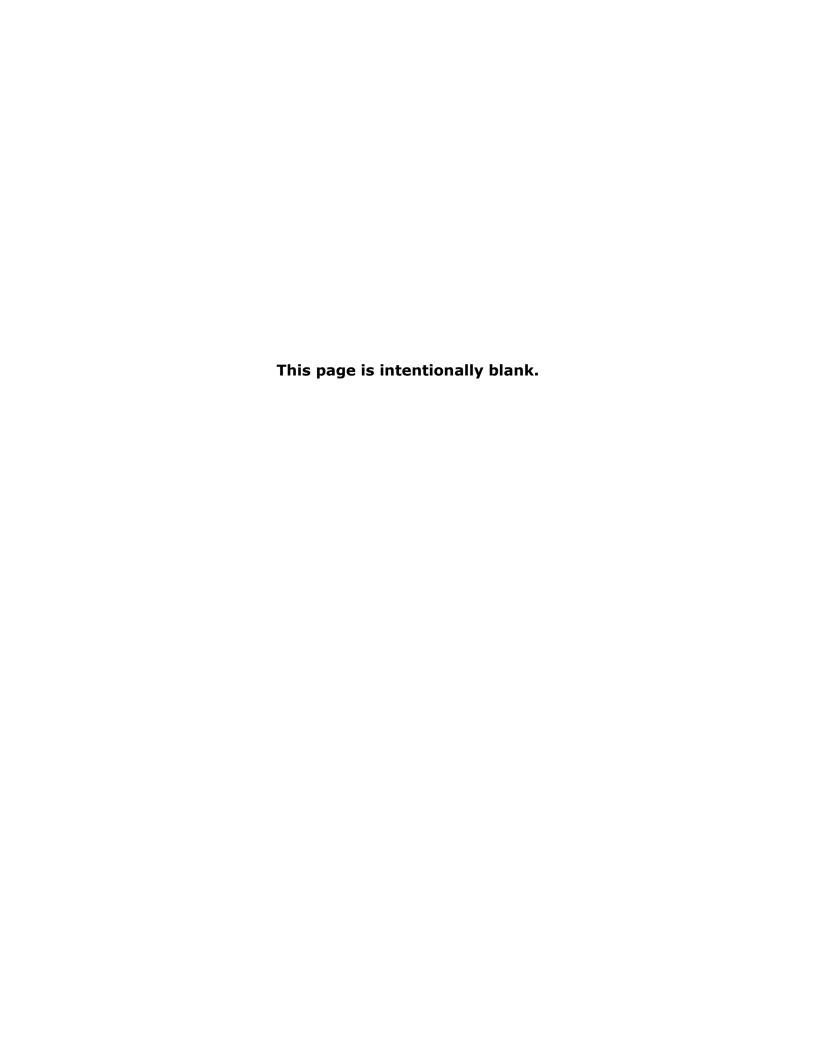
Laura Stover
Human Resources Director

Patricia Song Finance Director

Tom DaRéPolice Chief



Financial Section





Independent Auditor's Report

To the City Council City of Garden Grove, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Garden Grove, California (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Garden Grove, California, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 reflect certain prior period adjustments as described further in Note 17 to the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, certain budgetary comparison information, Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Pension Contributions and the Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB liability and Related Ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, certain budgetary comparison schedules, the introductory section and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and certain budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual

nonmajor fund financial statements and certain budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section and the statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 1, 2020 on our consideration of the City of Garden Grove's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Garden Grove's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

December 1, 2020

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Irvine, California

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The City of Garden Grove's Finance team has prepared this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, to assist users of this report to gain a better understanding of the City's financial health and history. The information presented here should be considered in conjunction with additional information furnished in the letter of transmittal and the accompanying financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The City of Garden Grove's financial statements prepared for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 comply with all applicable statements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Two major accounting changes took effect during Fiscal Year 2019-20, which had a major impact to the City's financial statement presentation:

- 1. Implicit rate subsidy was included in the City's Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, resulted in an increase in OPEB liability by \$27.6 million, among which \$24.4 million of the increase was reported in the governmental activities, and \$3.2 million in the business-type activities. Additional information on OPEB can be found in the *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Note 12)*.
- 2. The golf course operations was reclassified from governmental activities to business-type activities, resulted in a restatement to the beginning net position in the amount of \$3.6 million. Additional information on the restatement can be found in the *Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Note 17)*.

Government-Wide

- The City's total assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2020 by \$753.2 million (net position).
- The overall City's net position increased by \$8.9 million from the previous fiscal year primarily due to the improved cash position as the result of slowed down spending in light of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Total expenses for governmental activities were \$170.3 million for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The sources for these expenses came from program revenues of \$39.6 million, taxes in the amount of \$120.3 million, and other general revenue of \$10.7 million. For the current year, revenues from

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

governmental activities exceeded expenses by \$0.4 million, net against a beginning balance restatement of \$3.6 million, net position for governmental activities decreased by \$3.2 million from the previous year to \$582.8 million at June 30, 2020.

• For business-type activities, program revenues exceeded expenses by \$5.6 million. Among the total program revenue of \$91.6 million, \$54.2 million was from charges for services, and \$37.4 million from operating grants and contributions. Combined with investment earnings and other general revenues of \$2.8 million, and a restatement to the beginning balance in the amount of \$3.6 million, net position for business-type activities increased by \$12.1 million from the previous year to \$170.4 million at June 30, 2020.

Fund Based

- As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$147.8 million, an increase of \$13.1 million from the previous year. The net increase was primarily due to the positive operating result with current year's revenues exceeded expenditures by \$15.8 million.
- Among the total fund balance of \$147.8 million reported at the close of the fiscal year, \$82.7 million, or 55.9% are either non-spendable or restricted for specific purposes. The City also committed \$22.5 million for a Stability Reserve in the General Fund during the year. Please refer to Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Note 1) for additional information on the categorization of the governmental funds' fund balances.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to give users a broad overview of the City's finances, similar to a private-sector business. They present the financial picture of the City from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting.

There are two statements in the government-wide financial statements, the statement of net position, and the statement of activities. The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. The net difference between the total of assets and deferred outflows and the total of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of whether the City's financial position is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure assets. The statement of activities shows how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish between functions that are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The first function is identified in the statements as governmental activities, while the latter is reported as business-type activities.

Most of the City's basic services are reported in the governmental activities category, including fire, police, traffic safety, public right of way, community buildings, community services, economic development, parks and greenbelts, community planning and development, and municipal support functions. Property and sales taxes, transient occupancy tax, business licenses and permits, investment income, and state and federal grants finance these activities. The City operates its sewer utility through its component unit, the Garden Grove Sanitary District, and federal Section 8 housing program through another component unit, the Garden Grove Housing Authority. These activities are reported in the business-type activities category along with water utility and solid waste disposal services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this discussion in the Basic Financial Statements section.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a set of related accounts that is used to control resources that have been segregated to carry on specific activities or to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The City, like the state and other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All City funds are divided into one of three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, or fiduciary funds.

The governmental fund financial statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary and fiduciary activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help manage and report money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

Governmental funds

Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial* assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation schedule following each governmental fund financial statement. The governmental fund financial statements can be found in the *Basic Financial Statements* section of this report.

Proprietary funds

When the City charges customers for the services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units of the City – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net position and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position. The City's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The City uses internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities – such as the City's self-insured worker's compensation and risk management, fleet management, employee benefits, information systems, warehouse operation, and communication replacement funds. The internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the *Basic Financial Statements* section of this report.

Fiduciary funds

The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds held to account for activities reported in this category which includes the Successor Agency. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Notes to basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. They are presented immediately following the Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* on the City's budget process and the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule, the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

Combining and individual statements for non-major governmental and proprietary funds, internal service funds and the agency fiduciary fund are also presented in the *Supplementary Information* section of this report.

GOVERNMENT- WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

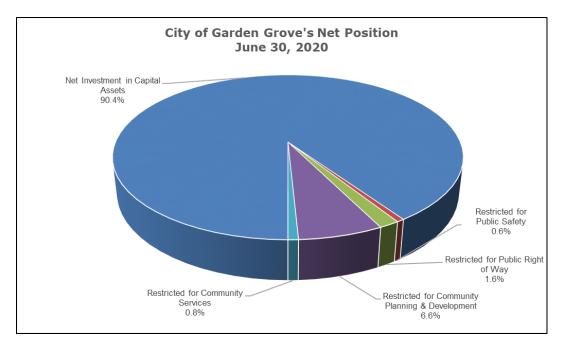
The government-wide financial analysis focus on the City's net position and changes in net position of the governmental and business-type activities during the fiscal year.

As noted earlier, the City's net position as a whole increased by \$8.9 million from the previous year. The enhanced financial position was due to positive operating result of the year. The government-wide net position reported \$753.2 million as of June 30, 2020.

Among the total net position, \$751.8 million were invested in capital assets, net of related debt. These capital assets are essential for City operations, which include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Net position invested in capital assets is not available for spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be liquidated to pay for the liabilities.

The remaining \$1.4 million of total government-wide net position are composed of \$72.5 million restricted funds and (\$71.1) million unrestricted. Net position may be restricted for capital projects, debt payments, and/or special programs such as public safety and public right of way.

The graph below illustrates the various components of the City's net position at fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

The schedule below is a condensed version of the City's statement of net position for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 with comparative data from the previous fiscal year:

City of Garden Grove's Net Position (in millions)

	Governmental activities		Business-ty	pe activities	Total	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$ 281.4	\$ 256.3	\$ 74.6	\$ 70.7	\$ 356.0	\$ 327.0
Capital assets	641.2	644.3	162.4	157.9	803.6	802.2
Total assets	922.6	900.6	237.0	228.6	1,159.6	1,129.2
Deferred charges on refunding	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Deferred OPEB related items	21.9	0.4	2.8	=	24.7	0.4
Deferred pension related items	32.4	40.3	3.9	4.9	36.3	45.2
Total deferred outflows	54.3	40.7	6.8	5.0	61.1	45.7
Long-term debt	73.2	73.0	29.6	31.9	102.8	104.9
Net OPEB liability	40.5	16.1	5.2	2.1	45.7	18.2
Net pension liability	261.3	245.4	30.6	30.6	291.9	276.0
Other liabilities	13.0	13.4	6.9	8.7	19.9	22.1
Total liabilities	388.0	347.9	72.3	73.3	460.3	421.2
Deferred unamortized gain on refunding	-	-	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Deferred OPEB related items	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.8
Deferred pension related items	5.3	6.7	0.9	1.7_	6.2	8.4
Total deferred inflows	6.1	7.4	1.2	2.0	7.3	9.4
Net investment in capital assets	619.1	621.2	132.7	125.8	751.8	747.0
Restricted	72.5	69.8	-	-	72.5	69.8
Unrestricted	(108.8)	(105.0)	37.7	32.5	(71.1)	(72.5)
Total net position	\$ 582.8	\$ 586.0	\$ 170.4	\$ 158.3	\$ 753.2	\$ 744.3

A condensed statement of change in net position with comparative amounts on revenues and expenses for the current and prior year is presented on the following page.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

City of Garden Grove's Changes in Net Position (in millions)

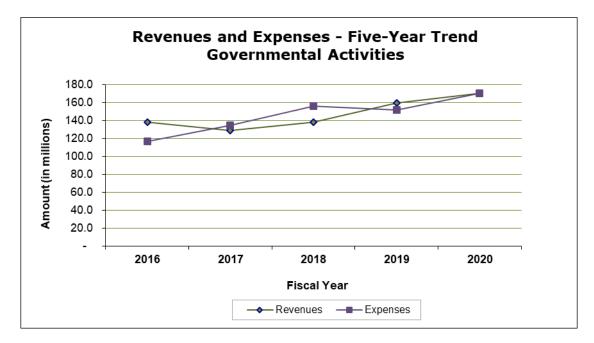
	Gover	nmental		Business-Type			
	Activities		Activities		Total		
	2020	2019		2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 14.5	\$ 17	7.1	\$ 54.2	\$ 51.0	\$ 68.7	\$ 68.1
Operating contributions and grants	22.1	2	1.6	37.4	34.4	59.5	56.0
Capital contributions and grants	3.0	;	3.7	-	-	3.0	3.7
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	50.8	49	9.3	-	-	50.8	49.3
Sales and use taxes	43.1	24	1.6	-	-	43.1	24.6
Transient occupancy taxes	18.8	26	3.3	-	-	18.8	26.3
Other taxes	7.6	8	3.4	-	-	7.6	8.4
Investment earnings	9.1	-	7.7	2.7	1.9	11.8	9.6
Other income	1.7	(8.0	0.2	0.2	1.9	1.0
Total revenues	170.7	159	9.5	94.5	87.5	265.2	247.0
Expenses:							
Public safety - Fire	32.9	2	7.1	-	-	32.9	27.1
Public safety - Police	76.2	63	3.0	-	-	76.2	63.0
Traffic safety	5.7		5.2	-	-	5.7	5.2
Public right of way	17.5	19	9.1	-	-	17.5	19.1
Community buildings & drainage	6.2	(6.6	-	-	6.2	6.0
Parks & community services	8.5	8	3.0	-	-	8.5	8.0
Community & economic development	12.3	1	1.5	-	-	12.3	11.5
Municipal support	9.9	10	8.0	-	-	9.9	10.8
Water utility	-	-		37.9	34.0	37.9	34.0
Sewer utility	-	-		7.4	7.8	7.4	7.8
Solid waste disposal	-	-		2.1	1.8	2.1	1.8
Housing program	-	-		37.1	34.2	37.1	34.2
Golf course	-	-		1.5	-	1.5	-
Interest on long-term debt	1.1		1.0			1.1	1.0
Total Expenses	170.3	15	1.7	86.0	77.8	256.3	229.5
Income (loss) before transfers	0.4	-	7.8	8.5	9.7	8.9	17.5
Transfers	-		1.0	-	(1.0)	-	-
Change in net position	0.4		3.8	8.5	8.7	8.9	17.5
Net position - beginning of year	586.0	576	5.9	158.3	149.6	744.3	726.5
Restatement	(3.6)	(0.3	3.6			0.3
Net position - end of year	\$ 582.8	\$ 586	6.6	\$ 170.4	\$ 158.3	\$ 753.2	\$ 744.3

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

Governmental Activities

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$753.1 million. This amount consists of the beginning net position of \$582.4 million, which includes a restatement of \$(3.6) million, program revenues of \$39.6 million and general revenues of \$131.1 million. Total uses in governmental activities during the year totaled \$170.3 million. Accordingly, the net position for governmental activities decreased by \$3.2 million and ended at \$582.8 million as of June 30, 2020.

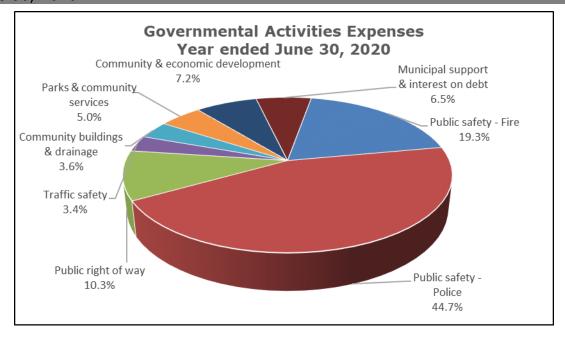
The chart below presents governmental activity revenues and expenses for the past five years. Transfers and extraordinary items were not included in the revenues and expenses.



Total revenues from governmental activities was slightly higher than total expenses for year by \$0.4 million. With the restatement of \$3.6 million related to reclassifying the City's golf course operations from governmental activities to business-type activities, overall governmental activities' net position decreased by \$3.2 million.

Total cost of governmental activities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was \$170.3 million, including \$1.1 million in interest expense. A total of \$109.1 million, or 64.1% was for providing public safety services. The chart on next page shows a breakdown of the cost of each major municipal function.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

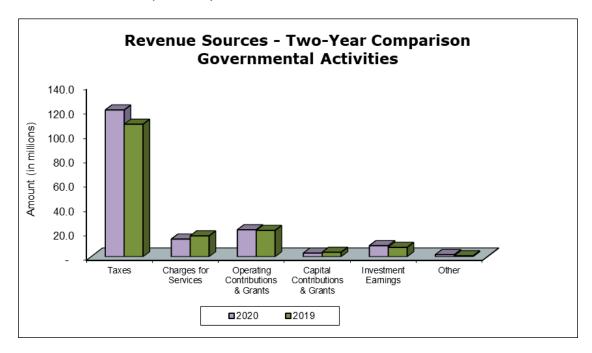


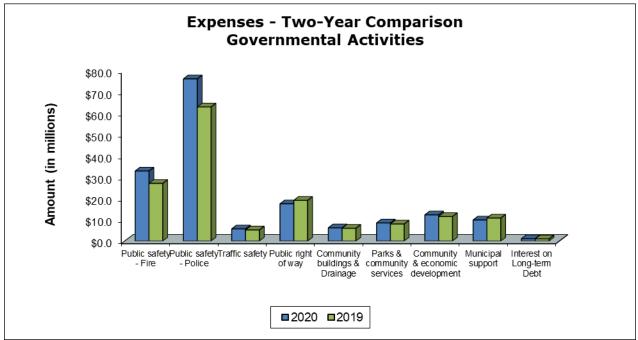
The public safety function (police and fire) is primarily funded by property taxes, sales tax, transient occupancy tax, and other general revenues. Traffic safety, public right of way, community buildings and drainage programs are responsible for maintenance and construction of transportation system as well as city facilities, with funding provided by gas tax, Measure M2, various federal, state and local grants, special assessment, as well as other general revenues. The funding source for parks and community services is primarily general revenues and some program fees. Community and economic development functions are funded by development related revenues as well as general revenues such as taxes, fees and investment income. Municipal support services (administration, legal, human resources, financial, and information technology) are primarily funded by charges to the direct operating functions they support through a cost allocation program.

Of the total cost of the governmental activities, the amount the taxpayers ultimately funded was \$120.3 million, the remaining balance was paid by various program revenues, including \$14.5 million by those who directly benefited from the programs, \$22.1 million from other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with operating grants and contributions, and \$3.0 million from capital grants and contributions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

The following two charts illustrate the total revenue and expense for the governmental activities, excluding transfers for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 respectively.





Highlights of the major revenue sources and expenses for governmental activities are listed below:

 Program revenues represent 23.2% of total revenues generated by governmental activities. Total program revenues for governmental activities in the current year

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

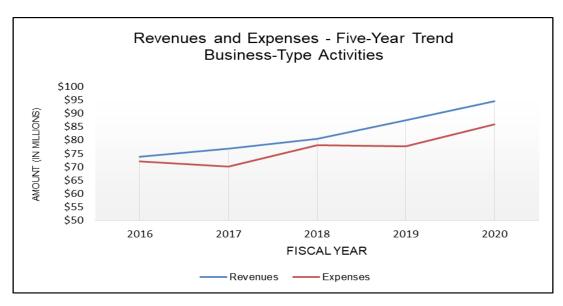
were \$39.6 million, a decrease of \$2.8 million from the previous year, primarily due to the decreased charges for services as a result of the pandemic.

- Taxes comprised 70.5% of the total revenues from governmental activities. Total tax revenues were \$120.3 million for the current year, an increase of \$11.7 million, or 10.8% from the previous year. This increase was attributable to the Measure O, this one-cent local sales tax measure generated \$20.0 million in Fiscal Year 2019-20. Property tax revenue represents 42.2% of total taxes, and transient occupancy tax revenue contributed \$18.8 million during the year. This was a decrease of \$7.5 million from the previous year as the result of the pandemic. The remaining \$7.6 were comprised of franchise tax, business operations tax, and motor vehicle taxes.
- Total governmental expenses was \$170.3 million, reflected an increase of \$18.6 million from the prior year. With the passage of Measure O, the City reinstated various programs and began filling vacant positions that resulted from FY 2018-19 budget reductions. Additionally, a total 18 police positions were added, and various economic development initiatives were implemented during the year.

Business-Type Activities

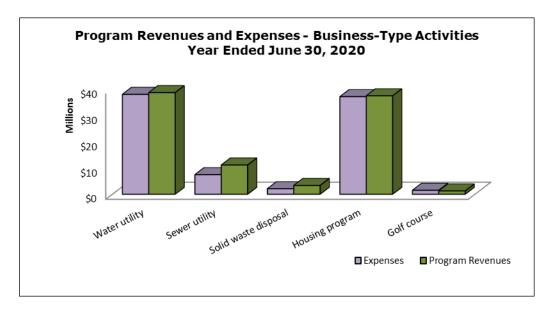
The City's net position in the business-type activities increased by \$8.5 million. Primary contributors to the increase was the \$3.2 million increase in revenues from charges for services and \$3.0 million in operating contributions and grants. The overall net position reported in the business-type activities was \$170.4 million as of June 30, 2020.

The chart below presents revenues and expenses in the business-type activities for the past five years, excluding transfers and extraordinary items.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

The graph below shows the expenses of each business-type function compared to the program revenues generated specifically from its operations.



Total expenses of all business-type activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were \$86.0 million, an increase of \$8.2 million from the previous year. The largest increase was in the Water Utility, due to a change in State regulation on Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) and Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS). As the result of the new regulation, two of the City's eleven wells were temporally suspended from water production. To continue supply water to the community, the Water Utility had to increase the amount of imported water at a higher cost. As shown in the statement of activities, the amount paid by users of the systems was \$54.2 million, reported as charge for services. Revenues from operating grants and contributions were \$37.4 million, for the City's Housing Section 8 program. Total program revenue reported for the year was \$91.6 million.

Total resources available during the year to finance business type activities were \$256.4 million. This amount consists of net position at July 1, 2019 in the amount of \$158.3 million, total revenues of \$94.5 million, and a restatement to the beginning balance of net position in the amount of \$3.6 million due to the reclassification of the golf course operations from governmental activities. After funding total expenses of \$86.0 million, net position for business-type activities increased by \$8.5 million to \$170.4 million at June 30, 2020.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

General Fund

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. Fund balance increased by \$15.2 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, with an ending balance of \$82.3 million.

Below is a three-year trend analysis on the fund balance of the General Fund. For additional information, please refer to the *Notes to Basic Financial Statements*.

City of Garden Grove's General Fund Fund Balance Three-Year Trend Information (in millions)

	FY 2019-20		FY 2018-19		FY 2	2017-18
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable	\$	14.4	\$	12.8	\$	13.5
Restricted		5.0		3.8		3.1
Committed		22.5		-		-
Assigned		3.2		3.1		3.7
Unassigned		37.2		47.4		29.4
Total Fund Balance	\$	82.3	\$	67.1	\$	49.7
Fund Balance - Beginning	\$	67.1	\$	49.7	\$	39.9
Excess revenues over expenditures		15.2		17.1		5.5
Transfers		(0.9)		0.3		1.8
Gain on sale of capital assets		0.9		-		-
Special items		-		-		2.5
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	82.3	\$	67.1	\$	49.7

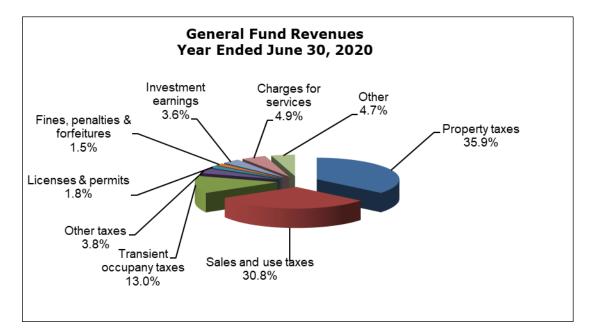
For fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, operating revenues exceeded expenditures by \$15.2 million. The positive operating results was primarily due to enhanced revenue base with the passage of a local sales tax measure, Measure O, which brought in an additional 1% of sales tax to the City, combined with effective cost containment measures implemented when COVID-19 pandemic broke out. Fiscal Year 2019-20 was the first full year since Measure O became effective, a total of \$20.0 million in Measure O sales tax revenue was reported in the current year.

Overall General Fund revenues increased by \$10.3 million or 7.9%, comparing to the previous year. Due to the pandemic, transient occupancy tax revenue decreased by \$7.5 million from the previous year, this represented a 28.5% reduction. With the help from Measure O revenue, as well as enhanced property tax revenue, overall revenue saw an increase for the year. Property tax continued to be the largest tax revenue source for the City, reported \$50.3 million for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, representing a 2.2% increase from the prior year. The increase is largely due to enhanced assessed value of overall taxable properties within the City. Sales tax went up by 13.8 million, or 30.8% from the previous year, a direct contribution from the 1 cent Measure O local tax.

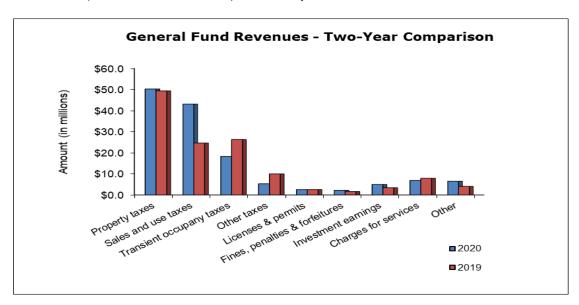
Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

Other taxes including business license tax, franchise taxes, and motor vehicle in lieu taxes maintained at the same level with the previous year.

The graph below illustrates General Fund revenues by major sources:



A two-year comparison of each General Fund revenue source for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 is presented below:

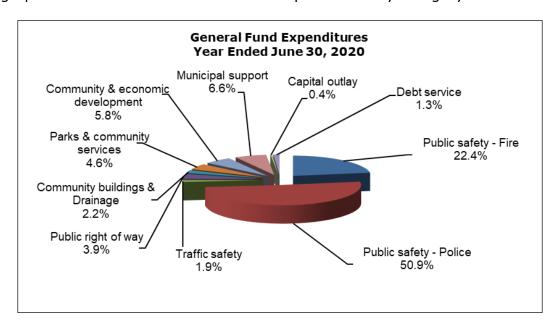


Overall General Fund expenditures increased by \$12.2 million compared to the previous year. The largest increase was in the public safety sector. The City transitioned its fire protection service to the Orange County Fire Authority in August 2019. With additional emergency medical services, the overall public safety – fire increased by \$3.7 million, or 15.1% comparing to the prior year. Additionally, with

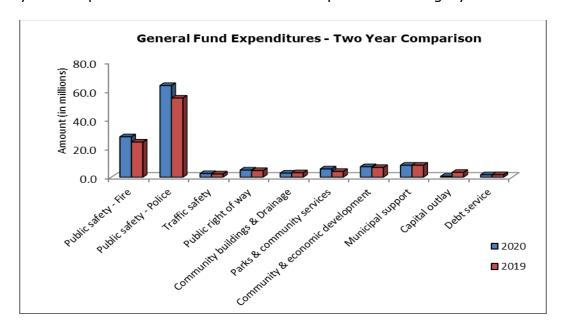
Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

the passage of Measure O in November 2018, the City enhanced staffing levels for its police workforce, and added 11 sworn positions and 7 non-sworn police positions during the years, resulted in \$8.7 million, or 15.8% increase in cost comparing to last year.

The graph below illustrates General Fund expenditures by category:



A two-year comparison of each General Fund expenditure category is shown below:



Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

Other Major Governmental Fund

The Housing Successor Agency capital project fund reported a fund balance of \$20.5 million as of June 30, 2020, reflecting a slight decrease of \$1.8 million primarily due to a transfer out to the General Fund as the result of a land swap. The land swap was necessary for the Housing Successor Agency to stay compliant with certain Health and Safety codes. The majority of the fund balance of the Housing Successor Agency fund reflected an amount due from the Successor Agency for \$10.2 million, and long-term receivables from various housing organizations in the amount of \$5.7 million as of June 30, 2020.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The capital assets of the City are those assets which are used in the performance of the City's functions including infrastructure assets, buildings and facilities, furniture, machinery and equipment, land, and construction in progress. At June 30, 2020, net capital assets totaled \$641.2 million for the governmental activities, and \$162.3 million for the business-type activities respectively. Depreciation on capital assets is recognized in the government-wide financial statements. Please refer to *Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Note 7)* for additional information.

The table below presents comparative summary information on the City's capital assets:

City of Garden Grove's Capital Assets Net of Depreciation (in millions)

	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Land	\$413.0	\$416.2	\$ 5.1	\$ 2.0	\$418.1	\$418.2	
Streets	155.0	158.1	-	-	155.0	158.1	
Storm drainage	26.6	22.8	-	-	26.6	22.8	
Water system	-	-	90.2	87.7	90.2	87.7	
Sewer system	-	-	66.0	63.8	66.0	63.8	
Buildings and improvements	26.2	27.7	0.3	0.3	26.5	28.0	
Furniture, machinery & equipment	15.0	15.2	0.2	0.2	15.2	15.4	
Construction in progress	5.4	4.3	0.5	3.8	5.9	8.1	
Total Capital Assets	\$641.2	\$644.3	\$162.3	\$157.8	\$803.5	\$802.1	

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The City continued its efforts to reduce its long-term debt obligation. In addition to steadily paying down its outstanding long term obligations, the City implemented a Pension Funding Policy in August 2019 to proactively and effectively manage its unfunded pension liability. An IRC Section 115 Trust was established in November 2019 accordingly.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

In November 2020, the City refunded its 2010 Water Revenues Bonds, and realized a net present value savings of \$1.6 million, or 15.3% of the refunded debt.

The schedule of outstanding long-term debt with comparative amounts for the previous fiscal year is presented below. For additional information on the City's long-term debt, please refer to *Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Note 8)*.

City of Garden Grove's Outstanding Debt (in millions)

	Governmental Activities			ss-type vities	Total		
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	
Lease payable	\$ 22.3	\$ 22.7	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22.3	\$ 22.7	
Capital leases payable	0.2	0.4	-	-	0.2	0.4	
Revenue bonds	-	-	24.4	25.7	24.4	25.7	
Certificates of participation	-	-	3.8	4.7	3.8	4.7	
Unamortized bond premium	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.5	2.7	2.9	
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ 23.8	\$ 24.5	\$ 29.6	\$ 31.9	\$ 53.4	\$ 56.4	

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund appropriations were originally adopted at \$127.8 million for Fiscal Year 2019-20, excluding net transfer to other funds of \$3.1 million. Final appropriations were increased by \$10.6 million to \$138.4 million. Among the budgetary increase, \$5.2 million was due to appropriations carried over from the prior year, primarily for the Tourist Improvement District capital improvement project and various transit projects. The remaining increase of \$5.4 million was supplemental budget amendments approved by the City Council throughout the year, including two additional Community Services Officer positions for the Police Department, one Administrative Analyst position for the City's administrative citation program, and various vehicles and equipment for the added positions.

Below is a summary of changes made to the adopted budget:

Original Budget	\$ 127,810,999
Carryover Appropriations	5,207,618
Supplemental Changes	5,351,939
Final Budget	\$ 138,370,556

At June 30, 2020, the City's General Fund concluded the fiscal year with a net favorable variance of \$16.0 million. The net favorable variance was the result of an unfavorable variance of \$0.6 million in revenues, budget savings in expenditures in the amount of \$13.5 million, and a reduction in net outgoing transfer of \$3.1 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2020

Table below shows the budget variance in each category, revenue, expenditure and transfers:

City of Garden Grove Budget to Actual Comparison (in millions)

					Transfer &		Вι	ıdget
	Revenue		Expenditure		Other Sources		Va	riance
Final Budget	\$	140.7	\$	138.4	\$	(3.1)		
Actual		140.1		124.9		-		
Favorable/(Unfavorable) Budget Variance	\$	(0.6)	\$	13.5	\$	3.1	\$	16.0

Revenue came in slightly lower than anticipated despite the significant increase in sales tax due to Measure O, and the higher than expected property tax due to increased assessed value. The pandemic caused the City's transient occupancy tax to plunge by 30.5%, and revenue from other taxes also underperformed due to less activities.

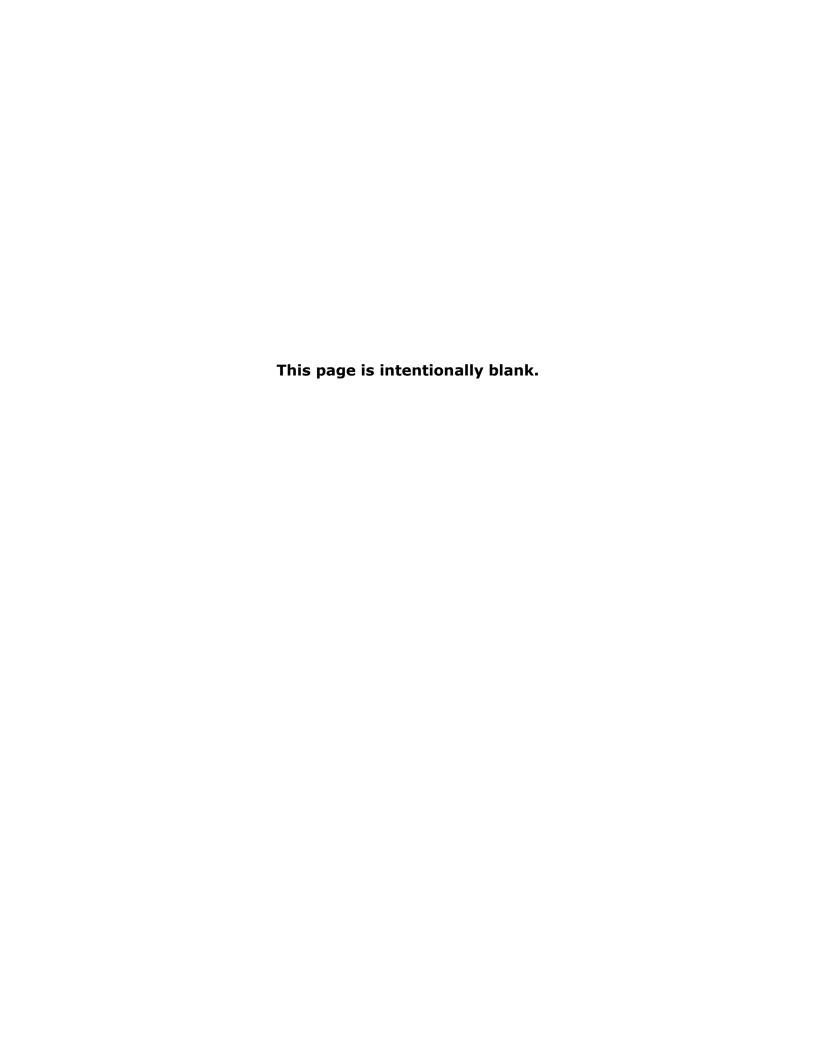
On the expenditure side, a favorable variance of \$13.5 million was realized primarily due to the various cost containment measure placed in the beginning of the pandemic. These measures included hiring freeze, suspension of all non-essential travel and training, deferral of equipment and capital purchases, and reduction in employee personal equipment needs.

Net transfer and other financing sources had a favorable variance of \$3.1 million, due to a combination of proceeds from sale of asset in the amount of \$0.8 million, and a transfer-in to the General Fund from the Housing Successor Agency as the result of a land swap transaction in the amount of \$2.3 million.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, please contact the City of Garden Grove's Finance Department at 11222 Acacia Parkway, Garden Grove, California, 92840, phone number 714-741-5060, or e-mail finance@ggcity.gov.

Basic Financial Statements



CITY OF GARDEN GROVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

		Primary Government			
	G	overnmental	Business-ty	ре	
		Activities	Activities		Total
ASSETS		200 010 776	+ 75.250.4	45 ±	205 077 424
Cash and investments	\$	209,818,776	\$ 75,258,6	545 \$	285,077,421
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		1,564,125	702,2	182	2,266,407
Cash and investments with		1,304,123	702,2	.02	2,200,407
pension trust		661,578			661,578
Taxes receivable		9,704,774	94,6	59	9,799,433
Accounts receivable		2,634,317	7,627,3		10,261,641
Interest receivable		874,282	302,2		1,176,573
Intergovernmental receivable		2,977,977	502/2		2,977,977
Internal balances		9,450,242	(9,450,2	(42)	-,,
Inventory		455,943	8,7		464,677
Deposits and prepaid items		448,106	108,1		556,215
Notes receivable, net		29,763,808		641	29,768,449
Due from Successor Agency		10,154,260	,		10,154,260
Land held for resale		2,819,063			2,819,063
Prepaid bond insurance costs		103,077			103,077
Capital assets:		,			•
Land		412,953,682	5,142,5	500	418,096,182
Construction in progress		5,424,001	479,9		5,903,980
Depreciable capital assets, net		222,801,411	156,744,5	518	379,545,929
Total assets		922,609,422	237,023,4	40_	1,159,632,862
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					_
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt		_	51,9	65	51,965
OPEB related items		21,948,686	2,845,2		24,793,887
Pension related items		32,367,820	3,936,5		36,304,331
Total deferred outflows		54,316,506	6,833,6		61,150,183
LIABILITIES					<u> </u>
Accounts payable		5,541,472	4,961,8	060	10 502 240
Accrued liabilities		2,897,999	532,5		10,503,340 3,430,514
Refundable deposits		3,577,916	931,4		4,509,352
Interest payable		339,114	54,5		393,650
Unearned revenue		666,852	397,4		1,064,281
Noncurrent liabilities:		000,032	337,	2	1,001,201
Due within one year		15,624,400	2,425,6	86	18,050,086
Due in more than one year		57,555,446	27,150,4		84,705,942
OPEB Liability		40,544,493	5,212,5		45,756,997
Net pension liability		261,269,426	30,629,1		291,898,578
Total liabilities		388,017,118	72,295,6	522	460,312,740
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unamortized gain on refunding of debt		-	171,8	35	171,835
OPEB related items		812,666	105,3	847	918,013
Pension related items		5,320,968	888,3	848	6,209,316
Total deferred inflows		6,133,634	1,165,5	30	7,299,164
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		619,137,650	132,670,9	45	751,808,595
Restricted for:					
Public safety		4,409,264			4,409,264
Public right of way		11,877,880			11,877,880
Drainage		75,654			75,654
Community planning and development		49,951,370			49,951,370
Community services		6,009,183			6,009,183
Municipal support and services		147,054			147,054
Unrestricted		(108,832,879)	37,725,0	20	(71,107,859)
Total net position	\$	582,775,176	\$ 170,395,9	65 \$	753,171,141

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			Program Revenue
			Operating
		Charges for	Grants and
<u>Functions/programs</u>	Expenses	Services	Contributions
Governmental activities:			
Fire	\$ 32,910,12	3 \$ 697,493	\$ 268,092
Police	76,175,91	3,469,476	3,290,879
Traffic safety	5,733,49	0 1,352,079	160,393
Public right of way	17,499,25	5 362,081	13,629,543
Drainage	1,396,25	7 -	-
Community buildings	4,801,89	9 507,792	34,129
Community services	6,267,67	2 761,303	-
Economic development	2,949,77	6 -	95,485
Parks and greenbelts	2,190,18	9 776,452	80,982
Community planning and			
development	9,351,95	7 3,274,674	3,966,149
Municipal support	9,914,05	3,256,388	599,459
Interest on long term debt	1,112,27	-	-
Total governmental activities	170,302,86	4 14,457,738	22,125,111
Business-type activities:			
Water utility	37,936,90	5 38,575,303	-
Sewage collection	7,419,61	6 11,086,512	-
Housing authority	37,037,80 ₀	4 -	37,376,137
Solid waste disposal	2,090,28	4 3,326,871	-
Golf course	1,478,75	2 1,242,980	=
Total business-type activities	85,963,36	54,231,666	37,376,137
Total	\$ 256,266,22	5 \$ 68,689,404	\$ 59,501,248

General revenues:

Taxes:

Sales taxes

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Franchise taxes

Business operation taxes

Transient occupancy taxes

Motor vehicle taxes, unrestricted

Investment income

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of year, as restated

Net position, end of year

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total					
\$ -	\$ (31,944,538)	\$ -	\$ (31,944,538)					
884,508	(68,531,047)	-	(68,531,047)					
573,646	(3,647,372)	-	(3,647,372)					
-	(3,507,631)	-	(3,507,631)					
67,083	(1,329,174)	-	(1,329,174)					
-	(4,259,978)	-	(4,259,978)					
-	(5,506,369)	-	(5,506,369)					
-	(2,854,291)	-	(2,854,291)					
1,510,789	178,034	-	178,034					
-	(2,111,134)	-	(2,111,134)					
-	(6,058,211)	-	(6,058,211)					
	(1,112,278)		(1,112,278)					
3,036,026	(130,683,989)		(130,683,989)					
-	-	638,398	638,398					
-	-	3,666,896	3,666,896					
-	-	338,333	338,333					
-	-	1,236,587	1,236,587					
		(235,772)	(235,772)					
-	<u> </u>	5,644,442	5,644,442					
\$ 3,036,026	(130,683,989)	5,644,442	(125,039,547)					
	43,122,113	-	43,122,113					
	50,764,849	-	50,764,849					
	2,414,897	-	2,414,897					
	5,044,630	-	5,044,630					
	18,828,258	-	18,828,258					
	138,627	-	138,627					
	9,066,608	2,657,998	11,724,606					
	1,672,183	203,392	1,875,575					
	50,000	(50,000)						
	131,102,165	2,811,390	133,913,555					
	418,176	8,455,832	8,874,008					
	582,357,000	161,940,133	744,297,133					
	\$ 582,775,176	\$ 170,395,965	\$ 753,171,141					

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Housing Successor						
			Agency		Nonmajor			Total
		General	Ca	pital Project	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
ASSETS		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Cash and cash investments	\$	67,308,538	\$	4,156,869	\$	25,832,222	\$	97,297,629
Cash and cash investments with fiscal agents		-		-		1,564,125		1,564,125
Cash and investments with pension trust		661,578		-		-		661,578
Taxes receivable		9,029,964		-		674,810		9,704,774
Accounts receivable		1,897,631		-		633,894		2,531,525
Interest receivable		578,263		14,459		83,961		676,683
Intergovernmental receivable		-		-		2,977,977		2,977,977
Intercity loans receivable, net		12,101,948		-		-		12,101,948
Due from other funds		7,500		-		-		7,500
Due from Successor Agency		-		10,154,260		-		10,154,260
Deposits and prepaid items		40,510		-		194,609		235,119
Notes receivable, net		2,311,570		5,680,230		21,772,008		29,763,808
Land held for resale		2,300,000		519,063		-		2,819,063
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	96,237,502	\$	20,524,881	\$	53,733,606	\$	170,495,989
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	S, AND FUN	ID BALANCES						
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,320,877	\$	30,795	\$	2,955,018	\$	4,306,690
Accrued liabilities		1,918,665		1,083		557,386		2,477,134
Refundable deposits		3,577,916		-		-		3,577,916
Intercity loan payable		2,553,273		-		-		2,553,273
Unearned revenue		617,600		-		49,252		666,852
Due to other funds		1,982,515		1,082		2,577,593		4,561,190
Total liabilities		11,970,846		32,960		6,139,249		18,143,055
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue		1,936,583		-		2,604,476		4,541,059
Total Deferred inflows		1,936,583		-		2,604,476		4,541,059
Fund balances:								
Non-Spendable: Intercity loan		12,101,948						12,101,948
Prepaid items		40,510				194,609		235,119
Land held for resale		2,300,000		_		154,005		2,300,000
Restricted:		2,300,000						2,300,000
Public safety		90,596		_		4,103,013		4,193,609
Public right of way		280		_		10,355,543		10,355,823
Drainage		-		_		75,654		75,654
Community planning and development		4,038,776		20,491,921		24,479,009		49,009,706
Community services		176,535		· · ·		5,841,350		6,017,885
Municipal support and services		56,758		-		-		56,758
Pension trust		661,578		-		-		661,578
Committed:								
Stability reserve		22,500,000		-		-		22,500,000
Assigned:								
Post-employment benefits		1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000
Property tax lawsuit		500,000		-		-		500,000
Building improvements		1,300,000		-		-		1,300,000
General plan		357,236		-		-		357,236
Unassigned	_	37,205,856			_	(59,297)		37,146,559
Total fund balances	_	82,330,073		20,491,921		44,989,881		147,811,875
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and								
fund balances	\$	96,237,502	\$	20,524,881	\$	53,733,606	\$	170,495,989

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Fund balances - total governmental funds (page 26)	\$ 147,811,875
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.	
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	963,126,199 (335,350,722)
Certain notes, grants, and accounts receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and therefore are offset by deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.	4,541,059
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of various city activities to individual governmental and business-like funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	72,195,069
The issuance of long term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long term debt and related items.	. 5,200,000
Bonds payable Bond premium Capital lease payable Prepaid bond issuance costs Accrued interest payable	(22,260,000) (1,341,028) (4,621) 103,077 (339,075)
The OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the balance sheet of the governmental funds. Also, deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB costs are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of the treatment of OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources from OPEB contributions.	(18,651,974)
The pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the balance sheet of the governmental funds. Also, deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension costs are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of the treatment of net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources from pension contributions and deferred inflows of resources for the net difference between	
projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.	(227,054,683)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 582,775,176

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Housing Suggestion					
		Housing Successo Agency	r Nonmajor	Total		
	General	Capital Project	Governmental	Governmental		
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds		
REVENUES:		-				
Taxes	\$ 116,998,382	\$ -	\$ 2,854,602	\$ 119,852,984		
Licenses and permits	2,576,315	-	70,282	2,646,597		
Fines, forfeits and penalties	2,192,274	-	964,493	3,156,767		
Investment earnings	4,983,917	257,419	1,160,409	6,401,745		
Charges for current services	6,850,280	-	4,330,297	11,180,577		
From other agencies	2,199,652	-	15,684,071	17,883,723		
Other revenues	4,326,611		59,834	4,386,445		
Total revenues	140,127,431	257,419	25,123,988	165,508,838		
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Fire	27,974,934	-	-	27,974,934		
Police	63,552,625	-	1,217,722	64,770,347		
Traffic safety	2,444,723	-	2,025,972	4,470,695		
Public right of way	4,918,691	-	2,236,786	7,155,477		
Community buildings	2,780,717	-	-	2,780,717		
Community services	4,328,159	-	1,005,166	5,333,325		
Economic development	1,146,165	-	1,803,611	2,949,776		
Parks and greenbelts	1,335,268	-	721,634	2,056,902		
Community planning and development	6,055,605	160,971	1,913,530	8,130,106		
Municipal support	8,220,207	31,491	215,129	8,466,827		
Capital outlay:						
Police	8,848	-	52,990	61,838		
Traffic safety	-	-	16,978	16,978		
Public right of way	506,934	-	13,031,585	13,538,519		
Drainage	-	-	52,154	52,154		
Community buildings	-	-	28,370	28,370		
Community services	6,000	-	5,977	11,977		
Parks and greenbelts	-	-	311,120	311,120		
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	495,034	-	-	495,034		
Interest	1,136,795	-	-	1,136,795		
Total expenditures	124,910,705	192,462	24,638,724	149,741,891		
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures	15,216,726	64,957	485,264	15,766,947		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	3,576,491	475,000	329,092	4,380,583		
Transfers out	(4,454,092)	(2,300,000)	(603,332)	(7,357,424)		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	873,620	-	-	873,620		
Total other financing (uses)	(3,981)	(1,825,000)	(274,240)	(2,103,221)		
Net change in fund balances	15,212,745	(1,760,043)	211,024	13,663,726		
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	67,117,328	22,251,964	44,778,857	134,148,149		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 82,330,073	\$ 20,491,921	\$ 44,989,881	\$ 147,811,875		

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 28)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their	
estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expenses exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	
Capital outlay	140

Capital outlay	14,020,956
Depreciation expense	(14,261,997)
Disposition of capital assets	(192,801)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Bond principal payment	465,000
Capital lease principal payments	30,961
Change in accrued interest	7,776
Other debt related items	50,759

Some revenues in statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

3,245,563

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as workers compensation, fleet management, employee benefits, telephones, information systems, risk management and warehouse operations to individual funds. The net expenses of these internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.

8,436,991

\$ 13,663,726

OPEB costs do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

(2,806,086)

Pension costs do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

(22,242,672)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 418,176

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

			iness-Type Activ - Enterprise Fund			Governmental Activities -
	Water	Sewage	Housing	Total Nonmajor	Total Enterprise	Internal Service
ASSETS	Utility	Collection	Authority	Funds	Funds	Funds
Current Assets:						
Cash and cash investments	\$ 19,219,026	\$ 44,653,009	\$ 1,624,367	\$ 9,762,243	\$ 75,258,645	\$ 112,521,147
Cash and cash investments with fiscal agents	702,282	¥ 44,055,005	Ψ 1,024,507	\$ 5,702,245 -	702,282	Ψ 112,521,147
Taxes receivable	702,202	42,339	_	52,320	94,659	
Accounts receivable	5,944,721	1,494,138	6,058	182,407	7,627,324	102,79
Interest receivable	81,128	179,826	3,519	37,818	302,291	197,59
Due from other funds	01,120	179,020	3,319	37,010	302,291	
Inventory	-	•	-	8,734	8,734	5,020,27 455,94
	1.062	20.265	21 140		,	
Prepaid items	1,863	20,365	21,149	51,413	94,790	211,26
Total current assets Noncurrent assets:	25,949,020	46,389,677	1,655,093	10,094,935	84,088,725	118,509,02
			12.210		12.210	4.70
Deposits	-	-	13,319	-	13,319	1,72
Intercity loans receivable, net	-	-	-	-	-	4,956,30
Notes receivable	-	4,641	-	-	4,641	-
Capital assets:						
Land	1,471,805	537,984	-	3,132,711	5,142,500	-
Construction in progress	22,885	457,094	-	-	479,979	384,19
Depreciable capital assets, net	90,606,576	66,119,495	18,447		156,744,518	13,019,42
Total noncurrent assets	92,101,266	67,119,214	31,766	3,132,711	162,384,957	18,361,64
Total assets	118,050,286	113,508,891	1,686,859	13,227,646	246,473,682	136,870,66
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt	51,965	-	-	-	51,965	-
OPEB related items	1,815,509	325,166	514,846	189,680	2,845,201	948,40
Pension related items	1,970,766	1,016,765	749,393	199,587	3,936,511	1,023,04
Total deferred outflows	3,838,240	1,341,931	1,264,239	389,267	6,833,677	1,971,44
IABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	3,834,424	1,009,907	59,226	58,311	4,961,868	1,234,78
Accrued liabilities	198,325	176,645	71,085	86,460	532,515	420,86
Refundable deposits	502,038	170,043	263,898	165,500	931,436	420,60
		25 404	203,696	103,300		-
Interest payable	29,052	25,484			54,536	3
Unearned revenue	-	-	397,429	-	397,429	-
Due to other funds	182,795	79,119	61,993	18,426	342,333	108,80
Current portion of long-term obligations						
Capital leases	-	-	-	-	-	112,26
Accrued compensated absences	-	-	-	-	-	7,582,23
Claims payable	-	-	-	-	-	7,381,83
Long-term debt	1,763,230	662,456			2,425,686	
otal current liabilities	6,509,864	1,953,611	853,631	328,697	9,645,803	16,840,83
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:						
Capital leases	-	-	-	-	-	113,03
Accrued compensated absences	-	-	-	-	-	234,50
Claims payable	-	-	-	-	-	34,150,31
Intercity loans payable	12,101,948	-	-	-	12,101,948	2,403,03
Long-term debt	12,904,692	14,245,804	-	-	27,150,496	-,:,05
Net pension liability	15,334,110	7,911,229	5,830,868	1,552,945	30,629,152	7,960,06
OPEB liability	3,230,108	661,304	970,883	350,209	5,212,504	1,669,78
Total noncurrent liabilities	43,570,858	22,818,337	6,801,751	1,903,154	75,094,100	46,530,74
rotal nonearche nabilities	43,370,030	22,010,337	0,001,731	1,505,154	75,054,100	40,550,74
Total liabilities	50,080,722	24,771,948	7,655,382	2,231,851	84,739,903	63,371,57
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unamortized gain on refunding of debt	_	171,835	_	_	171,835	_
OPEB related items	67 221		10.062	7 022		25 11
Pension related items	67,221	12,040 229,452	19,063	7,023 45,041	105,347 888,348	35,11 230,86
rension related items Total deferred inflows	444,740 511,961	413,327	169,115	52,064		230,86
	211,901	413,32/	188,178	52,064	1,165,530	200,98
NET POSITION	77 405 000	F2 02: 17:	40	2 422 =	122 676 215	40
Net investment in capital assets	77,485,309	52,034,478	18,447	3,132,711	132,670,945	13,178,31
Inrestricted	(6,189,466)	37,631,069	(4,910,909)	8,200,287	34,730,981	62,026,24
Total net position	\$ 71,295,843	\$ 89,665,547	\$ (4,892,462)	\$ 11,332,998	167,401,926	\$ 75,204,55
djustment to reflect the consolidation of internal	service fund activitie	c related to enterpris	a funds		2,994,039	
let position of business-type activities	oci vice idila delivitie	s related to enterpris	ic runus		\$ 170,395,965	

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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CITY OF GARDEN GROVE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds		
		Water Utility		
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	-	\$ -	
Water sales		38,565,353	-	
Section 8 grant revenue		-	-	
Solid waste disposal fees		-	-	
Property assessments		-	3,338,68	
Sewer user fees		-	7,739,44	
Other		9,950	8,38	
Total operating revenues		38,575,303	11,086,51	
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and benefits		5,709,042	3,344,38	
Contractual services		6,796,346	1,556,43	
Liability claims		-	-	
Materials and supplies		407,088	92,66	
Water production expenses		18,662,451	-	
Housing		-	-	
Golf course operations		-	-	
Depreciation and amortization		3,508,780	1,764,00	
Total operating expenses		35,083,707	6,757,49	
Operating income		3,491,596	4,329,01	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Investment income		711,351	1,587,11	
(Loss) on disposal of assets		(1,618,303)	(308,96	
Other nonoperating revenues		203,392	-	
Interest expense		(1,234,068)	(638,21	
Total nonoperating (expenses) revenues		(1,937,628)	639,93	
Income before transfers and capital contributions		1,553,968	4,968,95	
Capital contributions		-	-	
Transfers In		-	-	
Transfers out		(100,000)	(150,00	
Change in net position		1,453,968	4,818,95	
Total net position (deficit), beginning of year, as restated		69,841,875	84,846,59	
Total net position (deficit), end of year	\$	71,295,843	\$ 89,665,54	
* * * *	<u> </u>			

Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities to enterprise funds.

Change in net position of business-type activities.

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						overnmental Activities -		
Housing			Total Nonmajor		Total Enterprise		Internal Service		
Authori	ty		Funds		Funds	Funds			
\$	_	\$	1,242,980	\$	1,242,980	\$	66,906,557		
₽	_	Ą	1,242,900	Ą	38,565,353	P	-		
37,344,	591		_		37,344,591		_		
37,311,	-		2,255,155		2,255,155		_		
	_		441,514		3,780,196		_		
	_		-		7,739,449		_		
31,	546		630,202		680,079		46,164		
37,376,			4,569,851		91,607,803		66,952,721		
2,348,	181		955,907		12,357,518		50,084,402		
294,	416		1,122,734		9,769,935		2,567,538		
	-		-		-		7,086,427		
55,	630		11,643		567,025		1,487,871		
	-		-		18,662,451		-		
34,339,	577		-		34,339,577		-		
	-		1,478,752		1,478,752		-		
					5,272,785		1,703,089		
37,037,	804		3,569,036		82,448,043		62,929,327		
338,	333		1,000,815		9,159,760		4,023,394		
26,	869		332,661		2,657,998		2,610,869		
	-		-		(1,927,267)		(906,669		
	-		-		203,392		-		
	-		-		(1,872,287)		(34,945		
26,	869		332,661		(938,164)		1,669,255		
365,	202		1,333,476		8,221,596		5,692,649		
	_		-		-		17,039		
350,	000		_		350,000		3,550,000		
					(250,000)		(673,159		
745	202		1 222 476		0.224.506		0.500.500		
715,	202		1,333,476		8,321,596		8,586,529		
(5,607,	664)		9,999,522				66,618,021		
\$ (4,892,	462)	\$	11,332,998			\$	75,204,550		
					134,236				
				ď	8 <u>455</u> 832				
				\$	8,455,832				

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewage	
	Utility	Collection	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts from customers and user departments	\$ 38,635,668	\$ 12,498,376	
Payments to suppliers	(27,514,083)	(2,046,267)	
Payments to employees	(7,219,602)	(3,306,038)	
Payments for employee benefits			
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,901,983	7,146,071	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash received from other funds	-	-	
Cash paid to other funds	(100,000)	(150,000)	
Net cash (used) provided by noncapital financing activities	(100,000)	(150,000)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Purchases of capital assets	(4,983,000)	(3,722,128)	
Proceeds of sale of capital assets	-	-	
Principal paid on capital debt	(2,345,877)	(555,000)	
Interest paid on capital debt	(1,059,456)	(639,376)	
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(8,388,333)	(4,916,504)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest earnings	356,062	712,955	
Increase in fair value of investments	376,832	874,758	
Net cash provided by investing activities	732,894	1,587,713	
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(3,853,456)	3,667,280	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	23,774,764	40,985,729	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 19,921,308	\$ 44,653,009	

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Supplemental schedule of noncash financing activities:

During the year-ended June 30, 2020, there were \$167,039 in noncash financing activities in the Fleet Internal Service Fund.

Bus	Governmental Activities -		
Housing	Total Nonmajor	Total Enterprise	Internal Service
Authority	Funds	Funds	Funds
\$ 37,880,252	\$ 6,428,894	\$ 95,443,190	\$ 64,371,820
(34,626,988)	(4,706,467)	(68,893,805)	(10,661,414)
(2,394,955)	(803,482)	(13,724,077)	(15,488,254)
			(30,530,438)
858,309	918,945	12,825,308	7,691,714
350,000		350,000	0.405.267
350,000	-	350,000	9,495,367
		(250,000)	(8,680,221)
350,000		100,000	815,146
(18,447)	-	(8,723,575)	(3,073,016)
-	-	-	204,882
-	-	(2,900,877)	(111,507)
		(1,698,832)	(1,952)
(18,447)		(13,323,284)	(2,981,593)
3,973	142,557	1,215,547	1,627,885
19,377	186,096	1,457,063	1,147,230
23,350	328,653	2,672,610	2,775,115
1,213,212	1,247,598	2,274,634	8,300,382
411,155	8,514,645	73,686,293	104,220,765
\$ 1,624,367	\$ 9,762,243	\$ 75,960,927	\$ 112,521,147

(continued)

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds		
	Water	Sewage	
	Utility	Collection	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income	\$ 3,491,596	\$ 4,329,016	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income			
to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization expense	3,508,780	1,764,005	
Other nonoperating revenues (expenses)	26,489	-	
Decrease (increase) in taxes receivable	-	(10,738)	
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable	113,202	(274,371)	
Decrease (increase) in intergovernmental receivable	-	-	
Decrease (increase) in notes receivable	-	752	
Decrease (increase) in inventory	-	-	
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	(1,563)	(20,065)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(3,017,421)	700,998	
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	(44,325)	116,781	
Increase (decrease) in refundable deposits	(5,627)	-	
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in claims payable	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability and related			
changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources	242,590	43,450	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability and related			
changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(411,738)	496,243	
Total adjustments	410,387	2,817,055	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 3,901,983	\$ 7,146,071	

There were no noncash financing, capital or investing activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						vernmental Activities-
H	lousing	Tota	al Nonmajor	Tot	al Enterprise	Inte	ernal Service
Α	uthority		Funds		Funds		Funds
\$	338,333	\$	1,000,815	\$	9,159,760	\$	4,023,394
	-		-		5,272,785		1,703,089
	-		-		26,489		-
	-		(21,533)		(32,271)		-
	5,166		4,647		(151,356)		(22,939)
	2,700		-		2,700		-
	-		-		752		-
	-		(4,791)		(4,791)		36,222
	(15,581)		(51,413)		(88,622)		544,176
	47,644		(132,160)		(2,400,939)		223,705
	-		-		-		667,844
	43,755		(12,449)		103,762		(28,406)
	36,456		165,500		196,329		-
	397,429		(167,449)		229,980		-
	-		-		-		149,717
	68,795		25,345		380,180		126,727
	(66,388)		112,433		130,550		268,185
	519,976		(81,870)		3,665,548		3,668,320
\$	858,309	\$	918,945	\$	12,825,308	\$	7,691,714

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CITY OF GARDEN GROVE AS SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE GARDEN GROVE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND JUNE 30, 2020

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash investments	\$	25,806,592
Cash and cash investments with fiscal agents		4,091,020
Accounts receivable		10,000
Interest receivable		66,612
Total current assets		29,974,224
Noncurrent assets:		
Prepaid bond insurance costs		503,565
Land held for resale		25,249,639
Total noncurrent assets		25,753,204
Total assets		55,727,428
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Unamortized loss on refunding of debt		320,014
Total deferred outflows		320,014
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		161,561
Accrued liabilities		17,460
Interest payable		715,000
Due to other funds		15,442
Current portion of long-term obligations		5,486,557
Total current liabilities		6,396,020
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:		
Long-term debt		73,979,123
Total noncurrent liabilities		73,979,123
Total liabilities		80,375,143
NET POSITION		
Held in trust for redevelopment dissolution	<u>\$</u>	(24,327,701)

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CITY OF GARDEN GROVE AS SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE GARDEN GROVE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

ADDITIONS	
Taxes	\$ 18,868,786
Investment earnings	342,920
Other revenues	 17,280
Total additions	19,228,986
DEDUCTIONS	
Program expenses	768,562
Administrative expenses	395,153
Interest and fiscal agency expenses	2,938,939
Total deductions	 4,102,654
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	15,126,332
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 (39,454,033)
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ (24,327,701)

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A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Garden Grove (the "City") was incorporated June 18, 1956 as a general law full service city. The City operates under a council-manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police, fire, and paramedics), highways and streets, social services, culture and recreation, parks, planning, zoning, housing, water, solid waste collection and disposal, sewage services and general administration. On May 10, 2016, the City of Garden Grove adopted Ordinance No. 2866 changing the City's current at-large system of electing City Council Members to a by-district system took effect in fiscal year 2016-2017. The Mayor is elected at-large. City Council members are elected by six districts, and he or she must reside within the designated district boundary.

1. Reporting Entity

Accounting principles, generally accepted in the United States of America, require that these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. Component units generally are legally separate entities for which a primary government is financially accountable. Financial accountability ordinarily involves meeting both of the following criteria: the primary government is accountable for the potential component unit (e.g. the primary government appoints the voting majority of its board) and the primary government is able to impose its will upon the potential component unit, or there is a possibility that the potential component unit may provide specific financial benefits or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The component units discussed in this note are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Blended component units:

- a. The Garden Grove Housing Authority (the "Housing Authority") was established in October 1975, pursuant to the provisions of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 and is reported as an enterprise fund as if it were part of the primary government because the governing board is comprised of the City Council, although acting in a different capacity, and two Housing Authority tenants. The Housing Authority governing board approves the Housing Authority budget and the City provides staffing.
- b. The Garden Grove Sanitary District (the "Sanitary District") began its operations in 1924 as a special district operating under the authority of the State of California. The Health and Safety Code of California (the Sanitary District Act of 1923) is the governing law. The Garden Grove Sanitary District provides the City of Garden Grove, a portion of the City of Santa Ana and County of Orange unincorporated areas with sewer maintenance services including cleaning of sewage collection lines, inspection of sewage lines built within the district by developers. Garden Grove has an agreement with Republic Services to provide an exclusive franchise for Solid Waste Handling Services for residents and commercial establishments within the Garden Grove Sanitary District. The district became a subsidiary district and component unit of the City of Garden Grove on May 30, 1997. The Sanitary District is reported as two enterprise funds, the Sewage Collection enterprise fund and Solid Waste Disposal enterprise fund as if it were part of the primary government because the City Council, although acting in a different capacity, is the governing board. Council members approve the Sanitary District budget and the City provides staffing.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1. Reporting Entity (continued)

c. The Garden Grove Public Financing Authority (the "Authority") was established on June 22, 1993 as a joint powers agency organized under the laws of the State of California. The Authority was formed to assist in the financing of public and capital improvements. The Authority's financial data and transactions are included within enterprise funds. The Authority is administered by the Board who are the members of the City Council and the Mayor. Council members approve the Authority budget and the City provides staffing.

Separate reports are not issued for the Garden Grove Housing Authority, the Garden Grove Sanitary District, or the Garden Grove Public Financing Authority.

All components of the reporting entity are reported on a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year.

2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirement of a particular function or segment, and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the capital requirement of a particular function or segment and other miscellaneous revenues that directly benefit a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and the fiduciary fund. Major governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Grant funds received before the revenue recognition criteria have been met are reported as unearned revenues.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as in accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, revenues from other agencies and interest associated with the current fiscal year are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental and enterprise funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Housing Successor Agency Capital Project Fund

Capital projects for low and moderate income housing are accounted for in this fund.

Water Utility Fund

The purpose of this fund is to account for the City's water system. Resources of the fund are applied to construction, operation, maintenance and debt service obligations of the water system. Financing is provided by revenue of the water utility.

Sewage Collection Fund

The Garden Grove Sanitary District comprises two funds, the Sewage Collection fund and the Solid Waste Disposal fund. Resources of the Sewage Collection fund are applied to the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer system.

Housing Authority Fund

The Housing Authority fund accounts for revenues and expenses pertaining to the Federal Section 8 Housing Program.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

Other nonmajor enterprise funds consists of Solid Waste Disposal Fund and Golf Course Fund. The Solid Waste Disposal Fund accounts for the operation of trash and solid waste collections and disposal services. The Golf Course Fund was established to account for the operations of the Willowick Golf Course.

Internal Service Funds

The internal service funds account for workers' compensation, fleet management, employee benefits, information systems, warehouse operations, telephone system, risk management, and communication replacement services provided to City departments on a cost reimbursement basis.

Private-Purpose Trust Fund

The Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the custodial responsibilities that are assigned to the Successor Agency pursuant to the Dissolution Act.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's enterprise funds and various other governmental funds. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the function concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) fines, forfeitures and penalties; 3) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular function; and 4) other miscellaneous revenues that directly benefit a particular function and do not fit into any other category. General revenues include all taxes, investment income, and gain on sale of assets.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance

a. Deposits and Investments

The City pools idle cash from all funds in order to maximize income from investment activities. Investments are recorded on the City's books at fair value (quoted market price or best available estimate thereof). Interest income on investments is allocated to individual funds on the basis of monthly cash and investment balances except for the Employee Benefits, Warehouse Operations, and Telephone System Internal Service Funds by management decision.

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The City Council adopted a Pension Funding Policy in 2019. Accordingly, an Internal Revenue Services Section 115 Trust was established to prefund pension obligations. The trust is a tax-exempt irrevocable trust, trust assets are to be used exclusive for payment of pension liabilities. Assets held in the trust are reported as restricted cash investments in the General Fund.

b. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter fund loans) or "intercity loan receivable/payable" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Intercity loans receivable, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a non-spendable fund balance in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not in spendable form.

Utility accounts are billed on a bi-monthly basis. Receivables for water and sewer are recorded when consumption is billed. Unbilled receivables are recorded at fiscal year-end to adjust for the billing cycle and are included as accounts receivable in the Water and Sewer funds. Sanitary refuse collection accounts are billed quarterly by the refuse hauler and payments are received by the refuse hauler.

c. Taxes Receivable

Property taxes in California are levied in accordance with Article 13A of the State Constitution at one percent of county-wide assessed valuations. This one percent is allocated pursuant to state law to appropriate units of local government. A voter-approved property tax of eight cents per hundred dollars actual value is levied against all property in the City for the purpose of providing emergency medical services. Furthermore, the voters approved a one-cent sale tax measure that commits 100% of the revenue to the City.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance (continued)

c. Taxes Receivable (continued)

In the governmental fund statements, property tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes have been levied, provided that the revenue is collected in the current period or will be collected within 60 days thereafter.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Lien Date: January 1 Levy Date: July 1

Due Date: First Installment - November 1

Second Installment - February 1

Delinquent Date: First Installment - After December 10

Second Installment - After April 10

Taxes are collected by Orange County, and are remitted to the City periodically as follows (dates and percentages may vary slightly from year to year):

October 25, 2019 7% - 10%
November 15, 2019 5% - 10%
December 11, 2019 30% - 35%
December 27, 2019 1% - 5%
February 28, 2020 5% - 7%
April 13, 2020 30% - 35%
May 8, 2020 1% - 5%

June 30, 2020 1% - 2% (Collections through June 30)

d. Inventory, Prepaid Items, and Land Held for Resale

Inventory is valued at cost using the first in, first out (FIFO) method. Inventory in the proprietary funds consists of expendable supplies held for future consumption. The cost is recorded as an expense as inventory items are consumed.

Land held for resale is valued at lower of cost or estimated net realizable value, determined upon execution of a disposition and development agreement, at June 30, 2020 and is located in the General Fund, Housing Successor Agency Capital Projects Fund, and the Successor Agency Trust Fund.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

e. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, sidewalks, medians, traffic signals, storm drains) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are capitalized at cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance (continued)

e. Capital Assets (continued)

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Prior to the implementation GASB 89, the net interest cost incurred in the financing of projects during the construction period was only capitalized in the enterprise funds. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds of tax-exempt debt over the same period.

Plant, infrastructure, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	30
Building improvements	20
Street infrastructure	
Pavement	30
Curbs & gutters	50
Sidewalks	50
Medians	50
Traffic signals	20
Walls	50
Driveways	50
Storm drain infrastructure	50
Water infrastructure	
Fire hydrants	45
Pump stations	10
Reservoirs	65
Water mains	77
Water meters	25
Water pumps & meters	20
Wells	40
Sewer infrastructure	60
Vehicles	3-20
Furniture and Equipment	10

f. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. Two of the items are the deferred charge from pension related items and deferred charges related to OPEB. The other item is the unamortized loss on refunding of debt which are reported in the government-wide statement of net position and proprietary funds' statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance (continued)

f. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position or balance sheet of governmental funds will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has four types of items which qualify for reporting in this category. Two of the items, are deferred items from pension related items and deferred charges related to OPEB. The third item, unamortized gain on refunding of debt, are presented on the government-wide statement of net position and on the proprietary funds' statement of net position. The fourth item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from notes, accounts, and grant receivables. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

g. Accrued Compensated Absences

The City accounts for compensated absences (unpaid vacation, annual leave, comp time and sick leave) in an internal service (Employee Benefits) fund. A calculated fringe benefit rate, which includes accrued compensated absences, is applied to all labor charges. The resulting funds are deposited into the Employee Benefits internal service fund and are set aside for corresponding liabilities.

h. Long Term Obligation

In the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund and fiduciary fund type statements of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as prepaid insurance costs related to bond issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Prepaid insurance costs related to bond issuance costs are reported as prepaid insurance costs and amortized over the term of the related debt.

i. Fair Value Measurements

Certain assets and liabilities are required to be reported at fair value. The fair value framework provides a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies including:

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance (continued)

i. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are inactive; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. These unobservable inputs reflect the City's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). These unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the City's own data.

j. Classification of Net Position and Fund Balances

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation on these assets and the outstanding principal of related debt reduce this category.
- Restricted Net Position This category consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities related to those assets.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents the net position of the City that are not externally restricted for any project or other purpose.

Restricted resources are used first to fund appropriations.

2. Fund Balances

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2020, fund balance for governmental funds are made up of the followings:

 Nonspendable Fund Balance – includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- 4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance (continued)
 - j. Classification of Net Position and Fund Balances (continued)
 - 2. Fund Balances (continued)
 - Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
 - Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City taking the same formal action via an ordinance that imposed the constraint originally.
 - Assigned Fund Balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the City for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Council to which the City Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.
 - Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

k. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

4. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Fund Balance (continued)

I. Pensions (continued)

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframe. For this report, the following timeframes are used.

Valuation Date June 30, 2018 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2019

m. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and fiduciary net position information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2019

B. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

1. Budgetary Information

Under Article XIIIB of the California Constitution (the GANN Spending Limitation initiative), the City is restricted as to the amount of annual appropriations, and if certain proceeds of taxes exceed allowed appropriations, the excess must be refunded to the taxpayers either through revised tax rates or revised fee schedules.

The City budget report is prepared under the direction of the City Manager in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the requirements of Municipal Code Section 2.08.150. Annual budgets are legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds. These funds are budgeted based on the modified accrual basis of accounting and include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The City Council approves the total budgeted appropriations and any amendments to total appropriations which may be required during the year. Revenues are budgeted by source, and expenditures are budgeted by program.

The legal level of budgetary control is considered to be at the fund level since management can reassign resources within a fund without special approval from City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions which alter the total appropriations of any fund must be approved by City Council. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the Street Lighting and Park Maintenance Special Revenue Funds reported expenditure in excess of appropriations of \$1,762 and \$3,759, respectively.

B. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

2. Deficit Fund Balance

The following funds had a deficit at June 30, 2020:

		Deficit Fund
Fund	Type of Fund	Balance
Housing Authority	Enterprise	\$ (4,892,462)
Successor Redevelopment Agency	Fiduciary	\$ (24,327,701)
GG Tourism Improvement District	Nonmajor Governmental Fund	\$ (59,297)

The Housing Authority fund, an enterprise fund, has a deficit fund balance of \$4,892,462. The deficit is due to prior period costs related to the revised allocation of the net pension liability in accordance with GASB 68 and due to prior period costs related to the revised allocation of the OPEB liability in accordance with GASB 75. Until Section 8 administrative revenue granted to the Housing Authority from the Department of Housing and Urban Development increases to enable the Housing Authority to pay down its pension and OPEB liability, there will continue to be a deficit in the Housing Authority Fund.

The City of Garden Grove as Successor Agency to the Garden Grove Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund (Successor Agency), a fiduciary fund, has a deficit balance of \$24,327,701. The deficit is due to covenant obligations pursuant to developer disposition agreements and Education Revenue Augmentation Fund and Supplemental Education Revenue Augmentation Fund payables to the Housing Successor Agency.

The County Auditor-Controller is charged with establishing a Redevelopment Property Tax Trust Fund (RPTTF) for each Successor Agency. The deposit in the RPTTF is used to pay Successor Agency obligations. It is expected that this deficit will be eliminated with future resources obtained from the RPTTF.

The Garden Grove Tourism Improvement District has a deficit fund balance of \$59,297 due to delay in the collection of the business operations taxes due from a couple of hotels as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position City of Garden Grove	
Cash and investments	\$ 285,077,421
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	2,266,407
Cash and investments for pension trust	 661,578
	 288,005,406
Successor Agency (Private Purpose Trust Fund)	
Cash and investments	25,806,592
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	 4,091,020
	 29,897,612
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 317,903,018
Cash on hand	\$ 44,330
Deposits with financial institutions	23,704,785
Investments	294,153,903
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 317,903,018

Investments Authorized by the City's Investment Policy

The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the City's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provision of the Government Code and City's investment policy.

1. Cash and Investments (continued)

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage Of Portfolio*	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Securities of the U.S. Government			
or its Agencies	5 years	None	None
Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB)	5 years	None	None
Federal National Mortgage Association			
(FNMA)	5 years	None	None
Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB)	5 years	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Certificates of Deposits (CD)	N/A	30%	5%
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	30%	10%
Negotiated Certificates of Deposit	N/A	30%	5%
Commercial Paper	10 days **	15% **	10%
Medium Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5 years	20%	None
Repurchase Agreement (Overnight)	30 days **	None	None
Passbook Savings Account	N/A	None	None

^{*}Excluding amounts held by bond trustee that are not subject to City's investment policy

Investments Authorized by the Debt Agreements

Provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the City's investment policy, govern investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Percentage of Portfolio	Investment in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury	None	None	None
Money Market Funds	N/A	None	None
Investment Contracts	30 years	None	None

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The City monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. The City has no specific limitations with respect to this metric.

^{**} Represents where the City's investment policy is more restrictive than the California Government Code

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

1. Cash and Investments (continued)

1. Cash and Investments (continue	Weighted	
Authorized Investment Type	 Amount	Average
U.S. Treasury U.S. Agency Securities	\$ 70,992,120	1.97
FHLB	62,880,795	2.13
FFCB	56,568,960	2.89
FNMA	15,194,460	0.87
FHLMC	3,009,510	2.13
FM	3,167,220	4.01
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) Restricted cash and investments:	75,321,751	0.50
Investment Pool (PARS) Held by fiscal Agent:	661,578	2.10
Money Market Funds	 6,357,509	0.50
Total	\$ 294,153,903	

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year-end for each investment type. The column marked "Exempt From Disclosure" identifies those investment types for which GASB No. 40 does not require disclosure as to credit risk:

							Ratings as o	f Ye	ear End	
Investment Type		Amount	_		Exempt from Disclosure		AAA		Not Rated	
U.S. Treasury	\$	70,992,120	N/A	\$	70,992,120	\$	-	\$	-	
U.S. Agency Securities										
FHLB		62,880,795	N/A		-		62,880,795		-	
FFCB		56,568,960	N/A		-		56,568,960		-	
FNMA		15,194,460	N/A		-		15,194,460		-	
FHLMC		3,009,510	N/A		-		3,009,510		-	
FM		3,167,220	N/A		-		3,167,220		-	
Local Agency Investment										
Fund (LAIF)		75,321,751	N/A		-		-		75,321,751	
Restricted cash and investmen	ts:									
Investment Pool (PARS)		661,578	N/A		-		-		661,578	
Held by fiscal agent:										
Money Market Fund		6,357,509	AAA				6,357,509			
Total	\$	294,153,903		\$	70,992,120	\$	147,178,454	\$	75,983,329	

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

1. Cash and Investments (continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments are as follows:

Issuer	Investment Type	Inve	stment Amount
FHLB FFCB FNMA	U.S. Agency Securities U.S. Agency Securities U.S. Agency Securities	\$	62,880,795 56,568,960 15,194,460

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment of collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

1. Cash and Investments (continued)

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's prorata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF as of June 30, 2020 was \$32.1 billion. LAIF is part of the California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which at June 30, 2020 had a balance of \$100.9 billion.

Investment in Pension Trust Pool

The City has established a Section 115 Trust to accumulate resources to stabilize the City's pension liability and offset potential volatility in annual contributions to CalPERS. As of June 30, 2020, the City reported \$661,578 in cash and investments for pension trust. The pension trust assets are managed by with the City's pension trust administrator, Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). PARS is an external investment pool, is not rated and is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission. The City selects the investment strategy and the pool is managed by the PARS Board. The fair value of the City's investments in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by PARS for the entire PARS portfolio.

Fair Value Measurement and Application

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets in active markets; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

			Quo	ted Process in		Ratings as	of Year E	nd	
Investment Type	Tot	al		ve Markets for entical Assets (Level 1)		gnificant Other servable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inpu (Level 3)		
U.S. Treasury	\$	70,992,120	\$	70,992,120	\$	-	\$	-	
U.S. Agency Secur	ities		·		·		·		
FHLB		62,880,795		-		62,880,795		-	
FFCB		56,568,960		-		56,568,960		-	
FNMA		15,194,460		-		15,194,460		-	
FHLMC		3,009,510		-		3,009,510		-	
FM		3,167,220		-		3,167,220		-	
Total	\$	211,813,065	\$	70,992,120	\$	140,820,945	\$	-	

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

2. Intercity Loans Receivable/Payable at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

a. Loan from General fund to the Water Utility fund:

On July 1, 1998, the City established an intercity loan between the General fund and Water Utility fund in the amount of \$14,145,092 for the repayment from the Water Utility fund to the General fund for street damage repairs throughout the City that have been a benefit to the Water Utility. The loan accrues interest at 4.1% per annum. Beginning July 1, 2018 monthly payments are \$100,208 which includes principal and interest to be paid thru June 2033.

\$ 12,101,948

b. Loan from General fund to the former redevelopment agency:

The General fund has loaned to the former redevelopment agency a total of \$2,863,113 to assist in funding the Agency's operating budget since 2004. The loans accrue interest at a rate of 6.5% per annum. On March 8, 2011, City Council authorized a loan amortization schedule. Principal payments ranging from \$699,984 to \$900,505 are due annually. In accordance with Assembly Bill X1 26, existing agreements between the City and the former redevelopment agency have been invalidated. Therefore, the City has set up 100% allowance for this loan on February 1, 2012.

2,539,990

c. Loan from General fund to the former redevelopment agency:

On May 21, 1984 the City Council approved an agreement between the City and the Agency for Community Development Community Project capital projects fund wherein the Agency agreed to reimburse the City \$2,405,511, plus any accruing unpaid interest at the annual rate of 10%, for capital improvements within the Agency's redevelopment area which were initially paid for by the General fund. On March 8, 2011, the City Council authorized a loan amortization schedule. Principal payments ranging from \$761,037 to \$1,114,235 are due annually. In accordance with Assembly Bill X1 26, existing agreements between the City and the former redevelopment agency have been invalidated. Therefore, the City has set up 100% allowance for this loan on February 1, 2012.

3,048,030

2. Intercity Loans Receivable/Payable at June 30, 2020 (continued)

d. Loan from the General fund to the former redevelopment

On February 26, 2002 the City Council approved an agreement between the City and the Agency for Community Development Community Project capital projects fund wherein the City has agreed to advance funds to the Agency for the acquisition and development of certain property within the project areas. The advance is subject to repayment on demand and bears interest at a rate of 6.5%. The Agency is responsible for making payments on the City's \$22,735,000 Certificates of Participation Series A of 2002, (the Certificates), the proceeds of which were used to fund the advances from the City to the Agency. The Agency also reimbursed the City for the \$683,739 of issuance costs related to the Certificates of Participation. In accordance with Assembly Bill X1 26, existing agreements between the City and the former redevelopment agency have been invalidated. Therefore, the City has set up 100% allowance for this loan on February 1, 2012.

\$ 18,970,000

e. Loan from Water Utility fund to the former redevelopment agency:

The former redevelopment agency has a loan from the Water Utility fund in the amount of \$750,000. Interest is paid monthly at an annual rate of 10% and has no fixed amortization date. In accordance with Assembly Bill X1 26, existing agreements between the City and the former redevelopment agency have been invalidated. Therefore, the City has set up 100% allowance for this loan on February 1, 2012.

750,000

f. Loan from Vehicle Replacement Fund to the Communications **Replacement Fund:**

On January 26, 2016 the City Council approved an agreement between the Vehicle Replacement Fund to the Communications Replacement Fund for the upgrade and purchase of communications equipment for the operation of the 800 MHZ public safety communications system. Current schedule reflects the FY15-16 debt service portfolio rate of 1.26% which will be applied to the FY16-17 debt service. The estimated average portfolio rate will be updated annually once the prior year average portfolio rate is available. The principal will be paid annually in the amount of \$400,506 plus interest. The principal may be prepaid without penalty at any time.

2,403,036

g. Loan from Risk Management Fund to the General Fund:

In July 2018, the City Council approved the General Fund to borrow \$2,850,550 from the Risk Management Fund to pay for the energy efficiency project. The amount borrowed will cover the cost of the heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems and lighting retrofit equipment and installation. The General Fund will repay the loan over 19 years at the simple interest rate of 3.6%.

2,553,273

42,366,277 (25,308,020) 17,058,257

Total Intercity Loans Receivable Less Allowance Total Intercity Loans Receivable, net

3. Due From Successor Agency

The former Redevelopment Agency has five loans from the Low Income Housing Assets Capital Project Fund, that were used to make the fiscal year 2005-06 (\$621,376) mandated Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund (ERAF) payments and "Supplemental" Educational Revenue Augmentation (SERAF) payments for the fiscal year 2009-10 (\$7,906,610) and 2010-11 (\$1,626,274). These loans were due 10 years from when the loans were originally established except for 2009-10 and 2010-11 loans which are due on May 10, 2015 and June 30, 2016, respectively. These loans which were previously invalidated, have been approved as an allowable Recognized Obligation payment by the State of California Department of Finance (DOF).

On June 12, 2018, the DOF approved the repayment of the original principal balance of \$13,254,260 based on review of the April 27, 2018 Oversight Board (OB) Resolution No. 58-18. All accrued interest was therefore denied, OB Resolution No. 58-18 establishes and approves the repayment schedule of the funds borrowed from the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund (LMIHF) to make the ERAF and SERAF payment totaling \$3,721,376 and \$9,532,884 respectively.

At June 30, 2020 the Successor Agency repaid \$3,100,000 of the loan balance. The amount due from the Successor Agency at June 30, 2020 is \$10,154,260, which represents \$621,376 ERAF payment and \$9,532,884 of SERAF.

\$ 10,154,260

4. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

a. The composition of interfund receivable/payable balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	_	Due From her Funds	Du	e To Other Funds
General Fund	\$	7,500	\$	1,982,515
Housing Successor Agency		•		1,082
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		-		2,577,593
Internal Service Funds		5,020,272		108,807
Water Utility		-		182,795
Sewage Collection		-		79,119
Housing Authority		-		61,993
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		-		18,426
Fiduciary Funds		-		15,442
Total	\$	5,027,772	\$	5,027,772

The interfund payable balances represent routine and temporary cash flow assistance from the Workers' Compensation internal service fund until the amounts receivable are collected to reimburse eligible expenditures. They also include fringe collected from other funds that are due to the Employee Benefit and Workers' Compensation internal service funds.

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

- 4. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (continued)
 - b. The composition of interfund transfer balances for the year ended June 30, 2020 is

Transfers out:		General Fund	S	Housing uccessor Agency ital Project Funds	onmajor vernmental Funds	Se	Internal rvice Funds	Housing Authority Funds	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	475,000	\$ 329,092	\$	3,300,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 4,454,092
Housing Successor Agency Capital									
Project Fund		2,300,000		-	-		-	-	2,300,000
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		603,332		-	-		=	-	603,332
Internal service funds		673,159		-	-		-	-	673,159
Water Utility Fund		-		-	-		100,000	-	100,000
Sewage Collection Fund	_			-	 		150,000	 -	 150,000
Total	\$	3,576,491	\$	475,000	\$ 329,092	\$	3,550,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 8,280,583

Transfers from the General Fund were made to subsidize the Garden Grove Cable Fund in the amount of \$325,332 and to subsidize the Park Maintenance Assessment District in the amount of \$3,760. In addition, the General Fund made a transfer to the Housing Authority Fund in the amount of \$350,000 to subsidize the administrative costs.

Transfers to the General Fund generated by the Garden Grove Tourism Improvement District Special Revenue Fund in the amount of \$603,332 were made to fund future City projects.

There was an exchange between the Housing Successor Agency Fund and the City for properties in various locations around the Civic Center area. The exchange resulted in a transfer into the General Fund from the Housing Successor Agency Fund for the amount of \$2,300,000. In addition, \$475,000 was transferred from the General Fund into the Housing Successor Agency Fund. This exchange helped to ensure the Historic Main Street and the Civic Center area continue to thrive by preserving the shared-use parking and reducing the need to park in the adjacent residential areas.

The Sewer Fund transferred \$150,000 to the Fleet Management Internal Service Fund to partially pay for a new vehicle maintained by the Fleet Fund. The rest of the vehicle cost is paid for by the Fleet Management Internal Service Fund.

A total of \$3,400,000 transfer was made to the Information Technology Internal Service Fund. The transfer consisted of \$100,000 from the Water Utility Fund and \$3,300,000 from the General Fund for the purpose of the City's acquisition and the implementation of a new financial and human resources enterprise resource planning software.

Transfers from the Employee Benefit Internal Service Fund were made in the amount of \$673,159 to the General Fund for deposit into the Section 115 Pension Trust.

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

5. Notes receivable at June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

a. Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP) Loan – Other nonmajor governmental funds:

At June 30, 2020, thirteen NSP Agreements remain, which are reflected in the nonmajor governmental funds. These loans provide up to \$40,000 in down payment assistance in the form of a silent loan that requires no payment for 30 years. The loans carry 0% interest charges.

\$ 471,623

Mortgage Assistance Program (MAP) Loan – Housing Successor Agency Major Capital Project Fund:

At June 30, 2020, nine MAP agreements are reflected in the Housing Sucessor Agency fund. These loans provide up to \$40,000 in down payment assistance in the form of a silent loan that requires no payment for 5 up to 30 years. The loans carry interest between 0 to 3% annually.

153,916

c. CalHome Mortgage Assistance (CalHome) Loan - Other nonmajor governmental funds:

At June 30, 2020, twenty-eight CalHome Agreements are reflected in the nonmajor governmental funds. These loans provide up to \$60,000 in down payment assistance in the form of a silent loan that requires no payment for 30 years. The loans carry 3% interest charges.

1,532,102

d. Rental rehabilitation – HOME Grant Revenue fund - Other nonmajor governmental fund:

The City has entered into a Housing Rehabilitation Agreement utilizing HOME funds for the purpose of assisting developers in the acquisition, substantial rehabilitation and continued operation of an existing 78-unit multifamily affordable housing project called Sycamore Court. Due to the multiple project funding sources, when completed the project will be subject to new income restrictions, occupancy and other affordable housing covenants. Disbursement of loan proceeds of \$1,200,000 were made in five installment payments commencing on June 2017. The Note bears simple interest at the rate of 3% per annum from the date of initial disbursement. Interest payments of \$36,000 are due on an annual basis and no principal payments are required on the loan maturity date of September 30, 2033.

1,308,000

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

5. Notes receivable at June 30, 2020, consisted of the following: (continued)

e. Single Family Rehab (Deferred Loan) - Housing Successor Agency Major Capital Project Fund:

At June 30, 2020 eight Deferred Loan Agreements remain, which are reflected in the Housing Successor Agency fund. These loans provide up to \$20,000 in down payment assistance in the form of a silent loan that requires no payment for 15 or 30 years. The loans carry 3% or 5% interest charges. There are five Homebuyer Assistance Loans that were issues for \$50,000 each. These loans have a term of 45 years and bear a simple interest of 3%. At each anniversary, 1/45th of the principal and interest are forgiven.

355,216

f. ADDI Down Payment Rehab (ADDI) Loan – Other nonmajor governmental funds:

At June 30, 2020, fourteen ADDI Agreements utilizing the American Dream Down payment Initiative funds are reflected in nonmajor governmental funds. These loans provide up to \$30,000 in down payment assistance in the form of a silent loan that requires no payment for 15 years. The loans carry 0% interest charges. These loans are forgivable if the recipient complies with all conditions.

209,170

g. Rental rehabilitation - Housing Successor Agency Major Capital Project Fund:

The Low and Moderate Income Housing Asset capital projects fund holds six notes related to property rehabilitation loans, which have been used to assist developers in the rehabilitation of multifamily residential buildings located within the City for the purpose of providing adequate low income housing opportunities for City residents.

3,433,049

h. Rental rehabilitation – Housing Successor Agency Major Capital Project Fund and Other nonmajor governmental funds:

The City has entered into thirteen Housing Rehabilitation Agreements utilizing CDBG funds, which are reflected in the Housing Successor Agency fund and other nonmajor governmental funds. These loans were for the purpose of assisting developers in the rehabilitation and operation of multifamily apartment buildings for the purpose of providing adequate low-income housing to City residents. Many of these buildings had suffered from serious structural deterioration, overcrowding and high crime.

14,071,185

i. Affordable housing agreement – General fund:

The City has entered into three Affordable Housing Agreements with developers wherein the developers have agreed to comply to certain affordability covenants including the reimbursement to the City of forgone property taxes which would have been payable for the property, increasing at the rate of approximately 2% annually.

2,312,404

- 5. Notes receivable at June 30, 2020, consisted of the following: (continued)
 - j. Rental construction Housing Successor Agency Major Capital Project Fund and other nonmajor governmental fund:

The City has entered into a rental construction loan agreement utilizing HOME and Housing Successor Agency funds. The note was for the purpose of assisting the developer with the construction of new low-income housing for City residents. The note bears a simple annual interest rate of 3%. Loan repayment is based on residual receipts and is contingent upon the release of construction covenants for the project. The note commenced upon the initial disbursement of funds HOME in June 2015. An additional \$1.6 million was disbursed in June 2017 and is payable to the Housing Successor Agency Fund. Its maturity will be the fifty-fifth anniversary of the date of the Release of Construction Covenants.

4,148,548

k. Conveyance of Property Loan Agreement - Housing Successor Agency Major Capital Project Fund and other nonmajor Capital Project Fund:

The City has entered into a financed sale agreement for the sale of twelve single-family residential parcels on March 12, 2016. The initial loan amount is \$2,709,030. The note bears a simple annual interest rate of 4% in 60 equal monthly interest-only payments in the amount of \$9,030 with a balloon payment on the 60th month.

On December 10, 2019 the City Council approved an amendment to defer interest payments for a period of 30 months. The new interest payment of \$9,476 will begin on July, 2020. Principal and interest payment of \$19,476 will begin on July 1, 2025. A balloon payment in the amount of \$2,453,304.58 will be due at the end of the loan term or the maturity date of December 1, 2029.

2,765,885

I. Small Business Assistance Program - General fund and Other nonmajor governmental funds:

The City has entered into loan agreements through the Small Business Assistance Program utilizing CDBG funds as well as General Fund monies for a total loan amount of \$75,000. The note bears an interest rate equal to 0% or the highest rate permitted by applicable law compounded annually.

68,334

m. Private Sewer Lateral Loan Agreement - Sewer Fund:

The Garden Grove Sanitary District has entered into a Private Sewer Lateral Loan Agreement with The Helen Brooks Montgomery Revocable Trust on October 1, 2012, for an original amount of \$10,000. The loan is due and payable at the simple annual interest rate of 2.24%. Monthly payments in the amount of \$65.47 are required. Loan principal is amortized over the 15-year life and the principal portion of monthly payment reduces the loan payable.

4,641 30,834,073

Total Notes Receivable Less Allowance

(1,065,624)

Total Notes Receivable, net 29,768,449

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

6. Land Held for Resale

The City and the Successor Agency land held for resale is an inventory of land intended to be sold to developers. The land is carried at the lower of cost or estimated net realizable value, as determined upon execution of a disposition and development agreement.

City land held for resale is comprised of inventory held by the Housing Successor Agency capital projects fund. City and Successor Agency land held for resale balances at June 30, 2020 are \$2,819,063 and \$25,249,639, respectively.

7. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance *	 Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 413,049,233 4,283,191	\$ - 15,325,832	\$ (95,551) (14,185,022)	\$ 412,953,682 5,424,001
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	417,332,424	15,325,832	(14,280,573)	418,377,683
Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure Street system Storm drain assets	404,455,520 72,107,931	7,881,907 5,230,839	(3,780,032) (1,487,097)	408,557,395 75,851,673
Buildings and park assets Furniture and equipment	55,723,442 32,344,247	 193,599 2,329,269	(46,885) (3,843,536)	 55,870,156 30,829,980
Total capital assets, being depreciated	564,631,140	 15,635,614	(9,157,550)	571,109,204
Less accumulated depreciated for: Infrastructure				
Street system Storm drain assets Buildings and park assets Furniture and equipment	(246,353,172) (49,266,237) (28,023,093) (17,133,541)	(10,798,622) (1,422,064) (1,632,424) (2,111,977)	3,560,950 1,446,963 37,128 3,388,296	(253,590,844) (49,241,338) (29,618,389) (15,857,222)
Total accumulated depreciation	(340,776,043)	(15,965,087)	8,433,337	(348,307,793)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	223,855,097	 (329,473)	(724,213)	 222,801,411
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 641,187,521	\$ 14,996,359	\$ (15,004,786)	\$ 641,179,094
Business-type activities Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 5,142,500 3,766,166	\$ - 7,915,056	\$ - (11,201,243)	\$ 5,142,500 479,979
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	8,908,666	7,915,056	(11,201,243)	5,622,479
Capital assets, being depreciated: Building and structures Water system Sewer system Machinery and equipment	570,726 146,635,513 117,357,124 528,039	6,888,084 4,313,159 191,786	(2,936,426) (1,226,206) (150,033)	570,726 150,587,171 120,444,077 569,792
Total capital assets, being depreciated	265,091,402	11,393,029	(4,312,665)	272,171,766
Less accumulated depreciated for: Building and structures Water system Sewer system Machinery and equipment	(288,792) (58,895,920) (53,492,540) (352,708)	(10,442) (3,528,782) (1,842,732) (17,464)	2,065,597 936,502 33	(299,234) (60,359,105) (54,398,770) (370,139)
Total accumulated depreciation	(113,029,960)	 (5,399,420)	3,002,132	(115,427,248)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	152,061,442	5,993,609	(1,310,533)	 156,744,518
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 160,970,108	\$ 13,908,665	\$ (12,511,776)	\$ 162,366,997

^{*} As restated (see note 17)

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

7. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	 vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities
Fire Protection Police Protection Traffic safety Right of way Drainage Community buildings Municipal support Water Sewage collection Solid waste disposal Housing Authority Internal service fund	\$ 49,584 270,750 850,425 10,001,396 1,422,064 1,632,424 35,354 - - - 1,703,090	\$ - - - - - - 3,552,163 1,847,257 - -
Total	\$ 15,965,087	\$ 5,399,420

8. Long-term Debt

a. Following is a summary of long-term debt transactions for the City for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Begi	inning Balance	Additions	 Reductions	En	ding Balance	Due	e Within One Year
Governmental activities								
Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A	\$	22,725,000	\$ -	\$ (465,000)	\$	22,260,000	\$	490,000
Add: Premium		1,395,394	-	(54,366)		1,341,028		54,366
Capital lease payable		373,317	 	 (143,389)		229,928		115,965
Governmental activities								
long-term debt		24,493,711	-	(662,755)		23,830,956		660,331
Other non-current liabilities:								
Claims payable		41,382,441	1,564,324	(1,414,607)		41,532,158		7,381,839
Compensated absences		7,148,888	8,366,881	(7,699,037)		7,816,732		7,582,230
Governmental activities								
long-term liabilities	\$	73,025,040	\$ 9,931,205	\$ (9,776,399)	\$	73,179,846	\$	15,624,400
Business-type activities								
Water Revenue COP 2015	\$	4,730,000	\$ =	\$ (925,000)	\$	3,805,000	\$	935,000
Water Revenue Bond 2010		11,360,000	-	(730,000)		10,630,000		770,000
Add: Premium/(Discount)		291,152	-	(58,230)		232,922		58,230
Sewer Revenue Refunding Bond 2017		14,310,000	-	(555,000)		13,755,000		590,000
Add: Premium/(Discount)		1,225,716		(72,456)		1,153,260		72,456
Business-type activities			_	_		_		
long-term liabilities	\$	31,916,868	\$ -	\$ (2,340,686)	\$	29,576,182	\$	2,425,686
Private-purpose trust fund								
2016 Tax Allocation Bond	\$	36,540,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	36,540,000	\$	1,900,000
Add: Premium/(Discount)		5,141,617	-	(360,815)		4,780,802		360,815
2014 Tax Allocation Bond		26,630,000	-	(2,685,000)		23,945,000		2,795,000
Add: Premium/(Discount)		3,236,360	-	(315,742)		2,920,618		315,742
2008 Subordinate note		1,230,000	-	(105,000)		1,125,000		115,000
Agreements payable		3,666,667	-	(3,666,667)		-		-
Loan Payable to City		13,254,260	 	 (3,100,000)		10,154,260		-
Private-purpose trust fund long-term liabilities	\$	89,698,904	\$ -	\$ (10,233,224)	\$	79,465,680	\$	5,486,557

8. Long-term Debt

b. Governmental Long-term Debt at June 30, 2020 Consisted of the Following:

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 A

On November 10, 2015, the Garden Grove Public Financing Authority issued \$24,790,000 of Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A. The Bonds were issued for the current refunding of \$17,100,000 of outstanding Certificates of Participation Series A (2002 Financing Project) and to finance the acquisition/construction of a fire station, police building renovations and other public capital improvements. Principal payments on the Bonds are due annually on March 1 each year, ranging from \$490,000 to \$1,435,000, and continuing until March 1, 2045. Interest is payable semiannually, beginning on March 1, 2016, with an interest rate ranging from 2.00% to 5.00% over the life of the Bonds. Such bonds are subject to Federal arbitrage regulations, however, no arbitrage liability is reported at June 30, 2020.

\$ 22,260,000

Unamortized bond premium

1,341,028

Total lease revenue bonds

\$ 23,601,028

Capital Leases Payable

In August 2016, the City renewed the capital lease arrangement in the amount of \$18,487 for mail machines. The monthly payment for the first twelve months will be \$506 and \$713 thereafter.

4,621

In June 2017, the City entered into a capital lease arrangement in the amount of \$309,466 for copiers. The interest rate is 0.10% with a monthly payment of \$5,320 through June 2022.

126,061

In December 2017, the City entered into a capital lease arrangement in the amount of \$248,114 for a new telephone system. Annual payment of \$49,623 is due through February 2022.

99,246

Total capital leases payable

229,928

Total Governmental Long Term Debt

\$ 23,830,956

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

- 8. Long-term Debt (continued)
 - c. Proprietary long-term debt at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following items:

2015 Revenue Certificates of Participation - Water Utility Enterprise Fund

\$8,150,000 Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015 were issued on October 1, 2015, for the current refunding of the remaining outstanding balance of the previously issued \$16,845,000 of the Refunding Certificate of Participation Series 2004. The refunding was undertaken to achieve debt service savings. Principal payments for 2015 Revenue certificates range from \$930,000 to \$985,000 and are due annually each December 15 through 2023. Interest is payable semi-annually on June 15 and December 15, at rates ranging from 1.0% to 5.0% over the life of the certificate. Such certificates are subject to Federal arbitrage regulations; however, no arbitrage liability is reported at June 30, 2020.

\$ 3,805,000

\$ 3,805,000

Total 2015 refunding revenue bonds

2015 Revenue Certificates of Participation - Water Utility Enterprise Fund - Debt Service Coverage

The Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation were issued on October 1, 2015 for the current refunding of the 2004 Water Revenue Bond Refunding. The prior Refunding Revenue Certificates of Participation were issued on April 20, 2004 for prior refunding of the Water Revenue Bonds, Series 1993. These certificates of participation are to be secured and to be serviced from revenues derived by the ownership and operations of the water system including all connection charges and fees collected by the City through the fiscal year 2023. At June 30, 2020 total interest and principal remaining on the certificates is \$4,967,700. The Utility covenants that rates and charges for the water service will be sufficient to yield net revenues equal to 125% of the debt service coming due and payable during the next succeeding bond year. Revenue recognized during the year was \$37.8 million against debt service payments of \$998,550. The following analysis shows the test result for compliance with this covenant:

Operating Revenue	\$ 38,575,303
Non-operating revenues	 914,743
Gross revenue	39,490,046
Less: Expenses (excluding depreciation amortization, interest and fiscal charges)	(31,574,927)
Net revenues	\$ 7,915,119
Debt service requirement for next year: \$1,001,750 x 125%	\$ 1,252,188

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

- 8. Long-term Debt (continued)
 - c. Proprietary long-term debt at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following items: (continued)

2010 Revenue Bonds - Water Utility Enterprise Fund

\$16,625,000 Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, were issued on April 30, 2010 to finance the acquisition, expansion, construction and improvement of certain additional water facilities of the water system of the City. The remaining principal and interest requirements on the debt is \$18,037,880. The Bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$770,000 to \$4,125,000 beginning December 15, 2010 and is payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15 through December 2030 at rates ranging from 2.0% to 6.389% over the life of the certificates. Such certificates are subject to Federal arbitrage regulations; however no arbitrage liability is reported at June 30, 2020.

\$ 10,630,000

Unamortized bond premium

232,922

Total 2010 revenue bonds

\$ 10,862,922

2010 Revenue Bonds - Water Utility Enterprise Fund - Debt Service Coverage

The Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, were issued on April 30, 2010 are secured and to be serviced from net revenues derived from the ownership or operation of the water system excluding proceeds from customers' deposits and any proceeds assessments restricted by law to be used by the City to pay parity obligations or other obligations. The remaining principal and interest requirements on the debt at June 30, 2020 is \$16,661,141. The Utility covenants that rates and charges for the water service will be sufficient to yield net revenues equal to 125% of the debt service coming and due payable during the next succeeding bond year. Revenue recognized during the year was \$37.8 million against debt service payments of \$1,376,740. The following analysis shows the test result for compliance with this covenant:

Operating Revenue Non-operating revenues	\$ 38,575,303 914,743
Gross revenue Less: Expenses (excluding depreciation	39,490,046
amortization, interest and fiscal charges)	 (31,574,927)
Net revenues	\$ 7,915,119
Debt service requirement for next year: \$1,371,891 x 125%	\$ 1,714,864

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

- 8. Long-term Debt (continued)
 - c. Proprietary long-term debt at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following items: (continued)

2017 Refunding Sewer Revenue Bond - Sewage Collection Enterprise fund

On March 1, 2017, the Garden Grove Sanitary District issued \$15,970,000 in bonds to provide funds to refinance the District's obligations to the 2006 Sewer Revenue Certificate of Participation. The Certificates were issued to finance the rehabilitation, replacement and improvement of the wastewater collection system of the Garden Grove Sanitation District. The 2017 Bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$590,000 to \$1,160,000 beginning June 15, 2017 through 2036. Interest rates range from 2.0% to 5.0% and is payable semiannually on June 15 and December 15.

The net proceeds of the bond issue were used to provide for the prepayment of the 2006 Certificates. The reacquisition price was less than the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$206,922. This amount is being reflected as a deferred inflow of resources and amortized over the life of the refunding debt.

The certificates are secured and to be serviced from the total revenues for the fiscal year excluding any proceeds of taxes or assessments restricted by law and less the operations and maintenance costs excluding depreciation through the fiscal year 2036.

\$ 13,755,000

Unamortized bond premium

1,153,260

Total 2017 revenue refunding bond

\$ 14,908,260

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

- 8. Long-term Debt (continued)
 - c. Proprietary long-term debt at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following items: (continued)

2017 Refunding Sewer Revenue Bond – Sewage Collection Enterprise fund - Debt Service Coverage

The Utility covenants that rates and charges for the sewer service will be sufficient to yield net revenues equal to 115% of the debt service coming due and payable during the next succeeding bond year. The following analysis shows the test result for compliance with this covenant:

Operating Revenue	\$ 11,086,512
Non-operating revenues	 1,587,117
Gross revenue	12,673,629
Less: Expenses (excluding depreciation	
amortization, interest and fiscal charges)	 (4,993,491)
Net revenues	\$ 7,680,138
Debt service requirement for next year:	
\$1,201,625 x 115%	\$ 1,381,869

Total Proprietary Long Term Debt

\$ 29,576,182

Total Long Term Debt

\$ 53,407,138

d. Private-purpose trust activity long-term debt at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following items:

Tax Allocation Bonds Issue of 2016

\$42,000,000 Tax allocation bonds were issued on March 17, 2016. The SRDA issued the "2016 Bonds" in the aggregate principal amount necessary to provide net proceeds of \$42,000,000 to fund the Water Park Hotel pursuant to the first amended and restated disposition and development agreement dated April 13, 2010. The bonds are due in annual principal installments of \$1,900,000 to \$3,450,000. Interest on the bonds will be payable semiannually each April 1 and October 1, commencing October 1, 2016. The rates ranging from 1.0% to 5.0%. The "2016 Bonds" will be payable on a parity with the debt service on the 2014 Bonds to the extent set forth in the 2016 Bond Indenture. Such certificates are subject to federal arbitrage regulations. No arbitrage liability is reported at June 30, 2020.

\$ 36,540,000

Unamortized bond premium

4,780,802

Total Tax Allocation Bond Issue of 2016

\$ 41,320,802

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

- 8. Long-term Debt (continued)
 - d. Private-purpose trust activity long-term debt at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following items: (continued)

Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Issue of 2014

\$38,810,000 Tax allocation refunding bonds were issued on July 16, 2014. The bonds were issued for the purpose of refunding the Garden Grove Agency for Community Development's previously issued \$57,025,000 community project tax allocation refunding bonds, Series 2003. Proceeds of the Series 2014 bonds will also be used (i) to fund a debt service reserve fund for the 2014 Bonds and (ii) to pay costs incurred in connection with the issuance, sale, and delivery of the 2014 Bonds.

Principal payments ranging from \$1,580,000 to \$3,330,000 are due annually through the year 2029. Interest is due semi-annually on October 1 and April 1, at rates ranging from 1.0% to 5.0%. Such bonds are subject to Federal arbitrage regulations; however, no liability is reported at June 30, 2020.

\$ 23,945,000

Unamortized bond premium

2,920,618

Total Tax Allocation Bond Issue of 2014

\$ 26,865,618

Subordinate Note

On June 1, 2008, the former redevelopment agency for Community Development entered into a note purchase agreement in the amount of \$2,015,000, to refund a note issued to Katella Cottages LLC under a Disposition and Development Agreement dated May 11, 2004. The Note has an annual interest rate of 6% with principal payments due annually on October 1 through October 1, 2027. Principal payments range from \$105,000 to \$170,000. Upon the dissolution of the former redevelopment agency at February 1, 2012, the outstanding balance of the bonds was transferred to the Successor Agency.

1,125,000

- 8. Long-term Debt (continued)
 - d. Private-purpose trust activity long-term debt at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following items: (continued)

Loan Payable to City

The former redevelopment agency has five loans from the Low Income Housing Assets capital project fund, that were used to make the fiscal year 2005-06 (\$621,376) mandated Educational Revenue Augmentation Fund payments and "Supplemental" Education Revenue Augmentation Fund payments for the fiscal year 2009-10 (\$7,906,610) and 2010-11 (\$1,626,274). In accordance with Assembly Bill X1 26, existing agreements between the City and the former redevelopment agency have previously been invalidated. In fiscal year 2017-18, the California Department of Finance changed its previous determination and has now approved the repayment of the ERAF and SERAF loans (\$13,254,260) as an enforceable obligation. At June 30, 2020 the Successor Agency repaid \$3,100,000 of the loan balance. The amount due to the City at June 30, 2020 is \$10,154,260, which represents \$621,376 ERAF payment and \$9,532,884 of SERAF.

10,154,260

Total Private Purpose Trust Funds Long Term Debt

\$ 79,465,680

e. The scheduled annual requirements to amortize all governmental long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2020 including interest payments are as follows:

Year	Lease Revenue Bonds 2015A								
Ending	Principal		Interest		Total				
2021	\$ 490,000	\$	1,017,200	\$	1,507,200				
2022	515,000		992,700		1,507,700				
2023	540,000		966,950		1,506,950				
2024	565,000		939,950		1,504,950				
2025	595,000		911,700		1,506,700				
2026-2030	3,455,000		4,081,250		7,536,250				
2031-2035	4,325,000		3,213,400		7,538,400				
2036-2040	5,255,000		2,277,000		7,532,000				
2041-2045	 6,520,000		1,009,750		7,529,750				
Total	\$ 22,260,000	\$	15,409,900	\$	37,669,900				

Year					
Ending		Principal		Total	
2021 2022	\$	115,965 113,963	\$	2,198 672	\$ 118,163 114,635
Total	\$	229,928	\$	2,870	\$ 232,798

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

- 8. Long-term Debt (continued)
 - f. The scheduled annual requirements to amortize all proprietary long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2020 including interest payments are as follows:

Year Ending		2015 Refunding Water Revenue Bonds									
June 30	Principal Interest					Total					
2021 2022 2023 2024	\$	935,000 955,000 985,000 930,000	\$	66,750 47,850 28,450 9,300	\$	1,001,750 1,002,850 1,013,450 939,300					
Total	\$	3,805,000	\$	152,350	\$	3,957,350					

Year Ending	2010 Water Revenue Bonds									
June 30	Principal Interest			Total						
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026-2030 2031	\$ 770,000 805,000 850,000 885,000 - 4,125,000 3,195,000	\$	601,891 562,515 523,984 484,027 462,477 1,924,863 101,994	\$	1,371,891 1,367,515 1,373,984 1,369,027 462,477 6,049,863 3,296,994					
Total	\$ 10,630,000	\$	4,661,751	\$	15,291,751					

Year Ending	2017 Sewer Refunding Revenue Bonds								
June 30		Principal		Interest		Total			
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026-2030 2031-2035 2036	\$	590,000 615,000 645,000 680,000 715,000 4,140,000 5,210,000 1,160,000	\$	611,625 582,125 551,375 519,125 485,125 1,853,125 788,325 40,600	\$	1,201,625 1,197,125 1,196,375 1,199,125 1,200,125 5,993,125 5,998,325 1,200,600			
Total	\$	13,755,000	\$	5,431,425	\$	19,186,425			

- 8. Long-term Debt (continued)
 - g. The scheduled annual requirements to amortize all the Successor Agency longterm debt outstanding as of June 30, 2020 including interest payments are as follows:

Year Ending	Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds Issue of 2016						
June 30		Principal		Interest		Total	
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026-2030 2031-2034	\$	1,900,000 1,975,000 2,055,000 2,160,000 2,265,000 13,155,000 13,030,000	\$	1,614,250 1,536,750 1,445,875 1,340,500 1,229,875 4,286,125 928,750	\$	3,514,250 3,511,750 3,500,875 3,500,500 3,494,875 17,441,125 13,958,750	
Total	\$	36,540,000	\$	12,382,125	\$	48,922,125	

Year Ending	 Tax Allocatio	on Refunding Bonds Issue of 2014					
June 30	 Principal Interest		Interest	Total			
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ 2,795,000 2,905,000 3,015,000 3,170,000 3,330,000	\$	1,084,350 970,350 836,875 682,250 519,750	\$	3,879,350 3,875,350 3,851,875 3,852,250 3,849,750		
2026-2030	 8,730,000		1,040,000		9,770,000		
Total	\$ 23,945,000	\$	5,133,575	\$	29,078,575		

Year Ending	Subordinate Note 2008								
June 30		Principal	1	nterest	Total				
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026-2028	\$	115,000 120,000 130,000 135,000 145,000 480,000	\$	64,050 57,000 49,500 41,550 33,150 44,400	\$	179,050 177,000 179,500 176,550 178,150 524,400			
Total	\$	1,125,000	\$	289,650	\$	1,414,650			

9. Compensated Absences

The City accounts for compensated absences (unpaid vacation, annual leave, unused holiday, compensated time off, and sick leave) in the Employee Benefit internal service fund. The balance for accrued compensated absences at June 30, 2020 is \$7,816,732.

Vacation accrues for all employee groups other than Fire at 10 hours per month after 1 year of service, 12 hours per month after 9 years, 14 hours per month after 14 years, 17.25 hours per month after 19 years, and 20.50 hours per month after 24 years. The maximum an employee may accumulate is an amount equivalent to 2 full calendar years of service. The maximum management may accumulate is an amount equivalent to 2 full calendar years of service plus 40 hours.

Annual leave accrues for all firemen at 18 hours per month from date of hire through 1 year, 22 hours per month after 1 year, 24 hours per month after 4 years, 26 hours per month after 9 years, 28 hours per month after 14 years, 30 hours per month after 19 years, and 33 hours per month after 24 years. Annual leave accrues for all fire management at 17 hours per month from date of hire through 1 year, 22 hours per month after 1 year, 25 hours per month after 9 years, 28 hours per month after 14 years, 31.25 hours per month after 19 years, 34.5 hours per month after 24 years. The maximum a fire employee may accumulate is an amount equivalent to 2 full calendar years of service plus 72 hours. Accumulated vacation, annual leave benefits and comp time, payable in future years when used by City employees, totaled \$6,271,865 at June 30, 2020.

Sick leave is accumulated on the basis of 8 hours for each month of service beginning from the date of hire for all employee groups other than police and fire. Police employees accumulate on the basis of 10 hours for each month of service beginning from the date of hire. Fire employees do not accumulate sick leave benefits since converting to the annual leave benefit. The City has adopted a policy for payment of unused sick leave benefits at time of retirement. Employees can be paid 50% for all unused hours up to 1,000, police employees 100% of up to 750 unused hours, and management employees 50% of all unused hours. Studies have indicated that only 12.1% of all accumulated sick leave is actually used by employees, therefore, the sick leave liability is estimated at 12.1% of the total accumulated benefit, or \$1,544,867 at June 30, 2020.

A calculated fringe benefit rate, which includes accrued compensated absences, workers' compensation, retirement and medical benefits, is applied to all labor charges. The resulting funds are deposited into internal service funds and are set aside for corresponding liabilities, which are fully funded by sufficient cash and investment in that fund. Compensated absences are liquidated using the employee benefits internal service fund's available net position.

	Beginning Balance		Additions Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year		
Vacation, Annual Leave, Benefits, and									
Comp Time	\$	5,884,354	\$ 6,830,568	\$	(6,443,057)	\$	6,271,865	\$	6,083,710
Sick Leave		1,264,534	1,536,314		(1,255,981)		1,544,867		1,498,520
Total	\$	7,148,888	\$ 8,366,882	\$	(7,699,038)	\$	7,816,732	\$	7,582,230

10. Risk Management

The City utilizes a program to self-insure for workers' compensation liability for the first \$1 million, per occurrence, for injury or occupational illness to City employees pursuant to Workers' Compensation Laws of the State of California. The City contracts with a third party who administers the program and acts as the representative of the City in claim hearings and litigation. Excess coverage is placed with a joint powers authority for losses from \$1 million up to the statutory limit per occurrence. This self-insurance program is accounted for in the Workers' Compensation internal service fund. There is an estimated liability of \$34,780,527 for workers' claims outstanding including claims incurred but not reported on June 30, 2020, which has been included as liabilities in the Workers' Compensation internal service fund.

The City also has a self-insured program for its tort and civil liabilities. The City is self-insured for the first \$2 million per occurrence. Excess liability insurance is carried thereafter to \$33 million per occurrence with commercial insurers. Claims administration and adjusting services are provided by contract with a third-party administrator specializing in public entity liability. Representation in matters of litigation is performed through the retaining of outside law firms and is supervised by the city attorney. This self-insurance program is accounted for in the Risk Management internal service fund.

The City estimates a general liability for claims outstanding, including claims incurred but not reported, on June 30, 2020, in the amount of \$6,751,631 which has been included as liabilities in the Risk Management internal service fund.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Attempts are made to settle these cases or proceed to trial as recommended by the attorney. The City believes that it has meritorious defenses to the allegations contained in the cases. However, the City has accrued and reserved reasonable amounts based on the actuarial analysis and attorney recommendations to cover the potential losses to the extent the exposures are deemed probable and estimable.

Settled claims have not exceeded any of the City's coverage amounts in any of the last three fiscal years and there were no reductions in the City's insurance coverage during the year ended June 30, 2020. Changes in the aggregate liability for claims for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Worker's Compensation	2020	2019			
Liability, July 1 Cost and claims incurred Claim payments	\$ 35,928,000 2,558,562 (3,706,035)	\$	33,345,000 7,118,036 (4,535,036)		
Liability, June 30	\$ 34,780,527	\$	35,928,000		
Due within one year Due in more than one year	\$ 4,830,588 29,949,939	\$	5,348,000 30,580,000		
	\$ 34,780,527	\$	35,928,000		
Risk Management	_				
Liability, July 1 Cost and claims incurred Claim payments	\$ 5,454,441 2,503,574 (1,206,384)	\$	4,033,000 1,654,934 (233,493)		
Liability, June 30	\$ 6,751,631	\$	5,454,441		
Due within one year Due in more than one year	\$ 2,551,251 4,200,380	\$	2,776,441 2,678,000		
	\$ 6,751,631	\$	5,454,441		

11. Public Employees' Retirement System

a. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description - The City of Garden Grove's defined benefit pension plans, the Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Garden Grove and the Safety Plan of the City of Garden Grove, provide retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Miscellaneous Plan of the City of Garden Grove and the Safety Plan of the City of Garden Grove are part of the Public Agency portion of the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS), an agent multiple-employer plan administered by CalPERS, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public employers within the State of California. A menu of benefit provisions as well as other requirements are established by State statutes within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. The City selects optional benefit provisions from the benefit menu by contract with CalPERS and adopts those benefits through local ordinance. CalPERS issues a separate Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Copies of CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

On September 12, 2012, the California Governor signed the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) into law. PEPRA took effect January 1, 2013. Key components of the legislation are as follows:

- Establishes PEPRA which applies to all public employers and public pension plans on and after January 1, 2013 (except specific exemptions);
- Establishes new retirement tiers/benefits for new public employees;
- Prohibits certain cash payment from being counted as compensation; and
- Increases retirement age for all new public employees.

Each employee contributes toward his or her retirement based upon the retirement formula. Under PEPRA, the mandated employee contribution rate is one half of the normal cost as determined annually by CalPERS for the City when the actuarial valuation of the plans are performed. Active PEPRA plan members in the Miscellaneous Plan of the City are required to contribute 6.00% of reportable earnings for a 2.0% at 62 retirement plan. Active PEPRA plan members in the Safety Plan of the City are required to contribute 11.00% of reportable earnings for a 2.7% at 57 retirement plan. Active "Classic" plan members in the Miscellaneous Plan of the City are required to contribute 8.00% of reportable earnings for a 2.5% at 55 retirement plan. Active "Classic" plan members in the Safety Plan of the City are required to contribute 9.00% of reportable earnings for a 3.0% at 50 retirement plan.

The required employer contribution rates for fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 under PEPRA are the same as the employer contribution rates for existing miscellaneous employees and public safety employees.

11. Public Employees' Retirement System (continued)

a. General Information about the Pension Plans (continued)

Benefits provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	<u>Miscellaneous</u>			
	Prior to	On or after		
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013		
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2.0% @ 62		
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service		
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life		
Retirement age	50-55	52 - 67		
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible				
compensation	2.0% to 2.5%	1.0% to 2.5%		
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	6.00%		
Required employer contribution rates	33.954%	33.954%		

	Safety				
	Prior to	On or after			
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013			
Benefit formula	3.0% @ 50	2.7% @ 57			
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service			
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life			
Retirement age	50	50 - 57			
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible					
compensation	3.00%	2.0% to 2.7%			
Required employee contribution rates	9.00%	11.00%			
Required employer contribution rates	61.113%	61.113%			

Employees covered - At June 30, 2018 (actuarial valuation date), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for each Plan:

	Misc	Safety
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Inactive employees entitled to but	623	462
not yet receiving benefits Active employees	461 410	105 249
Total	1,494	816

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

11. Public Employees' Retirement System (continued)

a. General Information about the Pension Plans (continued)

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Employer contribution rates may change if plan contracts are amended. Payments made by the employer to satisfy contribution requirements that are identified by the pension plan terms as plan member contribution requirements are classified as plan member contributions.

b. Net Pension Liability

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total

The June 30, 2018 valuation was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2019 total pension liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB 68
Actuarial Assumptions	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Mortality Rate Table ¹	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds
Post Retirement Benefit Increase	Contract COLA up to 2.50% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance. Floor on Purchasing Power applies, 2.50% thereafter

¹ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 1997 to 2015. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected mortality improvement using 90% of Scale MP-2016 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from December 2017 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

11. Public Employees' Retirement System (continued)

b. Net Pension Liability (continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

Asset Class ¹	Current Target	Real Return Years 1 -10 ²	Real Return Years 11+ 3
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	-	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real assets	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	-	(0.92%)

In the system's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

² An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.

³ An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

11. Public Employees' Retirement System (continued)

b. Net Pension Liability (continued)

Subsequent Events

There were no subsequent events that would materially affect the results presented in this disclosure.

Amortization of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Under GASB 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	5 year straight-line amortization						
All other amounts	Straight-line amortization over the average expected remaining service lifetime (EARLS) of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period						

The expected average remaining service lifetime (EARSL) is calculated by dividing the total future service years by the total number of plan participants (active, inactive, and retired). Note that inactive employees and retirees have remaining service lifetimes equal to 0. Also note that total future service is based on the members' probability of decrementing due to an event other than receiving a cash refund.

c. Changes in Net Pension Liability

The following table shows the balances related to pension at June 30, 2020:

	Miscellaneous Plan		 Safety Plan	Total		
Net Pension Liability	\$	97,669,489	\$ 194,229,089	\$	291,898,578	
Deferred outflows	\$	12,552,645	\$ 23,751,686	\$	36,304,331	
Deferred inflows	\$	2,832,739	\$ 3,376,577	\$	6,209,316	
Pension Expense	\$	14,687,068	\$ 32,831,108	\$	47,518,176	

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

11. Public Employees' Retirement System (continued)

c. Changes in Net Pension Liability (continued)

The following table shows the changes in the Net Pension Liability for each plan:

Miscellaneous Plan:		Increase(Decrease)							
Balance at June 30, 2018		otal Pension Liability (a)		an Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (c) = (a) - (b)				
		317,029,012	\$	225,182,432	\$	91,846,580			
Changes in the year:									
Service cost		5,475,558		-		5,475,558			
Interest on the total pension liability		22,545,983		-		22,545,983			
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-			
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-			
Difference between actual and expected experience		3,673,870		-		3,673,870			
Plan to Plan Resource Movement		-		(10,044)		10,044			
Contribution - employer		-		9,162,242		(9,162,242)			
Contribution - employee		-		2,158,717		(2,158,717)			
Net Investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		-		14,721,760		(14,721,760)			
contributions		(16,224,456)		(16,224,456)		-			
Administrative expense		-		(160,695)		160,695			
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense)				522		(522)			
Net changes		15,470,955		9,648,046		5,822,909			
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	332,499,967	\$	234,830,478	\$	97,669,489			

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

- 11. Public Employees' Retirement System (continued)
 - c. Changes in Net Pension Liability (continued)

Safety Plan:		Increase (Decrease)							
		Fotal Pension Liability (a)		lan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (c) = (a) - (b)				
Balance at June 30, 2018		532,149,791	\$	348,036,514	\$	184,113,277			
Changes in the year:									
Service cost Interest on the total pension liability		9,117,082 37,632,892 -		-		9,117,082 37,632,892 -			
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-			
Changes in assumptions Difference between actual		4,129,559		-		4,129,559			
and expected experience Plan to Plan Resource Movement		_		10,044		(10,044)			
Contribution - employer		_		15,698,349		(15,698,349)			
Contribution - employee		_		2,644,271		(2,644,271)			
Net Investment income		_		22,658,615		(22,658,615)			
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee		(20,007,470)		, ,		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
contributions		(29,007,470)		(29,007,470)		-			
Administrative Expense Other Miscellaneous		-		(248,366)		248,366			
Income/(Expense)		-		808		(808)			
Net changes		21,872,063		11,756,251		10,115,812			
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	554,021,854	\$	359,792,765	\$	194,229,089			

11. Public Employees' Retirement System (continued)

c. Changes in Net Pension Liability (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the net pension liability of each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	M	iscellaneous	 Safety
1% Lower		6.15%	6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	142,631,315	\$ 269,073,484
Current Discount Rate		7.15%	7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	97,669,489	\$ 194,229,089
1% Higher		8.15%	8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	60,630,247	\$ 132,837,565

The Net Pension Liabilities for the City's pension plans have been primarily liquidated by funding from the General, Water, Sewage Collection and Housing Authority funds based on their proportionate personnel costs of the year.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports and can be obtained on the CalPERS website.

d. Pension expenses and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expenses of \$14,687,068 and \$32,831,108 for Miscellaneous Plan and Safety Plan, respectively. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Miscellaneous Plan				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources			erred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	10,190,871	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions		-		(539,101)	
Differences between expected and actual experiences Net difference between projected and		2,361,774		(1,259,235)	
actual earnings on pension plan investments				(1,034,403)	
Total	\$	12,552,645	\$	(2,832,739)	

11. Public Employees' Retirement System (continued)

d. Pension expenses and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions (continued)

	Safety Plan			
	 rred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to				
measurement date	\$ 15,875,859	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions	4,926,142		(987,114)	
Differences between expected				
and actual experiences	2,949,685		(773,997)	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan				
investments	 		(1,615,466)	
Total	\$ 23,751,686	\$	(3,376,577)	

The \$10,190,871 and \$15,875,859 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

	Miscellaneous Plan		Safety Plan	
Measurement Periods Ended June 30		Deferred ow/(Inflows) Resources		Deferred ow/(Inflows) Resources
2020	\$	422,694	\$	6,339,050
2021		(822,254)		(2,299,345)
2022		(307,363)		101,354
2023		235,958		358,191

12. Other Postemployment Benefits

a. Plan Descriptions

The City administers other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan which is subject to changes based on the discretion of the Council:

PEMHCA: The City provides an agent multiple-employer defined benefit healthcare plan to retirees through the California Public Employee Retirement System (CalPERS) under the California Public Employees Medical and Hospital Care Act (PEMHCA), commonly referred to as PERS Health.

12. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

b. Employees Covered

Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City on or after age 50 (unless disabled) and are eligible to begin drawing a PERS pension. The benefits are available only to employees who retire from the City.

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the City plan:

	Number of Participants
Inactive Employees Receiving Benefit Payments	298
Inactive Employees Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefit Payments	-
Participating Active Employees	617
Total Number of Participants	915

c. Contributions

The contributions for the City's other post-employment benefits are based on pay-asyou-go financing requirements.

The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The City must agree to make a defined monthly payment towards the cost of each retiree's coverage. The City's contribution rates were \$139 and \$136 per month for each retiree for the calendar years ended 2020 and 2019, respectively.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City contributed \$487,137 to the plan.

d. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total OPEB Liability

The City's total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2019, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS:

ACTUARIAL COST METHOD: GASB 74/75 require use of the entry age actuarial cost method.

Entry age is based on the age at hire for eligible employees. The attribution period is determined as the difference between the expected retirement age and the age at hire. The APVPBP and present value of future service costs are determined on an employee by employee basis and then aggregated.

12. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

d. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total OPEB Liability (continued)

To the extent that different benefit formulas apply to different employees of the same class, the service cost is based on the benefit plan applicable to the most recently hired employees (including future hires if a new benefit formula has been agreed to and communicated to employees). This greatly simplifies administration and accounting; as well as resulting in the correct service cost for new hires.

<u>SUBSTANTIVE PLAN</u>: As required under GASB 74/75 the valuation is based on the substantive plan. The formulation of the substantive plan was based on a review of written plan documents as well as historical information provided by the city regarding practices with respect to employer and employee contribution and other relevant factors.

<u>IMPLICIT</u> <u>RATE</u> <u>SUBSIDY:</u> GASB 74/75 require use of claims costs or age-adjusted premiums approximating claims costs to determine the plan's liability. Adjusting premiums for age creates an Implicit Subsidy and is reflected as part of the plan's liability. In addition, the common approach amongst actuaries in California is to include an implict subsidy as part of the liability and as such the City requested to have reflected age-adjusted premiums in the calculation of the actuarial values. Implicit Subsidy is considered a benefit and should be included in OPEB valuation and its recognition will increase OPEB liability.

ECONOMIC ASSUMPTIONS:

<u>INFLATION</u>: 2.75% per year. Actuarial standards require using the same rate for OPEB that is used for pension.

<u>INVESTMENT</u> <u>RETURN/DISCOUNT</u> <u>RATE</u>: 3.5% per year net of expenses. This is based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index. The interest assumption changed from 3.8% to 3.5%.

TREND: 4% per year. The long-term trend assumption is based on the conclusion that, while medical trend will continue to be cyclical, the average increase over time cannot continue to outstrip general inflation by a wide margin. Trend increases in excess of general inflation result in dramatic increases in unemployment, the number of uninsured and the number of underinsured. These effects are nearing a tipping point which will inevitably result in fundamental changes in health care finance and/or delivery which will bring increases in health care costs more closely in line with general inflation. We do not believe it is reasonable to project historical trend vs. inflation differences several decades into the future.

PAYROLL INCREASE: 2.75% per year.

MORTALITY

Participant Type	Mortality Tables
Police	2014 CalPERS Mortality for Active Safety Employees
Firefighters	2014 CalPERS Mortality for Active Safety Employees
Miscellaneous	2014 CalPERS Mortality for Active Miscellaneous Employees

12. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

d. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total OPEB Liability (continued)

RETIREMENT RATES

Employee Type	Retirement Rate Tables
Police Officers	2009 CalPERS 3%@50 Rates for Sworn Police Employees or PEPRA rates, as appropriate
Firefighters	2009 CalPERS 3%@50 Rates for Sworn Fire Employees or PEPRA rates, as appropriate
General Employees	2009 CalPERS 2.5%@55 Rates for Miscellaneous Employees or PERPRA rates, as appropriate

SERVICE REQUIREMENT

Employee Type	Service Requirement Tables
Police	100% at 5 Years of Service
Firefighters	100% at 5 Years of Service
Miscellaneous	100% at 5 Years of Service

COSTS FOR RETIREE COVERAGE

Retiree liabilities are based on actual retiree premium plus an implicit rate subsidy of 81.6% of non-Medicare medical premium. Liabilities for active participants are based on the first year costs shown below, which include the implicit rate subsidy. Subsequent years' costs are based on first year costs adjusted for trend and limited by any City contribution caps.

Participant Type	Future Retirees Pre-65	Future Retirees Post -65
Fire Fighters	PEMHCA Minimum: \$1,650 Implicit Subsidy: \$13,239	\$1,650
Police Officers	PEMHCA Minimum: \$1,650 Implicit Subsidy: \$12,708	\$1,650
General Employees	PEMHCA Minimum: \$1,650 Implicit Subsidy: \$10,040	\$1,650

The participation rates per the actuarial report for all employee types for the group that is less than age 65 (Non-Medicare) and for the group that is more than age 65 (Medicare) is 70 percent.

12. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

e. Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (NOL) arising from certain sources are recognized on a deferred basis. Under GASB 74 & 75 OPEB expense includes service cost, interest cost, change in total OPEB liability due to plan changes; all adjusted for deferred inflows and outflows.

The total OPEB liability (TOL) can arise in several ways - e.g., as a result of plan changes or changes in actuarial assumptions. TOL can also arise from actuarial gains and losses. Actuarial gains and losses result from differences between actuarial assumptions and the actual plan experience.

Under GASB 74 and 75, a portion of actuarial gain and losses can be deferred as follows:

- Investment gains and losses can be deferred five years.
- Experience gains and losses can be deferred over the expected average remaining service lives (EARSL) of plan participants. In calculating the EARSL, terminated employees (primarily retirees) are considered to have working lifetime of zero. This often make the EARSL, quite short.
- Liability changes resulting from changes in economic and demographic assumptions are also deferred based on the average working lifetime.
- Liability changes resulting from plan changes, for example, cannot be deferred.

OPEB Expense a Deferred Outflow/Inflow of Resources to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expenses of \$3,800,130. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred Outflows of Resources	eferred Inflows of Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	487,137	\$ -
Changes of assumptions		24,306,750	(743,248)
Difference between expected and actual experience			(174,765)
Total	\$	24,793,887	\$ (918,013)

The \$487,137 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2019 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Measurement Periods Ended June 30	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) <u>of Resources</u>)
2020	\$ 2,477,683	
2021	2,964,820	
2022	2,477,683	
2023	2,477,683	
2024	2,182,180	
Thereafter	11,295,825	

12. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

f. Total OPEB Liability

If actuarial assumptions are borne out by experience, the City will fully accrue retiree benefits by expensing an amount each year that equals the service cost. If no accruals had taken place in the past, there would be a shortfall of many years' accruals, accumulated interest and forfeitures for terminated or deceased employees. This shortfall is called the Total OPEB Liability (TOL). The TOL is calculated as the APVPBP (Acturial Present Value of Projected Benefit Payments) minus the present value of future service costs.

g. Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the OPEB liability for the City are as follows:

Changes in Net OPEB Liabil	tv as of June	30,2019
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	Increase (Decrea Net OPEB Liability (NOL						
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	18,203,123					
Changes recognized for the measuremen	t perio	d:					
Service Cost	_	627,266					
Interest on TOL		695,181					
Employer Contributions as Benefits		(467,790)					
Employee Contributions		-					
Expected Minus Actual Benefit Payments		22,763					
Experience (Gains)/Losses		(216,121)					
Assumption Changes		26,892,575					
Actual Investment Income		-					
Administrative Expense Benefit Payments		_					
Net Changes		27,553,874					
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$	45,756,997					

h. Sensitivity of OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability with a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2019:

	Discount Rate	Valuation Discount	Discount Rate
	1% Lower	Rate	1% Higher
OPEB Liability	\$51,376,857	\$45,756,997	\$41,064,198

12. Other Postemployment Benefits (continued)

i. Sensitivity of OPEB Liability to Changes in the Trend Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2019:

	Trend Rate 1%	Valuation Trend	Trend Rate 1%
OPEB Liability	\$41,478,914	\$45,756,997	\$50,387,725

13. Non-committal debt

a. Garden Grove Housing Authority Variable Rate Demand Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Series A of 1990, for \$12,000,000 were issued as an obligation of the Housing Authority. These bonds are not reflected in the City's financial statements since the use and disposition of the bond proceeds are controlled by an outside trustee, rather than the City, and since neither the Housing Authority, nor the City, is, in any event, liable for the payment of the principal or interest on the bonds. The bonds were issued to provide funds for the cost of developing the Valley View Senior Village, a multifamily rental housing project in the City. As of June 30, 2020, the balance outstanding was \$9,100,000.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

a. Grants

Under the terms of federal, county and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. If some expenditures were disallowed, the City believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

b. Construction Commitments

The City has active construction projects as of June 30, 2020. City project commitments includes street improvements, storm drain improvements, traffic improvements, and park improvements. Proprietary fund project commitments include water main improvements, water reservoir rehabilitation projects and sewer main improvements. At fiscal year-end, the City's construction project commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Spe	nt-to-date	emaining mmitment
Street Improvements	\$	3,365,630	\$ 5,358,719
Storm Drain Improvements		164,383	83,305
Park Improvements		166,952	262,410
Water Improvements		1,002,284	926,523
Sewer Improvements		457,095	2,784,996
Total	\$	5,156,344	\$ 9,415,953

14. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

c. Contract Commitments

The City entered into an agreement with the Orange County Fire Authority (OCFA) on April 9, 2019 for OCFA to provide fire and emergency medical services to the City starting on August 16, 2019. OCFA will lease specified apparatus at no cost and fire stations at \$1 per year per station. Annually, the City will pay its share of OCFA's vehicle replacement program. The City will also pay a monthly fee of \$1,931,500 for the fire and emergency medical services. The monthly amount is subject to change on an annual basis and is due at the beginning of each month.

d. Uncertainties

The effects of the COVID-19 outbreak and governmental actions responsive to it are altering the behavior of businesses and consumers in a manner that is having significant impacts on global and local economies. In addition, financial markets in the United States and globally have seen significant declines and experienced significant volatility attributed to COVID-19 concerns. Potential impacts to the City associated with the COVID-19 outbreak include, but are not limited to, increasing costs and challenges to maintain a safe community, cancellations of public events, and disruption of the regional and local economy with corresponding decreases in the City's revenues.

The COVID-19 outbreak is ongoing, and the duration and severity of the outbreak and the economic and other actions that may be taken by governmental authorities to contain the outbreak or to treat its impact are uncertain. The ultimate impact of COVID-19 on the operations and finances of the City is unknown. The City implemented various cost containment measures during the year and amended its Fiscal Year 2020-21 budget, which includes consideration of the effect of the COVID-19 outbreak and an anticipated recession. The City continues to actively monitor the regional and local economy so that any further financial impacts can be anticipated and disruption to services can be avoided.

15. Joint Venture

The City participates in the Anaheim-Garden Grove-Orange Fire Training Facility Authority, a joint powers authority created to finance fire training and dispatching facilities. The City Council of each city appoints one representative to the three-member Board of Directors. The City's proportionate share is 22.0%. Because the City is not financially accountable, the training facility is not considered part of the City's reporting entity. Separate financial statements are not issued.

16. Tax Abatements

The City of Garden Grove enters into various tax abatement agreements for the purpose of attracting and retaining businesses within the City. The Garden Grove Agency for Community Development also entered into three such agreements specific to hotel developments that are now the enforceable obligations of the Successor Agency pursuant to the 2011 Redevelopment Agency Dissolution Act.

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

16. Tax Abatements (continued)

In 2016, the City approved an Amended and Restated Operating Covenant Agreement with California Fuels and Lubricants for business retention purposes pursuant to Senate Bill 562. The Amended Agreement effective July 1, 2016 provides for economic development assistance in form of varying revenue sharing ratios of the amount of sales tax revenue generated in excess of \$200,000 annually for a period of 20 years. For Fiscal Year 2019-20, California Fuels and Lubricants received assistance payments of \$539,638.

In 2010, the Successor Agency entered into an agreement with Garden Grove MXD, LLC for the construction of the Great Wolf Lodge. The performance based assistance began in 2015-16 and is based on the Transient Occupancy Tax rate. If the Transient Occupancy Tax rate charged by the City impacts an agreed upon Transient Occupancy Tax rate differential with a neighboring City, an amount will be rebated to the developer equal to the total room revenue multiplied by that Transient Occupancy Tax differential. The amount of Transient Occupancy Tax rebated to Garden Grove MXD, LLC for the Fiscal Year 2019-20 is \$516,477. This amount is an approved enforceable obligation of the Successor Agency, and will be paid via the State of California approved Recognized Obligation Payments Schedule.

In 2017, the City entered into an agreement with Garden Grove Automotive, Inc (GGA) to acquire the site and continue to sell Kia automobiles. Subject to the contingency that GGA fulfills the covenants of the agreement and generate enough sales tax revenue during the fiscal year, the City has agreed to pay an amount equal to 35% of the sales tax revenue in excess of \$150,000. The amount paid at June 30, 2020 was \$102,893.

17. Prior Period Adjustment

GOVERNMENT WIDE AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENTS

Prior period adjustments were made to the beginning net position/fund balance of the Government-Wide Financial Statements and the Proprietary Funds Statements. As a result, the beginning of the year was restated to properly account for these corrections.

A total prior period adjustment of \$3,650,464, was made to decrease the beginning fund balance of the Golf Course fund, due to the conversion from special revenue fund to enterprise fund at June 30, 2019.

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

C. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (continued)

17. Prior Period Adjustment (continued)

The aforementioned adjustments resulted in the following restatement to net position at June 30, 2019:

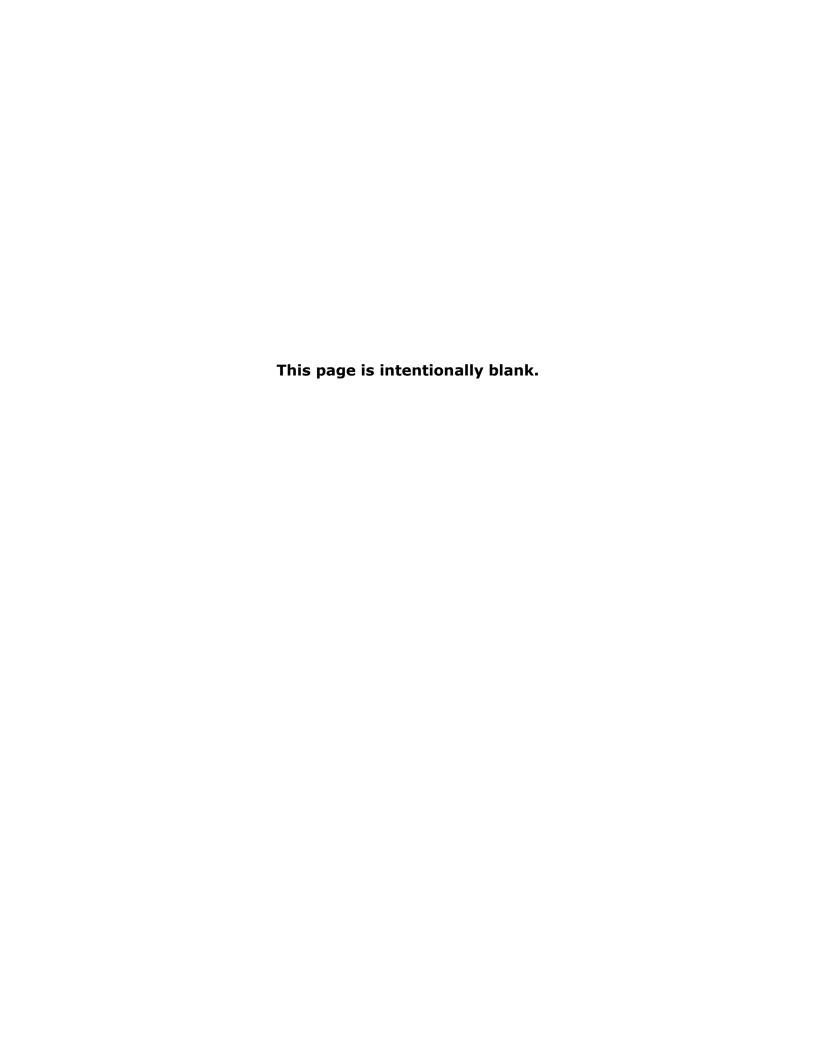
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Net position at June 30, 2019, as previously reported	\$ 586,007,464	\$ 158,289,669
Prior period adjustments: Land Capital assets	(3,132,711) (242,466)	3,132,711 242,466
Accumulated depreciation Reclass Golf Course Net Position	242,466 (517,753)	(242,466) 517,753
Net position at June 30, 2019, as restated	\$ 582,357,000	\$ 161,940,133

18. Subsequent Event

On November 3, 2020, Garden Grove Public Financing Authority issued the 2020 Water Revenue Bonds, Series A to to refund the Authority's 2010 Water Revenue Bonds, Series A, B and C, and finance the acquisition and construction of certain water system improvements. The 2020 Water Revenue Bonds was issued at a premium with the par amount of \$23,220,000. The refunding resulted in a net present value savings of \$1.63 million, or 15.3% of the refunded bonds.

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Required Supplemental Information



CITY OF GARDEN GROVE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

	Miscellaneous												
Measurement Period	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014							
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY													
Service cost	\$ 5,475,558	\$ 5,401,390	\$ 5,295,064	\$ 4,717,431	\$ 4,505,053	\$ 4,722,338							
Interest on total pension liability	22,545,983	21,444,843	20,965,466	20,513,676	19,499,703	18,697,528							
Changes of assumptions	-	(1,737,101)	17,855,824	-	(4,893,202)	-							
Difference between expected and actual experience	3,673,870	(4,057,535)	(5,244,453)	1,501,168	(1,007,886)	-							
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(16,224,456)	(14,088,814)	(13,540,154)	(12,581,087)	(12,134,038)	(11,490,804							
Net change in total pension liability	15,470,955	6,962,783	25,331,747	14,151,188	5,969,630	11,929,062							
Total pension liability - beginning	317,029,012	310,066,229	284,734,482	270,583,294	264,613,664	252,684,602							
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 332,499,967	\$ 317,029,012	\$ 310,066,229	\$ 284,734,482	\$ 270,583,294	\$ 264,613,664							
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION													
Contribution - Employer	\$ 9,162,242	\$ 8,199,628	\$ 7,579,342	\$ 6,646,792	\$ 5,948,472	\$ 5,101,581							
Contribution - Employee	2,158,717	2,429,785	2,308,262	2,242,990	2,281,790	2,070,127							
Net investment income	14,721,760	17,695,861	21,554,042	1,004,774	4,419,750	29,571,239							
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(16,224,456)	(14,088,814)	(13,540,154)	(12,581,087)	(12,134,038)	(11,490,804							
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	(10,044)	36,458	(64,848)	(69,973)	-	-							
Administrative Expense	(160,695)	(330,147)	(286,986)	(120,179)	(221,880)	-							
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense) 1	522	(626,954)											
Net change in fiduciary net position	9,648,046	13,315,817	17,549,658	(2,876,683)	294,094	25,252,143							
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 2	225,182,432	211,866,615	194,316,867	197,193,550	196,899,456	171,647,313							
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 234,830,478	\$ 225,182,432	\$ 211,866,525	\$ 194,316,867	\$ 197,193,550	\$ 196,899,456							
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 97,669,489	\$ 91,846,580	\$ 98,199,704	\$ 90,417,615	\$ 73,389,744	\$ 67,714,208							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.63%	71.03%	68.33%	68.24%	72.88%	74.419							
Covered payroll 3	\$ 30,347,270	\$ 29,746,612	\$ 29,037,915	\$ 28,573,176	\$ 27,094,801	\$ 27,060,561							
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	321.84%	308.76%	338.18%	316,44%	270.86%	250.239							

^{*}Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable

Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18, CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB68).

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:

Benefit Changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2018 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: None in 2019. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CaIPERS Experience Study and Review of Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

During Fiscal Year 2017-18, as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans other than Pensions (GASB 75), CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB plan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one-time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75.

 $^{^{2}}$ Includes any beginning of year adjustment.

Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.75 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 3.00 percent payroll gr

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

			Sa	fety		
Measurement Period	<u>2019</u>	2018	<u> 2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY						
Service cost	\$ 9,117,082	\$ 8,706,648	\$ 8,648,153	\$ 7,378,575	\$ 7,025,519	\$ 7,433,857
Interest on total pension liability	37,632,892	36,094,312	35,007,255	33,944,797	32,447,673	31,439,433
Changes of assumptions	-	(2,221,006)	29,556,856	-	(4,660,010)	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	4,129,559	(961,074)	(2,081,126)	2,203,036	(8,032,852)	-
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(29,007,470)	(26,226,816)	(24,371,140)	(22,718,361)	(21,846,674)	(20,185,546)
Net change in total pension liability	21,872,063	15,392,064	46,759,998	20,808,047	4,933,656	18,687,744
Total pension liability - beginning	532,149,791	516,757,727	469,997,729	449,189,682	444,256,026	425,568,282
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 554,021,854	\$ 532,149,791	\$ 516,757,727	\$ 469,997,729	\$ 449,189,682	\$ 444,256,026
Contribution - Employer	\$ 15,698,349	\$ 14,147,727	\$ 13,302,274	\$ 11,468,654	\$ 10,155,643	\$ 9,427,732
Contribution - Employee	2,644,271	2,873,704	2,823,680	2,915,098	2,611,738	2,439,710
Net investment income	22,658,615	27,492,574	33,837,324	1,532,436	6,960,883	47,553,580
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(29,007,470)	(26,226,816)	(24,371,140)	(22,718,361)	(21,846,674)	(20,185,546
Net Plan to Plan Resource Movement	10,044	(37,788)	-	-	-	-
Administrative Expense	(248,366)	(516,231)	(452,000)	(190,840)	(352,473)	-
Other Miscellaneous Income/(Expense) 1	808	(980,332)				
Net change in fiduciary net position	11,756,251	16,752,838	25,140,138	(6,993,013)	(2,470,883)	39,235,476
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning 2	348,036,514	331,283,676	306,143,539	313,136,552	315,607,435	276,371,959
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 359,792,765	\$ 348,036,514	\$ 331,283,677	\$ 306,143,539	\$ 313,136,552	\$ 315,607,435
Plan net pension liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 194,229,089	\$ 184,113,277	\$ 185,474,050	\$ 163,854,190	\$ 136,053,130	\$ 128,648,591
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.94%	65.40%	64.11%	65.14%	69.71%	71.04%
Covered payroll 3	\$ 29,663,516	\$ 28,541,707	\$ 28,636,267	\$ 27,481,750	\$ 26,325,623	\$ 26,592,225
Plan net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	654.77%	645.07%	647.69%	596.23%	516.81%	483.78%

*Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable

Additionally, CalPERS employees participate in various State of California agent pension plans and during Fiscal Year 2017-18, CalPERS recorded a correction to previously reported financial statements to properly reflect its proportionate share of activity related to pensions in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68).

- 2 Includes any beginning of year adjustment.
- 3 Includes one year's payroll growth using 2.75 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2018-19; 3.00 percent payroll growth assumption for fiscal years ended June 30, 2014-17.

Notes to Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios:

Benefit Changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after the June 30, 2018 valuation date. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes).

Changes of Assumptions: None in 2019. In 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed in accordance to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Assumptions December 2017. There were no changes in the discount rate. In 2017, the discount rate was reduced from 7.65 percent to 7.15 percent. In 2016, there were no changes. In 2015, amounts reported reflect an adjustment of the discount rate from 7.5 percent (net of administrative expense) to 7.65 percent (without a reduction for pension plan administrative expense). In 2014, amounts reported were based on the 7.5 percent discount rate.

During Fiscal Year 2017-18, as a result of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASB) No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pensions (GASB 75), CalPERS reported its proportionate share of activity related to postemployment benefits for participation in the State of California's agent OPEB plan. Accordingly, CalPERS recorded a one-time expense as a result of the adoption of GASB 75.

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS JLTIPLE EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Schedule of Plan Contributions for the Fiscal Years Ended Jur	ne 30								
					Misco	ellaneous			
		2020	2019	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contributions Contributions in relation to the	\$	10,190,871	\$ 9,153,245	\$ 8,199,628	\$	7,579,342	\$ 6,646,792	\$ 5,948,472	\$ 5,101,581
actuarially determined contributions		(10,190,871)	(9,153,245)	(8,199,628)		(7,579,342)	(6,646,792)	(5,948,472)	(5,101,581)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$	29,122,884	\$ 28,044,597	\$ 29,746,612	\$	29,037,915	\$ 28,573,176	\$ 27,094,801	\$ 27,060,561
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		34.99%	32.64%	27.56%		26.10%	23.26%	21.95%	18.85%

 $^{^{\}ast}$ $\,$ Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable

Notes to Schedule of Plan Contributions:

Valuation date: 6/30/2017

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method

For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report. Amortization method/period

Asset valuation method Market value of assets. For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report.

Inflation 2.625%

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Payroll growth 2.875%

Investment rate of return

2.2.67% net of pension plan investment administrative expenses; includes inflation.

The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CalPERS Experience Study which are incorporated in the current valuation. Retirement age

Mortality

The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CaIPERS Experience Study which are incorporated in the current valuation. The pre-retirement mortality non-industrial death rates vary by age and gender. Industrial death rates vary by age. The non-industrial death rates are used for all plans. The industrial death rates are used for safety plans. Miscellaneous plans usually have industrial death rates set to zero unless the agency has specifically contracted for industrial death benefits. The post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvement using 90 percent of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

Other information For changes to previous year's information, refer to past GASB 68 reports.

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS AGENT MULTIPLE EMPLOYER DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Schedule of Plan Contributions for the Fiscal Years End	ed June	e 30						
					Safety			
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contributions	\$	15,875,859	\$ 15,691,168	\$ 14,147,727	\$ 13,302,273	\$ 11,468,654	\$ 10,155,643	\$ 9,427,732
Contributions in relation to the								
actuarially determined contributions		(15,875,859)	(15,691,168)	(14,147,727)	(13,302,273)	(11,468,654)	(10,155,643)	(9,427,732)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$	27,646,663	\$ 27,659,707	\$ 28,541,707	\$ 28,636,267	\$ 27,481,750	\$ 26,325,623	\$ 26,592,225
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		57.42%	56.73%	49.57%	46.45%	41.73%	38.58%	35.45%

 $^{^{\}ast}$ Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: 6/30/2017

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method/period For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report.

Market value of assets. For details, see June 30, 2017 Funding Valuation Report. Asset valuation method 2.625%

Inflation

Salary Increases Payroll growth Varies by entry age and service 2.875%

7.25%, net of pension plan investment administrative expenses; includes inflation.

The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CaIPERS Experience Study which are incorporated in the current valuation. Investment rate of return

Retirement age

Mortality

The probabilities of retirement are based on the 2017 CaIPERS Experience Study which are incorporated in the current valuation. The pre-retirement mortality non-industrial death rates vary by age and gender. Industrial death rates vary by age. The non-industrial death rates are used for all plans. The industrial death rates are used for safety plans. Miscellaneous plans usually have industrial death rates set to zero unless the agency has specifically contracted for industrial death benefits. The post-retirement mortality rates include 15 years of projected on-going mortality improvement using 90 percent of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

For changes to previous year's information, refer to past GASB 68 reports.

Other information

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS for the Measurement Periods Ended June 30 THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS*

Measurement Period	<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>	2017
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY				
Service cost	\$ 627,266	\$	669,889	\$ 651,960
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	695,181		695,599	610,096
Employer Contributions	(467,790)		(420,642)	=
Expected Minus Actual Benefit Payments	22,763		=	=
Experience (Gains)/Losses	(216,121)		=	=
Changes in Assumptions	26,892,575		(922,346)	-
Benefit payments	=		=	 (391,489)
Net change in total OPEB liability	27,553,874		22,500	870,567
Total OPEB liability - beginning	18,203,123		18,180,623	 17,310,056
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 45,756,997 **	* \$	18,203,123	\$ 18,180,623
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.00%		0.00%	0.00%
Covered-employee payroll	55,122,260		55,704,304	57,674,182
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	83.01%		32.68%	31.52%

^{*}Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

^{**} Liabilities reflect an implict rate subsidy for Pre-Medicare retirees. GASB 74 and 75 require use of claims costs or age-adjusted premiums approximating claims costs to determine the plan's liability. Adjusting premiums for age creates Implicit Subsidy and is reflected as part of the plan's liability.

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ 120,469,244	\$ 120,469,244	\$ 116,998,382	\$ (3,470,862)
Licenses and permits	1,324,120	1,324,120	2,576,315	1,252,195
Fines, forfeits and penalties	1,806,606	1,806,606	2,192,274	385,668
Investment earnings	811,619	811,619	4,983,917	4,172,298
Charges for current services	7,250,026	7,250,026	6,850,280	(399,746)
From other agencies	249,305	4,570,686	2,199,652	(2,371,034)
Other revenues	4,444,413	4,444,413	4,326,611	(117,802)
Total revenues	136,355,333	140,676,714	140,127,431	(549,283)
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Fire	27,747,871	27,747,871	27,974,934	(227,063)
Police	64,631,012	65,048,361	63,552,625	1,495,736
Traffic safety	2,312,886	2,312,886	2,444,723	(131,837)
Public right of way	5,357,154	5,505,992	4,918,691	587,301
Community buildings	3,378,262	3,378,262	2,780,717	597,545
Community services	4,221,361	4,221,361	4,328,159	(106,798)
Economic development	1,671,987	5,566,158	1,146,165	4,419,993
Parks and greenbelts	1,370,681	1,370,681	1,335,268	35,413
Community planning and development	6,734,957	7,684,654	6,055,605	1,629,049
Municipal support Capital outlay:	8,040,301	11,843,083	8,220,207	3,622,876
Fire	-	-	-	-
Police	395,000	488,632	8,848	479,784
Traffic safety	-	-	-	-
Public right of way	234,000	992,088	506,934	485,154
Community buildings	46,439	46,439	-	46,439
Community services	-	-	6,000	(6,000)
Parks and greenbelts	-	-	-	-
Community planning and development	-	495,000	-	495,000
Municipal support Debt service:	-	-	-	-
Principal retirement	532,293	532,293	495,034	37,259
Interest	1,136,795	1,136,795	1,136,795	-
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	_
Total expenditures	127,810,999	138,370,556	124,910,705	13,459,851
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	8,544,334	2,306,158	15,216,726	12,910,568
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	903,663	903,663	3,576,491	2,672,828
Transfers out	(4,022,259)	(4,022,259)	(4,454,092)	(431,833)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	873,620	873,620
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,118,596)	(3,118,596)	(3,981)	3,114,615
Net change in fund balance	5,425,738	(812,438)	15,212,745	16,025,183
Fund balance, beginning of year	67,117,328	67,117,328	67,117,328	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 72,543,066	\$ 66,304,890	\$ 82,330,073	\$ 16,025,183

See accompanying note to required supplementary information.

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

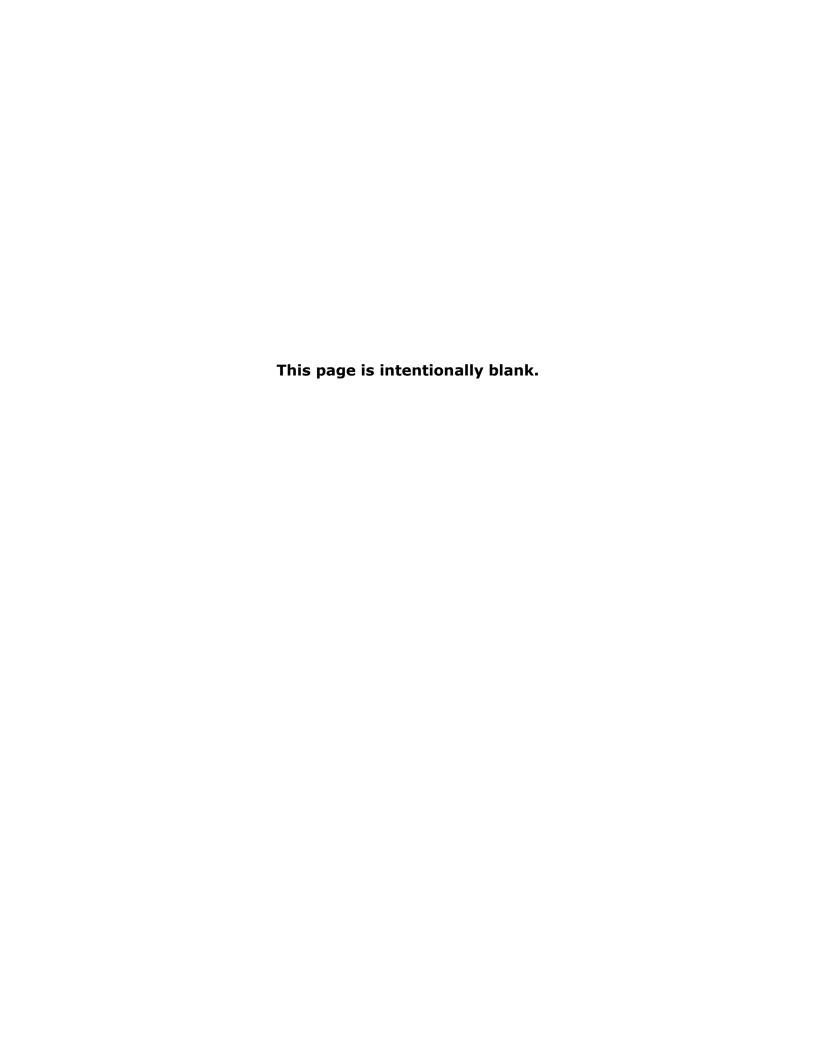
Under Article XIIIB of the California Constitution (the GANN Spending Limitation Initiative), the City is restricted as to the amount of annual appropriations, and if certain proceeds of taxes exceed allowed appropriations, the excess must be refunded to the taxpayers either through revised tax rates or revised fee schedules.

The City budget report is prepared under the direction of the City Manager in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the requirements of Municipal Code Section 2.08.150. Annual budgets are legally adopted for the general fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds. These funds are budgeted based on the modified accrual basis of accounting and include proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The City Council approves the total budgeted appropriations and any amendments to total appropriations which may be required during the year. Revenues are budgeted by source, and expenditures are budgeted by program.

The legal level of budgetary control is considered to be at the fund level since management can reassign resources within a fund without special approval from City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions which alter the total appropriations of any fund must be approved by City Council.

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Other Supplemental Information



CITY OF GARDEN GROVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Public Safety Fund

Revenues received from the City's share of drug forfeit and seizure money, revenues received from the state under SB172, and various police grants are accounted for in this fund. These funds are used to help support the City's public safety operations.

State Gas Tax Fund

State gasoline taxes received by the City are accounted for in this fund. Revenue received is used for street maintenance, construction, and/or right of way acquisition.

Developer Fees Fund

Traffic mitigation and developer fees used to alleviate traffic and sewer problems caused by new development, cultural art fees to be used for City cultural arts projects and programs, park fees which are to be used for park development, drainage fees which are to be used to alleviate City drainage problems are some of the fees that are accounted for in the fund.

Garden Grove Cable Fund

This fund represents a grant from a private cable corporation of 2% and its cable usage revenue. Expenditures are for public, educational, and governmental access.

Street Lighting Fund

The purpose of this fund is to provide an accounting for the installation, operation, and maintenance of street lighting within the City. Revenues for this fund are received from property taxes collected by the County of Orange.

Park Maintenance

The purpose of this fund is to provide an accounting for the maintenance of parks within the City. Revenues for this fund are received from property taxes collected by the County of Orange.

Main Street District Fund

This fund is used to account for the maintenance of improvements on Main Street in downtown Garden Grove. Revenue for this fund are received from a property tax levy on the main street area.

Air Quality Improvement Fund

This fund is used to account for revenue received from the South Coast Air Quality Management District for the primary purpose of establishing a ride share program for City employees.

Other Grants and Contributions Fund

The City is the recipient of numerous other federal, state and county grants, plus contributions from other sources. These grants and contributions are accounted for in this fund.

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Garden Grove Tourism Improvement District

This fund is used to account for the tourism marketing efforts through the Anaheim/Orange County Visitors and Convention Bureau and other activities and improvements that promote tourism in the Garden Grove Tourism Improvement District area.

Street Rehabilitation Fund

This fund is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made for various street rehabilitation projects.

HOME Grant Special Revenue Fund

The HOME Grant special revenue fund is used to account for the revenues received and expenditures made for the housing assistance program, which is funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Major Fund:

Housing Successor Agency Fund

Capital projects for low and moderate income housing are accounted for in this fund.

Nonmajor Funds:

Housing Authority Assets Fund

Capital projects with the Civic Center area are accounted for in this fund.

Public Safety Fund

Capital projects with Public Safety are accounted for in this fund.

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CITY OF GARDEN GROVE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	 	Special Reve	nue	Funds	
	 Public Safety	State Gas Tax		Developer Fees	den Grove Cable
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,988,339	\$ 6,546,806	\$	9,990,073	\$ 5,428
Cash with fiscal agents	-	-		-	-
Taxes receivable	47,158	463,257		-	-
Accounts receivable	-	-		-	12,311
Interest receivable	5,213	26,533		39,561	-
Deposits and prepaid items	190,860	-		-	3,749
Intergovernmental receivable	-	-		-	· -
Notes receivable, net	_	-		-	_
Total assets	\$ 2,231,570	\$ 7,036,596	\$	10,029,634	\$ 21,488
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,273	\$ 1,099,714	\$	232,046	\$ 2,258
Accrued liabilities	-	233,901		35,280	3,727
Unearned revenue	_	, -		-	· -
Due to other funds	_	39,810		2,148	3,192
Total liabilities	1,273	1,373,425		269,474	9,177
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Unavailable Revenue	-	-		-	-
Total Deferred Inflows	 -	-		-	 -
Fund balances:					
Non-Spendable:					
Prepaid items	190,860	-		-	3,749
Restricted:					
Public safety	2,039,437	-		-	-
Public right of way	-	5,663,171		2,020,929	-
Drainage	-	-		75,654	-
Community planning and development	-	-		2,084,532	-
Community services	-	-		5,579,045	8,562
Unassigned	 -	 -		-	 -
Total fund balances	 2,230,297	 5,663,171		9,760,160	 12,311
					.
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,231,570	\$ 7,036,596	\$	10,029,634	\$ 21,48

		9	Special Reve	nue F	unds			
Street Lighting					in Street District	Air Quality Improvement		
_	205.000		E1 400	_	222.665	_	244 167	
\$	205,888	\$	51,499	\$	223,665	\$	244,167	
	16 551				-		-	
	16,551		8,226		-		-	
	-		33,476		-		-	
	-		277		900		2,664	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		54,818	
_	-						-	
\$	222,439	\$	93,478	\$	224,565	\$	301,649	
\$	164,220	\$	11,165	\$	2,591	\$	1,720	
	2,916		4,005		-		789	
	-		-		-		-	
	2,701		4,478		-		690	
	169,837		19,648		2,591		3,199	
	-		-		-		-	
	_		_		_		_	
	52,602		_		221,974		298,450	
	-		_				230,430	
	_		73,830		_		_	
	_		-		_		_	
	_		-		_		_	
	52,602		73,830		221,974		298,450	
	-2,002		. 3,000	-				
\$	222,439	\$	93,478	\$	224,565	\$	301,649	

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2020

		S	pecial R	evenue Funds		
		Other	GG	i Tourism		
	G	rants and	Im	provement		Street
	Co	ntributions		District	Re	habilitation
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	4,202,855	\$	90,818	\$	1,359,669
Cash with fiscal agents		-		-		-
Taxes receivable		-		139,618		-
Accounts receivable		49,217		-		537,176
Interest receivable		1,550		-		3,847
Deposits and prepaid items		-		-		-
Intergovernmental receivable		2,275,251		-		338,207
Notes receivable, net		3,147,236		-		
Total assets	\$	9,676,109	\$	230,436	\$	2,238,899
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	526,485	\$	-	\$	745,936
Accrued liabilities		93,168		166,273		15,101
Unearned revenue		49,252		-		-
Due to other funds		2,104,462		7,500		410,660
Total liabilities		2,773,367		173,773		1,171,697
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Revenue		2,178,815		115,960		-
Total Deferred Inflows		2,178,815		115,960		-
Fund balances:						
Non-Spendable:						
Prepaid items		-		-		-
Restricted						
Public safety		429,489		-		-
Public right of way		1,031,215		-		1,067,202
Drainage		-		-		-
Community planning and development		3,009,480		-		-
Community services		253,743		-		-
Unassigned		-		(59,297)		-
Total fund balances		4,723,927		(59,297)		1,067,202
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	9,676,109	\$	230,436	\$	2,238,899

Spe	cial Revenue						
	Fund		Capital Pro	Total			
	IOME Grant		Housing				Nonmajor
Spe	ecial Revenue		Authority		Public	(Governmental
	Fund		Assets		Safety		Funds
\$	154,844	\$	698,209	\$	69,962	\$	25,832,222
	-		-		1,564,125		1,564,125
	-		-		-		674,810
	-		1,714		-		633,894
	634		2,782		-		83,961
	-		-		-		194,609
	309,701		-		-		2,977,977
	16,848,560		1,776,212		-		21,772,008
\$	17,313,739	\$	2,478,917	\$	1,634,087	\$	53,733,606
\$	167,610	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,955,018
·	2,226	·	-	·	-		557,386
	-		-		_		49,252
	1,952		-		-		2,577,593
	171,788		-		-		6,139,249
	309,701		-		-		2,604,476
	309,701		-		-		2,604,476
	-		-		-		194,609
	-		-		1,634,087		4,103,013
	-		-		-		10,355,543
	-		-		-		75,654
	16,832,250		2,478,917		-		24,479,009
	-		-		-		5,841,350
	=				<u> </u>		(59,297)
	16,832,250		2,478,917		1,634,087		44,989,881
\$	17,313,739	\$	2,478,917	\$	1,634,087	\$	53,733,606

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Special Rev	enue F	unds			
		Public Safety		State Gas Tax		Developer Fees		Garden Grove Cable	
REVENUES:									
Taxes	\$	688,161	\$	_	\$	_	\$	82,144	
Licenses and permits	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	70,282	Ψ	-	
Fines, forfeits and penalties		98,939		_		-		_	
Investment earnings		40,958		173,511		347,149		_	
Charges for current services		56,160		-		2,189,482		-	
From other agencies		416,024		7,026,854		-		-	
Other revenues		-		604		-		55,027	
Total revenues		1,300,242		7,200,969		2,606,913		137,171	
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
Police		604,573		-		-		-	
Traffic safety		-		374,894		-		-	
Public right of way		-		1,763,664		-		-	
Community services		-		-		26,973		362,641	
Economic development		-		-		-		-	
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		22,624		-	
Community planning and development		-		-		149,740		41,289	
Municipal support		-		-		-		6,530	
Capital outlay:									
Police		43,700		-		-		-	
Traffic safety		-		16,978		-		-	
Public right of way		-		5,498,464		360,879		-	
Drainage		-				52,154		-	
Community buildings		-		-		28,370		-	
Community services		-		-		-		-	
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		311,120		-	
Total expenditures		648,273		7,654,000		951,860		410,460	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		651,969		(453,031)		1,655,053		(273,289)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Transfers in		-		-		-		325,332	
Transfers out		-		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-				-		325,332	
Net change in fund balances		651,969		(453,031)		1,655,053		52,043	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year, as restated		1,578,328		6,116,202		8,105,107		(39,732)	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	2,230,297	\$	5,663,171	\$	9,760,160	\$	12,311	

	Special Revenue Funds											
	Street Lighting	Park Maintenance	Main Street District	Air Quality Improvement								
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -								
	-	-	-	-								
	-	-	-	-								
	4,617	1,387	8,006	14,646								
	1,352,117	706,167	26,371	-								
	-	-	-	222,157 404								
	1,356,734	707,554	34,377	237,207								
	1,550,751	707,551	31,377									
	-	-	-	-								
	1,245,022	-	-	-								
	68,612	-	20,810	10,000								
	-	-	-	-								
	-	-	-	-								
	-	699,010	-	-								
	-	-	-	3,948								
	23,405	4,749	-	132,945								
	-	-	-	-								
	-	-	-	-								
	-	-	-	400,000								
	-	-	-	-								
	-	-	-	-								
	-	-	-	-								
	1 227 020	702.750	- 20.010									
	1,337,039	703,759	20,810	546,893								
	19,695	3,795	13,567	(309,686)								
	-	3,760	-	-								
		3,760	-									
-			-									
	19,695	7,555	13,567	(309,686)								
	32,907	66,275	208,407	608,136								
\$	52,602	\$ 73,830	\$ 221,974	\$ 298,450								

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		:	Special I	Revenue Funds			
		Other GG Tourism					
	G	rants and	Im	provement	Street		
	Co	ntributions		District	Reh	abilitation	
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	2,084,297	\$	-	
Licenses and permits		-		-		-	
Fines, forfeits and penalties		865,554		-		-	
Investment earnings		34,495		-		41,578	
Charges for current services		-		-		-	
From other agencies		4,189,132		-		3,782,749	
Other revenues		993		-		-	
Total revenues		5,090,174		2,084,297		3,824,327	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Police		613,149		-		-	
Traffic safety		406,056		-		-	
Public right of way		63,370		-		310,330	
Community services		462,325		-		153,227	
Economic Development		-		1,802,915		-	
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		-	
Community planning and development		1,310,331		-		-	
Municipal support		47,500		-		-	
Capital outlay:							
Police		9,290		-		-	
Traffic safety		-		-		-	
Public right of way		3,268,786		-		3,503,456	
Drainage		-		-		-	
Community buildings		-		-		-	
Community services		5,977		-		-	
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		-	
Total expenditures		6,186,784		1,802,915		3,967,013	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(1,096,610)		281,382		(142,686	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-		(603,332)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(603,332)		-	
Net change in fund balances		(1,096,610)		(321,950)		(142,686	
-						• •	
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year, as restated		5,820,537		262,653		1,209,888	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	4,723,927	\$	(59,297)	\$	1,067,202	

Speci	al Revenue Fund		Capital P	roject	Funds		Total
		Н	lousing				Nonmajor
		A	uthority		Public		Governmental
HOME Grant			Assets		Safety		Funds
.		.		+		4	2.054.602
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,854,602
	-		-		-		70,282
	-		-		-		964,493
	395,876		95,918		2,268		1,160,409
	-		-		-		4,330,297
	47,155		-		-		15,684,071
	2,806		-		-		59,834
	445,837		95,918		2,268		25,123,988
	-		-		-		1,217,722
	-		-		_		2,025,972
	_		-		_		2,236,786
	_		_		_		1,005,166
	_		696		_		1,803,611
	_		-		_		721,634
	408,222		_		_		1,913,530
	400,222						215,129
	_		_		_		215,123
	-		-		-		52,990
	-		-		-		16,978
	-		-		-		13,031,585
	-		-		_		52,154
	-		-		-		28,370
	-		-		_		5,97
	_		_		_		311,120
	408,222		696		-		24,638,724
	37,615		95,222		2,268		485,264
	<u> </u>		· · · · · ·	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		•
	-		-		-		329,092
	-		-		-		(603,332
	-		-		-	_	(274,240
	37,615		95,222		2,268		211,024
	16,794,635		2,383,695		1,631,819		44,778,857
\$	16,832,250	\$	2,478,917	\$	1,634,087	\$	44,989,883

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE

PUBLIC SAFETY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	ı	Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	750,000	\$	750,000	\$	688,161	\$	(61,839)
Licenses and permits	•	-	·	-		, -		-
Fines, forfeits and penalties		38,000		38,000		98,939		60,939
Investment earnings		2,000		2,000		40,958		38,958
Charges for current services		55,000		55,000		56,160		1,160
From other agencies		250,000		250,000		416,024		166,024
Other revenues		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		1,095,000		1,095,000		1,300,242		205,242
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Fire		-		-		-		-
Police		567,146		719,541		604,573		114,968
Traffic safety		-		-		-		-
Public right of way		-		-		-		-
Community buildings		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		-
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		-		_
Community planning and development		-		-		-		_
Municipal support		-		_		_		_
Capital outlay:								
Fire		_		_		_		_
Police		307,615		720,681		43,700		676,981
Traffic safety		-		-		-		-
Public right of way		_		_		_		_
Drainage		_		_		_		_
Community buildings		_		_		_		_
Community services		_		_		_		_
Parks and greenbelts				_		_		_
Community planning and development		_		_		_		_
Municipal support								
Debt service:		_		_		_		_
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest		074.761		1 440 222				701.040
Total expenditures		874,761		1,440,222		648,273		791,949
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		220,239		(345,222)		651,969		997,191
	-		-		_			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out								-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		220,239		(345,222)		651,969		997,191
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,578,328		1,578,328		1,578,328		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,798,567	\$	1,233,106	\$	2,230,297	\$	997,191

STATE GAS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Licenses and permits	7	_	7	_	7	_	7	_
Fines, forfeits and penalties		_		-		_		_
Investment earnings		51,000		51,000		173,511		122,511
Charges for current services		-		-		-		-
From other agencies		6,495,489		6,495,489		7,026,854		531,365
Other revenues		-		-		604		604
Total revenues	_	6,546,489		6,546,489		7,200,969		654,480
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Fire		-		-		-		-
Police		_		-		-		-
Traffic safety		305,430		382,430		374,894		7,536
Public right of way		1,941,053		2,710,228		1,763,664		946,564
Community buildings		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Economic development		_		-		-		-
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		_		_
Community planning and development		_		-		-		-
Municipal support		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay:								
Fire		-		-		_		_
Police		_		-		-		-
Traffic safety		-		10,895		16,978		(6,083)
Public right of way		4,415,000		8,887,550		5,498,464		3,389,086
Drainage		-		53,404		-		53,404
Community buildings		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		_		_
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		-		-
Community planning and development		-		-		-		-
Municipal support		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		6,661,483		12,044,507		7,654,000		4,390,507
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		· · · · ·		· · · · · ·				
over (under) expenditures		(114,994)		(5,498,018)		(453,031)		5,044,987
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out						-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		(114,994)		(5,498,018)		(453,031)		5,044,987
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	6,116,202		6,116,202		6,116,202		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	6,001,208	\$	618,184	\$	5,663,171	\$	5,044,987

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE DEVELOPER FEES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Licenses and permits	Ψ	29,000	Ψ	29,000	Ψ	70,282	Ψ	41,282
Fines, forfeits and penalties		23,000		25,000		70,202		-1,202
Investment earnings		42,000		42,000		347,149		305,149
Charges for current services		319,000		319,000		2,189,482		1,870,482
From other agencies		-		-		-		-
Other revenues		_		_		_		_
Total revenues		390,000		390,000		2,606,913		2,216,913
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Fire		_		_		_		_
Police		_		_		_		_
Traffic safety		_		_		_		_
Public right of way		_		_		_		_
Community buildings		_		_		-		-
Community services		_		3,406		26,973		(23,567)
Economic development		_		-		-		-
Parks and greenbelts		30,000		41,547		22,624		18,923
Community planning and development		239,091		640,853		149,740		491,113
Municipal support		3,462		3,462		-		3,462
Capital outlay:		•		•				•
Fire		-		_		-		-
Police		-		-		-		-
Traffic safety		_		32,924		-		32,924
Public right of way		320,000		947,749		360,879		586,870
Drainage		-		35,265		52,154		(16,889)
Community buildings		700,000		818,619		28,370		790,249
Community services		450,000		450,000		-		450,000
Parks and greenbelts		525,000		1,110,661		311,120		799,541
Community planning and development		-		-		-		-
Municipal support		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest								
Total expenditures		2,267,553		4,084,486		951,860		3,132,626
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,877,553)		(3,694,486)		1,655,053		5,349,539
		(1 13)		(-,,		, ,		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out				-				-
Total other financing sources (uses)		- (4.077.552)		- (2.604.406)				
Net change in fund balance		(1,877,553)		(3,694,486)		1,655,053		5,349,539
Fund balance, beginning of year		8,105,107		8,105,107		8,105,107		<u>-</u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	6,227,554	\$	4,410,621	\$	9,760,160	\$	5,349,539

GARDEN GROVE CABLE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	В	Original udgeted mounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	 Actual Amounts	Fin:	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 82,144	\$	82,144
Licenses and permits		-	-	-		-
Fines, forfeits and penalties		-	-	-		-
Investment earnings		-	-	-		-
Charges for current services		-	-	-		-
From other agencies		-	-	-		-
Other revenues		90,000	 90,000	55,027		(34,973)
Total revenues		90,000	90,000	137,171		47,171
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Fire		-	-	-		-
Police		-	-	-		-
Traffic safety		-	-	-		-
Public right of way		-	-	-		-
Community buildings		-	-	-		-
Community services		418,110	418,110	362,641		55,469
Economic development		-	-	-		-
Parks and greenbelts		-	-	-		-
Community planning and development		36,977	36,977	41,289		(4,312)
Municipal support		7,172	7,172	6,530		642
Capital outlay:						
Fire		-	-	-		-
Police		-	-	-		-
Traffic safety		-	-	-		-
Public right of way		-	-	-		-
Drainage		-	-	-		-
Community buildings		-	-	-		-
Community services		-	-	-		-
Parks and greenbelts		-	-	-		-
Community planning and development		-	-	-		-
Municipal support		-	-	-		-
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-	-	-		-
Interest			 	 		-
Total expenditures		462,259	 462,259	 410,460		51,799
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(372,259)	 (372,259)	 (273,289)		98,970
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		372,259	372,259	325,332		(46,927)
Transfers out			 <u> </u>	 _		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		372,259	 372,259	 325,332		(46,927)
Net change in fund balance		-	-	52,043		52,043
Fund balance, beginning of year		(39,732)	 (39,732)	 (39,732)		-
		(39,732)	(39,732)	12,311	\$	52,043

STREET LIGHTING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	ı	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:							
Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-	-	•	-	-	-
Fines, forfeits and penalties		_	-		-		-
Investment earnings		_	-		4,617		4,617
Charges for current services		1,335,277	1,335,277		1,352,117		16,840
From other agencies		-	-		-		· -
Other revenues		_	-		-		-
Total revenues		1,335,277	1,335,277		1,356,734		21,457
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
Fire		-	-		-		_
Police		_	-		-		_
Traffic safety		1,278,886	1,278,886		1,245,022		33,864
Public right of way		34,510	34,510		68,612		(34,102)
Community buildings		· -	· -		-		-
Community services		_	-		-		-
Economic development		_	-		-		-
Parks and greenbelts		_	-		-		-
Community planning and development		-	-		-		-
Municipal support		21,881	21,881		23,405		(1,524)
Capital outlay:							
Fire		-	-		-		-
Police		-	-		-		-
Traffic safety		-	-		-		-
Public right of way		-	-		-		-
Drainage		-	-		-		-
Community buildings		-	-		-		-
Community services		-	-		-		-
Parks and greenbelts		-	-		-		-
Community planning and development		-	-		-		-
Municipal support		-	-		-		-
Debt service:							
Principal retirement		-	-		-		-
Interest			 -		-		-
Total expenditures		1,335,277	 1,335,277		1,337,039		(1,762)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-	 		19,695		19,695
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		-	-		-		_
Transfers out		-	-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		-	-		19,695		19,695
Fund balance, beginning of year		32,907	 32,907		32,907		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	32,907	\$ 32,907	\$	52,602	\$	19,695

PARK MAINTENANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Licenses and permits - - - Fines, forfeits and penalties - - - Investment earnings - - 1,387 Charges for current services 706,740 706,740 706,740 From other agencies - - - Other revenues - - - Total revenues - - - Total revenues - - - EXPENDITURES: - - - Current: - - - - Fire - - - - Police - - - - Traffic safety - - - - Public right of way - - - - Community buildings - - - - Community services - - - - Economic development - - - -	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Taxes \$ - \$ - Licenses and permits - - - Fines, forfeits and penalties - - - Investment earnings - - - - Charges for current services 706,740 706,740 706,167 From other agencies - - - - Other revenues - - - - Total revenues - - - - - Total revenues -		
Licenses and permits - - - Fines, forfeits and penalties - - - Investment earnings - - 1,387 Charges for current services 706,740 706,740 706,740 From other agencies - - - Other revenues - - - Total revenues - - - Total revenues - - - EXPENDITURES: - - - Current: - - - - Fire - - - - Police - - - - Traffic safety - - - - Public right of way - - - - Community buildings - - - - Community services - - - - Economic development - - - -	\$ -	
Fines, forfeits and penalties - - - Investment earnings - - 1,387 Charges for current services 706,740 706,740 706,167 From other agencies - - - Other revenues - - - Total revenues - - - - Total revenues - - - - - EXPENDITURES: - <	-	
Investment earnings - - 1,387 Charges for current services 706,740 706,740 706,167 From other agencies - - - Other revenues - - - Total revenues - - - Total revenues - - - EXPENDITURES: Current: - - - - Fire - - - - Police - - - - Traffic safety - - - - Public right of way - - - - Community buildings - - - - Community services - - - - Economic development - - - - Parks and greenbelts 700,000 700,000 699,010	_	
Charges for current services 706,740 706,740 706,167 From other agencies - - - Other revenues - - - Total revenues 706,740 706,740 707,554 EXPENDITURES: Current: Fire - - - Police - - - - Police - - - - Traffic safety - - - - Public right of way - - - - Community buildings - - - - Community services - - - - Economic development - - - - Parks and greenbelts 700,000 700,000 699,010	1,387	
From other agencies -	(573)	
Other revenues -	-	
Total revenues 706,740 706,740 707,554 EXPENDITURES: Current: Street - <th< td=""><td>_</td></th<>	_	
Current: Fire - - - Police - - - Traffic safety - - - Public right of way - - - Community buildings - - - Community services - - - Economic development - - - Parks and greenbelts 700,000 700,000 699,010	814	
Fire - - - Police - - - Traffic safety - - - Public right of way - - - Community buildings - - - Community services - - - Economic development - - - Parks and greenbelts 700,000 700,000 699,010		
Police - - - Traffic safety - - - Public right of way - - - Community buildings - - - Community services - - - Economic development - - - Parks and greenbelts 700,000 700,000 699,010		
Traffic safety - - - Public right of way - - - Community buildings - - - Community services - - - Economic development - - - Parks and greenbelts 700,000 700,000 699,010	-	
Public right of way Community buildings Community services Economic development Parks and greenbelts	-	
Community buildings Community services	-	
Community services - - - Economic development - - - Parks and greenbelts 700,000 700,000 699,010	-	
Economic development Parks and greenbelts 700,000 700,000 699,010	-	
Parks and greenbelts 700,000 700,000 699,010	-	
	-	
Community along in a good development	990	
Community planning and development	-	
Municipal support 4,749	(4,749)	
Capital outlay:		
Fire	-	
Police	-	
Traffic safety	-	
Public right of way	-	
Drainage	-	
Community buildings	-	
Community services	-	
Parks and greenbelts	-	
Community planning and development	-	
Municipal support	-	
Debt service:		
Principal retirement	-	
Interest	-	
Total expenditures 700,000 700,000 703,759	(3,759)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures 6,740 6,740 3,795	(2,945)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
Transfers in - 3,760	3,760	
Transfers out	-	
Total other financing sources (uses) 3,760	3,760	
Net change in fund balance 6,740 6,740 7,555	815	
Fund balance, beginning of year 66,275 66,275 66,275		
Fund balance, end of year \$ 73,015 \$ 73,830	-	

MAIN STREET DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Charges for current services 26,700 26,700 26,371 (329) From other agencies -<		_	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	 Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive egative)
Leenses and permits	REVENUES:						
Leenses and permits	Taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Fines, Foreits and penaltities	Licenses and permits		-	· -	-		-
Investment earnings			-	_	-		-
Charges for current services 26,700 26,700 26,371 (329) From other agencies - - - - Other revenues - - - - Total revenues 26,700 26,700 34,377 7,677 EXPENDITURES: Current: Fire - - - - - Police -			-	_	8,006		8,006
From other agencies -	_		26,700	26,700	•		(329)
Other revenues -	-		-	-	-		-
EXPENDITURES: Current: Fire	_		-	-	-		_
Current: Fire	Total revenues		26,700	26,700	 34,377		7,677
Fire	EXPENDITURES:						
Police	Current:						
Traffic safety Public right of way 37,993 140,899 20,810 120,089 Community buildings	Fire		-	-	-		-
Public right of way 37,993 140,899 20,810 120,089 Community buildings - - - - Community services - - - - Economic development - - - - Parks and greenbelts - - - - Community planning and development - - - - Municipal support - - - - - Capital outlay: - <td>Police</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Police		-	-	-		-
Community buildings -	Traffic safety		-	-	-		-
Community services	Public right of way		37,993	140,899	20,810		120,089
Economic development	Community buildings		-	-	-		-
Parks and greenbelts -	Community services		-	-	-		-
Community planning and development - - - - - - - -	Economic development		-	-	-		-
Municipal support -	Parks and greenbelts		-	-	-		-
Capital outlay: Fire -	Community planning and development		-	-	-		-
Fire -	Municipal support		-	-	-		-
Police	Capital outlay:						
Traffic safety -	Fire		-	-	-		-
Public right of way -	Police		-	-	-		-
Drainage -<	Traffic safety		-	-	-		-
Community buildings -	Public right of way		-	-	-		-
Community services -	Drainage		-	-	-		-
Parks and greenbelts -	Community buildings		-	-	-		-
Community planning and development -	Community services		-	-	-		-
Municipal support -	Parks and greenbelts		-	-	-		-
Debt service: Principal retirement - <	Community planning and development		-	-	-		-
Principal retirement -	Municipal support		-	-	-		-
Interest -<	Debt service:						
Total expenditures 37,993 140,899 20,810 120,089 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (11,293) (114,199) 13,567 127,766 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in -	Principal retirement		-	-	-		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (11,293) (114,199) 13,567 127,766 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance (11,293) (114,199) 13,567 127,766 Fund balance, beginning of year 208,407 208,407 208,407	Interest		<u> </u>	-	 -		-
over (under) expenditures (11,293) (114,199) 13,567 127,766 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in -	Total expenditures		37,993	140,899	 20,810		120,089
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in -			(11,293)	(114,199)	13,567		127,766
Transfers in - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>(-2,233)</td><td>(11./133)</td><td> 10,007</td><td></td><td></td></t<>			(-2,233)	(11./133)	 10,007		
Transfers out - <							
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	- -	-		-
Net change in fund balance (11,293) (114,199) 13,567 127,766 Fund balance, beginning of year 208,407 208,407 208,407 -			-	<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u> -		
Fund balance, beginning of year 208,407 208,407 -							127 766
							-
	Fund balance, end of year		197,114	\$ 94,208	\$ 221,974	\$	127,766

AIR QUALITY IMPROVEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	E	Original Sudgeted Amounts		Final udgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-	•	_	·	-	·	-
Fines, forfeits and penalties		-		_		-		_
Investment earnings		-		_		14,646		14,646
Charges for current services		-		_		, -		, -
From other agencies		220,000		220,000		222,157		2,157
Other revenues		, -		, -		404		404
Total revenues		220,000		220,000		237,207		17,207
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Fire		-		-		-		-
Police		-		-		-		-
Traffic safety		-		-		-		-
Public right of way		-		12,000		10,000		2,000
Community buildings		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-		-
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		-		-
Community planning and development		21,260		21,260		3,948		17,312
Municipal support		200,834		200,834		132,945		67,889
Capital outlay:								
Fire		-		-		-		-
Police		-		-		-		-
Traffic safety		-		-		-		-
Public right of way		139,000		539,000		400,000		139,000
Drainage		-		-		-		-
Community buildings		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		-		-
Community planning and development		-		-		-		-
Municipal support		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		361,094		773,094		546,893		226,201
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(141,094)		(553,094)		(309,686)		243,408
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out								-
Total other financing sources (uses)				-				-
Net change in fund balance		(141,094)		(553,094)		(309,686)		243,408
Fund balance, beginning of year		608,136		608,136		608,136		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	467,042	\$	55,042	\$	298,450	\$	243,408

OTHER GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bud	ginal geted ounts	Fina Budget Amour	ted		ctual ounts	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Licenses and permits	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_
Fines, forfeits and penalties		700,000	700	,000	8	365,554		165,554
Investment earnings		-	, 00	-		34,495		34,495
Charges for current services		_		_		-		-
From other agencies	5.8	859,489	7,831	.763	4.1	189,132		(3,642,631)
Other revenues	3,	-	7,031	-	.,.	993		993
Total revenues	6,	559,489	8,531	,763	5,0	90,174		(3,441,589)
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Fire								
Police		- 389,599	062	- 760		- 513,149		- 250,619
				,768		•		•
Traffic safety	•	497,720		,720		106,056 63,370		91,664
Public right of way		91,232	202	,981		-		199,611
Community buildings		- 572,672	E0.4	- ,482	,	- 162,325		- 132,157
Community services Economic development	•	3/2,0/2	394	,402	-	102,323		132,137
Parks and greenbelts		_				_		-
_	1 '	733,060	4,741	906	1.5	210 221		2 /21 565
Community planning and development Municipal support	1,	-	4,741	,090	1,-	310,331 47,500		3,431,565 (47,500)
Capital outlay:						47,300		(47,300)
Fire		_		_		_		_
Police		_		_		9,290		(9,290)
Traffic safety		_	407	,522		-		407,522
Public right of way	3.:	291,000	5,910		3.2	268,786		2,641,960
Drainage	57.	-	5,520	-	5,2	-		-
Community buildings		-	5	,603		-		5,603
Community services		_		_		5,977		(5,977)
Parks and greenbelts		-		_		-		-
Community planning and development		-		_		-		-
Municipal support		-		-		-		_
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	6,	575,283	13,284	,718	6,1	186,784		7,097,934
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(15,794)	(4,752	,955)	(1,0	96,610)		3,656,345
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	_							
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	_	-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		(15,794)	(4,752	,955)	(1,0	96,610)		3,656,345
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,	820,537	5,820	,537	5,8	320,537		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 5,	804,743	\$ 1,067	,582	\$ 4,7	723,927	\$	3,656,345

GARDEN GROVE TOURISM IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	3,801,931	\$	3,801,931	\$	2,084,297	\$	(1,717,634)
Licenses and permits	4	-	Ψ	-	4	-	4	-
Fines, forfeits and penalties		_		_		_		_
Investment earnings		_		_		_		_
Charges for current services		-		-		_		-
From other agencies		-		-		_		_
Other revenues		-		-		-		-
Total revenues	_	3,801,931		3,801,931		2,084,297		(1,717,634)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Fire		-		_		-		-
Police		-		-		-		-
Traffic safety		_		_		-		-
Public right of way		-		-		_		-
Community buildings		-		-		_		-
Community services		-		-		_		-
Economic development		2,898,317		2,898,317		1,802,915		1,095,402
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		-		-
Community planning and development		-		-		_		-
Municipal support		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay:								
Fire		-		-		_		-
Police		-		-		_		-
Traffic safety		-		-		_		-
Public right of way		-		-		-		-
Drainage		-		-		-		-
Community buildings		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		_		-
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		_		-
Community planning and development		-		-		_		-
Municipal support		-		-		_		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		_		-
Interest		-		-		_		-
Total expenditures		2,898,317		2,898,317		1,802,915		1,095,402
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		903,614		903,614		281,382		(622,232)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		(903,663)		(903,663)		(603,332)		300,331
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(903,663)		(903,663)		(603,332)		300,331
Net change in fund balance		(49)		(49)		(321,950)		(321,901)
Fund balance, beginning of year		262,653		262,653		262,653		-
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	262,604	\$	262,604	\$	(59,297)	\$	(321,901)

STREET REHABILITATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_
Licenses and permits	•	-		-		-	•	_
Fines, forfeits and penalties		-		-		_		-
Investment earnings		25,000		25,000		41,578		16,578
Charges for current services		-		-		-		-
From other agencies		3,495,000		3,495,000		3,782,749		287,749
Other revenues		-		-		-		-
Total revenues		3,520,000	_	3,520,000	_	3,824,327		304,327
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Fire		-		-		-		-
Police		-		-		-		-
Traffic safety		-		-		-		-
Public right of way		-		-		310,330		(310,330)
Community buildings		-		-		-		-
Community services		185,000		185,000		153,227		31,773
Economic development		-		-		-		-
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		-		-
Community planning and development		-		-		-		-
Municipal support		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay:								
Fire		-		-		-		-
Police		-		-		-		-
Traffic safety		-		28,591		-		28,591
Public right of way		3,515,000		4,635,581		3,503,456		1,132,125
Drainage		-		-		-		-
Community buildings		-		-		-		-
Community services		-		-		-		-
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		-		-
Community planning and development		-		-		-		-
Municipal support		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		3,700,000		4,849,172		3,967,013		882,159
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(180,000)		(1,329,172)		(142,686)		1,186,486
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out								
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		(180,000)		(1,329,172)		(142,686)		1,186,486
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,209,888		1,209,888		1,209,888		-
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	1,029,888	\$	(119,284)	\$	1,067,202	\$	1,186,486

HOME GRANT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

		Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Licenses and permits	4	_	4	_	4	_	Ψ.	_
Fines, forfeits and penalties		_		_		_		_
Investment earnings		_		_		395,876		395,876
Charges for current services		_		_		-		-
From other agencies		819,096		819,096		47,155		(771,941)
Other revenues		-		-		2,806		2,806
Total revenues		819,096		819,096		445,837		(373,259)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Fire		-		-		-		-
Police		-		_		_		_
Traffic safety		_		_		_		_
Public right of way		-		_		_		_
Community buildings		-		_		_		_
Community services		_		_		_		_
Economic development		-		_		_		_
Parks and greenbelts		-		_		_		_
Community planning and development		819,096		2,946,255		408,222		2,538,033
Municipal support		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay:								
Fire		_		_		_		_
Police		_		_		_		_
Traffic safety		_		_		_		_
Public right of way		-		_		_		_
Drainage		-		_		_		_
Community buildings		_		_		_		_
Community services		-		_		_		_
Parks and greenbelts		-		_		_		_
Community planning and development		-		_		_		_
Municipal support		-		_		-		_
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		_		-		_
Interest		-		_		-		_
Total expenditures		819,096		2,946,255		408,222		2,538,033
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						,		_,
over (under) expenditures		-		(2,127,159)		37,615		2,164,774
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance		-		(2,127,159)		37,615		2,164,774
Fund balance, beginning of year		16,794,635		16,794,635		16,794,635		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	16,794,635	\$	14,667,476	\$	16,832,250	\$	2,164,774

HOUSING SUCCESSOR AGENCY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

_	Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-
Fines, forfeits and penalties	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	105,890	105,890	257,419	151,529
Charges for current services	-	-	-	-
From other agencies	-	-	-	-
Other revenues	-			
Total revenues	105,890	105,890	257,419	151,529
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Fire	-	-	-	-
Police	-	-	-	-
Traffic safety	-	-	-	-
Public right of way	-	-	-	-
Community buildings	-	-	-	-
Community services	-	-	-	-
Parks and greenbelts	-	-	-	-
Community planning and development	105,890	205,890	160,971	44,919
Municipal support	-	-	31,491	(31,491
Capital outlay:				
Fire	-	-	-	-
Police	-	-	-	-
Traffic safety	-	-	-	-
Public right of way	-	-	-	-
Drainage	-	-	-	-
Community buildings	-	-	-	-
Community services	-	-	-	-
Parks and greenbelts	-	-	-	-
Community planning and development	-	-	-	-
Municipal support	-	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	-	=
Interest	-		- 102.162	- 12.120
Total expenditures	105,890	205,890	192,462	13,428
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures		(100,000)	64,957	164,957
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	-	-	475,000	475,000
Transfers out			(2,300,000)	(2,300,000)
Total other financing sources (uses) _	-	-	(1,825,000)	(1,825,000)
Net change in fund balance	-	(100,000)	(1,760,043)	(1,660,043)
Fund balance, beginning of year	22,251,964	22,251,964	22,251,964	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 22,251,964	\$ 22,151,964	\$ 20,491,921	\$ (1,660,043)

HOUSING AUTHORITY ASSETS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	 Original Budgeted Amounts		Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Fin F	ance with al Budget Positive egative)
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	_
Licenses and permits	-	•	-	-		_
Fines, forfeits and penalties	_		-	-		-
Investment earnings	37,000		37,000	95,918		58,918
Charges for current services	-		-	-		-
From other agencies	-		-	-		-
Other revenues	-		-	-		-
Total revenues	37,000		37,000	95,918		58,918
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Fire	-		-	-		-
Police	-		-	-		-
Traffic safety	-		-	-		-
Public right of way	-		-	-		-
Community buildings	-		-	-		-
Community services	-		-	-		-
Economic development	37,000		108,127	696		107,431
Parks and greenbelts	-		-	-		-
Community planning and development	-		-	-		-
Municipal support	-		-	-		-
Capital outlay:						
Fire	-		-	-		-
Police	-		-	-		-
Traffic safety	-		-	-		-
Public right of way	-		-	-		-
Drainage	-		-	-		-
Community buildings	-		-	-		-
Community services	-		-	-		-
Parks and greenbelts	-		-	-		-
Community planning and development	-		-	-		-
Municipal support	-		-	-		-
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-		-	-		-
Interest	 -		-	 -		-
Total expenditures	 37,000		108,127	 696		107,431
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-		(71,127)	95,222		166,349
	 		(, 1,127)	 33,222		200,010
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	-		-	-		-
Transfers out	 			 		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -			 -		-
Net change in fund balance	-		(71,127)	95,222		166,349
Fund balance, beginning of year	 2,383,695		2,383,695	 2,383,695		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,383,695	\$	2,312,568	\$ 2,478,917	\$	166,349

PUBLIC SAFETY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Bu	riginal Idgeted nounts	Final Budgete Amoun			ctual ounts	Fin	iance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes	\$	-	\$	- 9	\$	-	\$	_
Licenses and permits	'	-		_		_		_
Fines, forfeits and penalties		-		_		_		_
Investment earnings		-		_		2,268		2,268
Charges for current services		-		_		-,		-,
From other agencies		-		_		_		_
Other revenues		_		_		_		_
Total revenues						2,268		2,268
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Fire		-		_		-		_
Police		-		-		-		_
Traffic safety		-		_		-		_
Public right of way		-		-		-		_
Community buildings		-		-		-		_
Community services		-		-		-		_
Economic development		-		-		-		_
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		-		_
Community planning and development		-		-		-		-
Municipal support		-		-		-		_
Capital outlay:								
Fire		-		-		-		_
Police		-		-		-		-
Traffic safety		-		-		-		-
Public right of way		-		-		-		-
Drainage		-		-		-		-
Community buildings		1,550,000	1,550	,000		-		1,550,000
Community services		-		-		-		-
Parks and greenbelts		-		-		-		-
Community planning and development		-		-		-		-
Municipal support		-		-		-		-
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-
Interest				<u>- </u>		-		-
Total expenditures		1,550,000	1,550	,000		-		1,550,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,550,000)	(1,550	(000,		2,268		1,552,268
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(=/555/555)	(1)330			2,200		1,002,200
Transfers in		_		_		_		_
Transfers out		_		_		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)				- -		<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balance	-	(1,550,000)	(1,550			2,268		1,552,268
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,631,819	* .	.,819	1	1,631,819		-,-32,230
. 3 3 . /		 	,					

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Solid Waste Disposal Fund

The Solid Waste Disposal fund accounts for the operation of trash and solid waste collections and disposal services.

Golf Course Fund

The fund was established to account for operations of the Willowick Golf Course.

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Solid Waste Disposal	Golf Course	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and cash investments	\$ 9,487,523	\$ 274,720	\$ 9,762,243
Taxes receivable	39,980	12,340	52,320
Accounts receivable	182,407	-	182,407
Interest receivable	37,818	-	37,818
Inventory	-	8,734	8,734
Prepaid Items	-	51,413	51,413
Total current assets	9,747,728	347,207	10,094,935
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital assets			
Land	 _	3,132,711	3,132,711
Total noncurrent assets	-	3,132,711	3,132,711
Total assets	9,747,728	3,479,918	13,227,646
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB related	189,680	-	189,680
Pension related	199,587		199,587
Total Deferred Outflows	389,267	-	389,267
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	25,108	33,203	58,311
Accrued liabilities	54,437	32,023	86,460
Refundable deposits	165,500	-	165,500
Due to other funds	18,426		18,426
Total current liabilities	263,471	65,226	328,697
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Net pension liability	1,552,945	-	1,552,945
OPEB liabilitiy Total noncurrent liabilities	350,209	-	350,209
rotal noncurrent habilities	1,903,154	<u> </u>	1,903,154
Total liabilities	2,166,625	65,226	2,231,851
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
OPEB related	7,023	-	7,023
Pension related	45,041		45,041
Total Deferred Inflows NET POSITION	52,064		52,064
Investment in capital assets	_	3,132,711	3,132,711
Unrestricted	7,918,306	281,981	8,200,287
	\$ 7,918,306		\$ 11,332,998

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	olid Waste Disposal	Golf Course	al Nonmajor erprise Funds
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 1,242,980	\$ 1,242,980
Solid waste disposal fees	2,255,155	-	2,255,155
Property assessments	441,514	-	441,514
Other	 630,202	 	630,202
Total operating revenues	 3,326,871	 1,242,980	4,569,851
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and benefits	955,907	-	955,907
Contractual services	1,122,734	-	1,122,734
Materials and supplies	11,643	-	11,643
Golf course operations	-	1,478,752	1,478,752
Total operating expenses	 2,090,284	1,478,752	 3,569,036
Operating income (loss)	 1,236,587	 (235,772)	1,000,815
Nonoperating revenues:			
Investment income	 332,661	 	 332,661
Total nonoperating revenue	 332,661	 	 332,661
Income (loss)	 1,569,248	 (235,772)	1,333,476
Change in net position	1,569,248	(235,772)	1,333,476
Total net position, beginning of year, as restated	 6,349,058	 3,650,464	9,999,522
Total net position, end of year	\$ 7,918,306	\$ 3,414,692	\$ 11,332,998

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	s	olid Waste Disposal		Golf Course		al Nonmajor erprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Receipts from user departments	\$	5,185,914	\$	1,242,980	\$	6,428,894
Payments to suppliers		(3,041,686)		(1,664,781)		(4,706,467)
Payments to employees		(803,482)		-		(803,482)
Net cash provided (used) by operating						
activities		1,340,746		(421,801)		918,945
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest earnings		142,557		-		142,557
Increase in fair value of investments		186,096		_		186,096
Net cash provided by investing activities		328,653		-		328,653
Net increase (decrease) in cash and		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				,
cash equivalents		1,669,399		(421,801)		1,247,598
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		7,818,124		696,521		8,514,645
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	9,487,523	\$	274,720	\$	9,762,243
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	.	1 226 507	#	(225 772)	+	1 000 815
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,236,587	\$	(235,772)	\$	1,000,815
Adjustments to reconcile operating						
income (loss) to net cash provided (used)						
by operating activities:						
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in taxes receivable		(9,193)		(12,340)		(21,533
(Increase) decrease in taxes receivable (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		4,647		(12,540)		4,647
(Increase) decrease in inventory		-,047		(4,791)		(4,791
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		_		(51,413)		(51,413
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(6,866)		(125,294)		(132,160
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(20,258)		7,809		(12,449
Increase (decrease) in refundable deposits		165,500		-		165,500
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities		(167,449)		_		(167,449
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability and related		(==:,::=,				(===, ===
changes in deferred outlflows and inflows of resources		25,345		_		25,345
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability and related						
changes in deferred outlfows and inflows of resources		112,433		-		112,433
Total adjustments		104,159		(186,029)		(81,870)
Net cash provided (used) by operating						
activities	\$	1,340,746	\$	(421,801)	\$	918,945

There were no noncash financing, capital or investing activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Workers' Compensation Fund

The City's self-funded workers' compensation program, which is accounted for in this fund, is financed by charges to all City departments based on number and classification of employees. Expenses include operating costs and all payments relating to injured employees.

Fleet Management Fund

The costs of operating and maintaining City owned vehicles and other gasoline-powered equipment are accounted for in this fund. The fund is financed by charges to the various City departments for actual cost plus a contributory sum for vehicles/equipment replacement. Actual costs include depreciation, maintenance and other factors necessary for the provision of the service.

Employee Benefits Fund

This fund encompasses all other employee benefits such as retirement contributions, health, dental, disability, life insurance, and sick leave, vacation, and other paid leaves. Revenues for this fund are derived from periodic charges to all departments based on the number of employees, length of service, and insurance coverage. Funds are used to pay actual expenses and to accrue existing liabilities.

Information Systems Fund

This fund encompasses the cost of operating and maintaining the City's computer system. The fund is financed by charges to the various City departments based on computer usage.

Warehouse Operations Fund

This fund is used to account for the provision of materials and supplies to the various City departments. Financing is provided by the user City departments by payment of costs of material and supplies plus an overhead charge.

Telephone System Fund

This fund accounts for the operation of the City's telephone system. The financing comes from charges to the various City departments based on actual toll charges and the lease cost prorated on the number of instruments.

Risk Management Fund

This fund is used to account for the City's self-insured liability program and for the purchase of various types of property and casualty insurance protection as required by the City. The funds are used to pay any liability losses, program operating costs, insurance premiums and insurance deductibles. Revenues for this fund are generated from assessments made to all City departments for their pro-rata share of the total costs of the insurance administration program.

Communication Replacement Fund

This fund is used to account for both the operating and capital costs of the City's communication system in relation to the county-wide 800MHZ backbone project. Funds are used to pay for the City's backbone costs and the capital costs incurred to upgrade its communications equipment to integrate with the county-wide communications system. The financing comes from charges to the various City departments based on an allocation of actual costs. Actual costs include depreciation and maintenance.

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

	Workers' Compensation	Fleet Management	Employee Benefits	Information Systems
ASSETS				
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash investments	\$ 39,766,707	\$ 37,133,119	\$ 11,518,996	\$ 6,938,220
Accounts receivable, net	-	54,760	48,032	-
Interest receivable	137,789	-	-	13,894
Due from other funds	2,731,143	-	2,289,129	-
Inventory	-	38,932	-	-
Prepaid Items		82,654		101,423
Total current assets	42,635,639	37,309,465	13,856,157	7,053,537
oncurrent Assets:				
Deposits	-	-	-	1,720
Intercity loans receivable	-	2,403,036	-	-
Capital assets				
Construction in progress	-	384,193	-	-
Depreciable capital assets, net		10,484,407		204,890
Total noncurrent assets		13,271,636		206,610
Total assets	42,635,639	50,581,101	13,856,157	7,260,147
EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
OPEB related	-	325,166	-	623,234
Pension related		365,282	-	657,759
Total Deferred Outflows	-	690,448	-	1,280,993
IABILITIES				
urrent Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	450	388,421	678,239	138,129
Accrued liabilities	41,709	31,048	270,018	51,416
Interest payable	-	-	-	39
Due to other funds	8,947	30,499	-	45,389
Current portion of long term liabilities				
Capital leases	-	-	-	62,645
Accrued compensated absences	-	-	7,582,230	-
Claims payable	4,830,588	-	-	-
Total current liabilities	4,881,694	449,968	8,530,487	297,618
oncurrent liabilities:				
Capital leases	-	-	-	63,416
Accrued compensated absences	-	-	234,502	-
Claims payable	29,949,939	-	-	-
Intercity loans payable	-	-	-	-
Net pension liability	-	2,842,182	-	5,117,881
OPEB liability		519,097		1,150,686
Total noncurrent liabilities	29,949,939	3,361,279	234,502	6,331,983
Total liabilities	34,831,633	3,811,247	8,764,989	6,629,601
EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
OPEB related	-	12,040	-	23,076
Pension related	<u> </u>	82,433		148,436
Total Deferred Inflows	-	94,473	-	171,512
ET POSITION				
et investment in capital assets	-	10,868,600	-	78,829
nrestricted	7,804,006	36,497,229	5,091,168	1,661,198
Total net position	\$ 7,804,006	\$ 47,365,829	\$ 5,091,168	\$ 1,740,027

	Jarehouse perations		Telephone System		Risk Management		Communication Replacement		Total
\$	566,937	\$	1,842,081	\$	13,775,986	\$	979,101	\$	112,521,147
Ψ	-	Ψ	1,042,001	Ψ	13,773,500	Ψ	5/5,101	Ψ	102,792
	_		_		45,916		_		197,599
	_		_		-		_		5,020,272
	417,011		-		-		-		455,943
	-		8,783		18,407		-		211,267
	983,948		1,850,864		13,840,309		979,101		118,509,020
	-		-		-		-		1,720
	-		-		2,553,273		-		4,956,309
	-		-		-		-		384,193
	-		124,057		-		2,206,070		13,019,424
	-		124,057		2,553,273		2,206,070		18,361,646
	983,948		1,974,921		16,393,582		3,185,171		136,870,666
	,				.,,		-,,		, ,
	-		-		-		-		948,400
	-		-		-		-		1,023,041
	-		-		-		-		1,971,441
	277		10,086		19,180		-		1,234,782
	8,841		4,029		13,804		-		420,865
	- 8,521		- 3,496		- 11,955		-		39 108,807
	_		49,623		-		_		112,268
	-		-		-		-		7,582,230
	-		-		2,551,251		-		7,381,839
	17,639		67,234		2,596,190		-		16,840,830
	-		49,623		-		-		113,039
	-		-		-		-		234,502
	-		-		4,200,380		2 402 026		34,150,319
	-		-		-		2,403,036		2,403,036 7,960,063
	-		_		-		_		1,669,783
	-		49,623		4,200,380		2,403,036		46,530,742
	17,639		116,857		6,796,570		2,403,036		63,371,572
	-		-		-		-		35,116
	-		-		-				230,869 265,985
									,-
	-		24,811		_		2,206,070		13,178,310
	966,309	_	1,833,253	_	9,597,012	_	(1,423,935)	_	62,026,240
¢	066 200	¢				*		4	75 204 550
>	966,309	\$	1,858,064	\$	9,597,012	\$	782,135	_ \$	75,204,550

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Workers' mpensation	М	Fleet anagement	 Employee Benefits	 nformation Systems
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 5,290,865	\$	7,055,746	\$ 48,967,945	\$ 2,574,305
Other	-		46,164	-	-
Total operating revenues	 5,290,865		7,101,910	 48,967,945	 2,574,305
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and benefits	1,021,536		1,503,816	44,568,835	2,112,260
Contractual services	23,762		739,684	71,902	182,475
Liability claims	3,226,914		218,900	-	26,896
Materials and supplies	139		1,216,061	177,929	90,151
Depreciation	-		1,231,828	-	107,736
Total operating expenses	 4,272,351		4,910,289	 44,818,666	 2,519,518
Operating income (loss)	 1,018,514		2,191,621	 4,149,279	 54,787
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):					
Investment income	1,720,157		33,012	-	195,753
(Loss) on disposal of assets	-		(97,353)	-	(809,316)
Interest expense	 -		-	 -	 (1,934)
Total nonoperating revenue					
(expenses)	 1,720,157		(64,341)	 -	 (615,497)
Income (loss) before					
transfers and capital contributions	2,738,671		2,127,280	4,149,279	(560,710)
Capital contributions	-		17,039	-	-
Transfers in	-		150,000	-	3,400,000
Transfers out	 -		-	 (673,159)	 -
Change in net position	2,738,671		2,294,319	3,476,120	2,839,290
Total net position (deficit), beginning of year	 5,065,335		45,071,510	 1,615,048	(1,099,263)
Total net position, end of year	\$ 7,804,006		47,365,829	5,091,168	1,740,027

rehouse erations	т	elephone System	 Risk Management	ommunication Replacement	 Total
\$ 345,028 -	\$	508,869 -	\$ 1,563,799 -	\$ 600,000	\$ 66,906,557 46,164
 345,028		508,869	1,563,799	600,000	66,952,721
311,581		140,172	426,202	-	50,084,402
-		320,379	1,229,336	-	2,567,538
35,766		-	3,577,951	-	7,086,427
2,121		-	1,470	-	1,487,871
 -		62,028	 	 301,497	 1,703,089
 349,468		522,579	 5,234,959	 301,497	 62,929,327
 (4,440)		(13,710)	 (3,671,160)	 298,503	 4,023,394
- - -		- - -	661,947 - -	- - (33,011)	2,610,869 (906,669) (34,945)
-		-	661,947	(33,011)	1,669,255
(4,440)		(13,710)	(3,009,213)	265,492	5,692,649
-		-	-	-	17,039
-		-	=	-	3,550,000
 -		-	 -		 (673,159)
(4,440)		(13,710)	(3,009,213)	265,492	8,586,529
 970,749		1,871,774	12,606,225	 516,643	 66,618,021
\$ 966,309	\$	1,858,064	\$ 9,597,012	\$ 782,135	\$ 75,204,550

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Workers' mpensation		Fleet Management		Employee Benefits	Information Systems
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Receipts from user departments	\$	5,284,613	\$	7,001,587	\$	46,514,683 \$	2,666,301
Payments to suppliers	Ψ	(4,400,797)	4	(1,985,288)	Ψ.	.0,51.,005	(380,028)
Payments to employees		(1,011,507)		(1,247,147)		(10,440,909)	(1,930,178)
Payments for employee benefits		(1/011/507)		(1/2 . / / 1 . /)		(30,530,438)	(1/330/1/0/
Net cash (used) provided by operating			_			(==,===,===,	
activities		(127,691)		3,769,152		5,543,336	356,095
CASH FLOWS FROM NON CAPITAL							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Cash received from other funds		1,600,535		400,506		1,503,794	3,400,000
Cash paid to other funds		(2,731,143)		-		(2,962,288)	-
Net cash (used) provided by non capital							
financing activities		(1,130,608)		400,506		(1,458,494)	3,400,000
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Purchases of capital assets		-		(2,263,700)		-	(809,316)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		-		204,882		-	
Payments on lease purchase agreement		-		-		-	(61,884)
Interest paid				-		-	(1,952)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		-		(2,058,818)		-	(873,152)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Interest earnings		1,118,250		33,012		_	63,246
Increase in fair value of investments		740,059		33,012		_	
Net cash provided by investing activities		1,858,309		33,012		-	136,092
Net increase (decrease) in cash and		1,030,309		33,012		-	199,338
cash equivalents		600,010		2,143,852		4,084,842	3,082,281
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		39,166,697		34,989,267		7,434,154	3,855,939
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	39,766,707	\$	37,133,119	\$	11,518,996 \$	6,938,220
Reconciliation of operating income (loss)							
to net cash provided (used) by operating							
activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,018,514	\$	2,191,621	\$	4,149,279 \$	54,787
Adjustments to reconcile operating				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, , ,	,
income (income) to net cash (used) provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation expense		_		1,231,828		_	107,736
Changes in assets and liabilities:				1,201,020			10,7,50
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		-		(49,956)		27,017	_
(Increase) decrease in inventory		_		47,495		-	_
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expense		_		(82,654)		685,873	(59,043)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(2,250)		173,501		110,728	70,219
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		-				667,844	-
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		3,518		20,384		(97,405)	24,417
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		(1,147,473)		-		(37,103)	
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability and related		(1/1 . / / . / 0)					
changes in deferred outlflows and inflows of resources		_		43,449		_	83,278
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability and related				.5,			03/2/0
changes in deferred outlfows and inflows of resources		_		193,484		_	74,701
Total adjustments		(1,146,205)	_	1,577,531		1,394,057	301,308
Net cash (used) provided by operating activities	\$	(127,691)	\$	3,769,152	\$	5,543,336 \$	356,095
22371000		(12,10)1)	Ψ	3,,03,132	Ψ	5,515,550 Þ	330,073

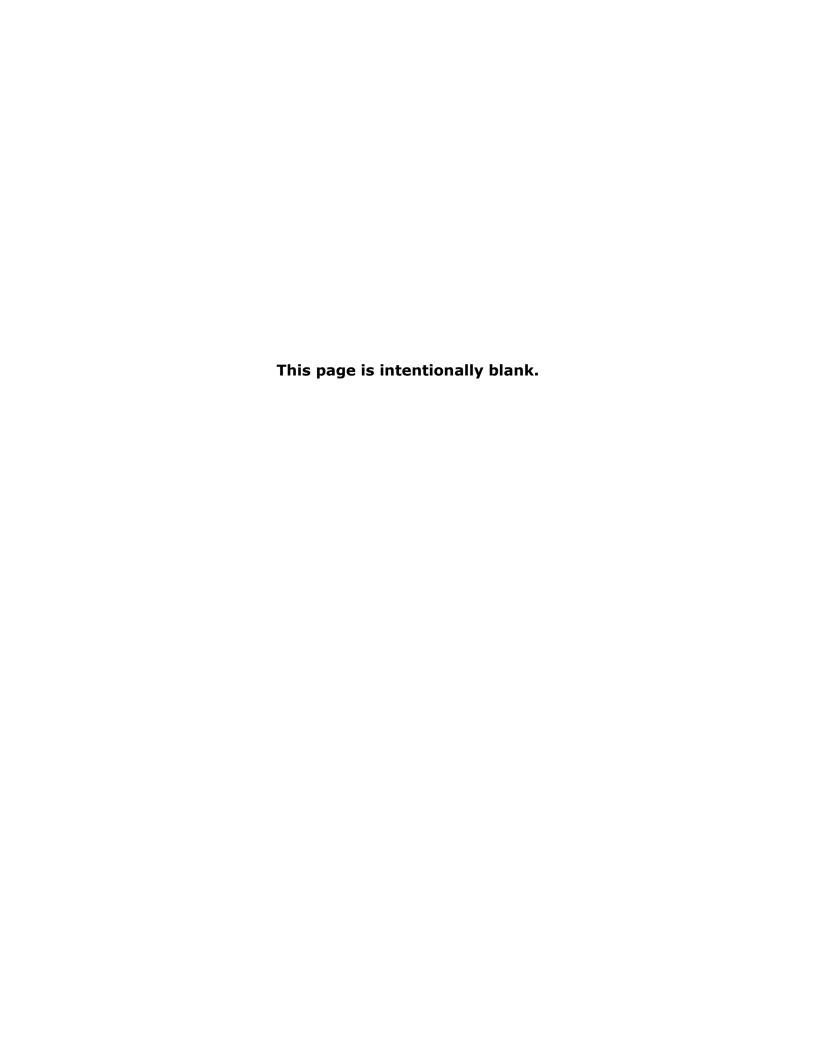
Supplemental schedule of noncash financing activities:

During the year-ended June 30, 2020, there were \$167,039 in noncash financing activities in the Fleet Internal Service Fund.

0	Warehouse Operations		Telephone System		Risk Management	Communication Replacement	 Total
\$	281,594	\$	507,009	\$	1,516,033	\$ 600,000	\$ 64,371,820
	(33,789)		(317,209)		(3,544,303)	-	(10,661,414)
	(307,887)		(138,478)		(412,148)	-	(15,488,254)
							 (30,530,438)
-	(60,082)		51,322		(2,440,418)	600,000	 7,691,714
	-		-		2,590,532	-	9,495,367
	-		-		(2,553,273)	(433,517)	 (8,680,221)
	-		-		37,259	(433,517)	 815,146
	-		-		-	-	(3,073,016)
	-		-		-	-	204,882
	-		(49,623)		-	-	(111,507)
			-				 (1,952)
	-		(49,623)		-	-	 (2,981,593)
			_		413,377	_	1,627,885
	_		_		271,079	_	1,147,230
	-		-		684,456	-	2,775,115
	(60,082)		1,699		(1,718,703)	166,483	8,300,382
	627,019		1,840,382		15,494,689	812,618	 104,220,765
\$	566,937	\$	1,842,081	\$	13,775,986	\$ 979,101	\$ 112,521,147
\$	(4,440)	\$	(13,710)	\$	(3,671,160)	\$ 298,503	\$ 4,023,394
	-		62,028		-	301,497	1,703,089
	-		-		-	-	(22,939)
	(29,681)		-		18,408	-	36,222
	-		-		-	-	544,176
	(30,896)		1,311		(98,908)	-	223,705
	- 4,935		- 1,693		- 14.052	-	667,844
	4,935		-		14,052 1,297,190	-	(28,406) 149,717
	-		-		-	-	126,727
	(55,642)		65,032		1,230,742	301,497	 268,185 3,668,320
	<u> </u>						 , ,
\$	(60,082)	\$	51,322	\$	(2,440,418)	\$ 600,000	\$ 7,691,714

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Statistical Section



Statistical Section

This part of the City of Garden Grove Comprehensive Annual Financial Report provides detailed information to better understand information presented within the Financial Statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to assist the reader understand and assess how the City's financial position has changed over time.

Schedule I - Net Position by Component
Schedule II - Changes in Net Position
Schedule III - Balance of Governmental Funds

Schedule IV - Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Schedule IV - Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
Schedule V - General Government Major Tax Revenues by Source

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Schedule VI - Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
Schedule VII - Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping Governments

Schedule VIII - Principal Property Tax Payers
Schedule IX - Property Tax Levies and Collections

Debt Capacity

This information is intended to assist the user in understanding and assessing the affordability of the City's outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt.

Schedule X - Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
Schedule XI - Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
Schedule XII - Direct and Overlapping Bonds and Debt

Schedule XIII - Legal Debt Margin Information
Schedule XIV - Pledged-Revenue Coverage

Demographics and Economic Information

This information assists the reader in understanding the socioeconomic environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Schedule XV - Demographic and Economic Statistics

Schedule XVI - Principal Employers

Operating Information

Provides service and infrastructure information to assist readers using the City's financial statement to understand how it relates to the services and activities performed by the City.

Schedule XVII - Full-Time and Part-Time City Employees by Department

Schedule XVIII - Operating Indicators by Function
Schedule XIX - Capital Assets Statistics by Function

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

The City implemented GASB 34 in FY 2002; the government-wide schedules include information beginning in that year.

The City implemented GASB 54 in FY 2011; the balance of governmental funds schedule include information beginning in that year.

The City implemented GASB 65 in FY 2013; as a result, effective FY 2013, the names of Schedule I and Schedule II are changed to "Net Position by Component" and "Changes in Net Position", respectively.

The City implemented GASB 68 in FY 2015; the government-wide schedules include information beginning in that year.

SCHEDULE I CITY OF GARDEN GROVE NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands)

		Fisca	ıl Yea	r	
	2011	2012		2013	2014
Governmental activities: Net investment in					
capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 560,993 97,634 129,866	\$ 643,306 29,975 119,190	\$	643,095 22,114 123,504	\$ 644,220 22,150 117,646
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 788,493	\$ 792,471	\$	788,713	\$ 784,016
Business-type activities: Net investment in					
capital assets Restricted	\$ 88,713 -	\$ 89,607 -	\$	97,657 -	\$ 107,299 -
Unrestricted	 45,395	36,861		39,457	 44,291
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 134,108	\$ 126,468	\$	137,114	\$ 151,590
Primary government: Net investment in					
capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 649,706 97,634 175,261	\$ 732,913 29,975 156,051	\$	740,752 22,114 162,961	\$ 751,519 22,150 161,937
Total primary government net position	\$ 922,601	\$ 918,939	\$	925,827	\$ 935,606

The City of Garden Grove implemented GASB 63 and GASB 65 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, and GASB 68 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Source: Finance Department, City of Garden Grove

	Fiscal Year											
		2015	2016		2017			2018		2019		2020
	\$	642,786 17,848 (83,857)	\$	641,661 21,967 (88,223)	\$	631,964 24,613 (86,633)	\$	622,932 65,456 (111,538)	\$	621,163 69,820 (104,976)	\$	619,138 72,470 (108,833)
	\$	576,777	\$	575,405	\$	569,944	\$	576,850	\$	586,007	\$	582,775
=		111,947 -	\$	117,488	\$	118,371	\$	119,954	\$	125,805	\$	132,671
_		29,703		26,011		28,288		29,677		32,485		37,725
=	\$	141,650	<u>\$</u>	143,499	\$	146,659	\$	149,631	<u>\$</u>	158,290	\$	170,396
_	\$	754,733 17,848 (54,154)	\$	759,149 21,967 (62,212)	\$	750,335 24,613 (58,345)	\$	742,886 65,456 (81,861)	\$	746,968 69,820 (72,491)	\$	751,809 72,470 (71,108)
_	\$	718,427	\$	718,904	\$	716,603	\$	726,481	\$	744,297	\$	753,171

SCHEDULE II CITY OF GARDEN GROVE CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year					
	2011	2012	2013	2014		
Expenses:						
Governmental activities:						
Fire	\$ 18,710	\$ 19,497	\$ 20,273	\$ 20,876		
Police Traffic cafety	44,899	44,751	45,467	49,289		
Traffic safety Public right of way	2,905 13,013	3,197 14,768	3,097 16,541	3,872 14,051		
Drainage	1,374	1,417	1,426	1,284		
Community buildings	4,319	4,961	4,596	4,504		
Community services	4,088	4,430	4,452	4,679		
Economic Development Parks and greenbelts	1,584	1,785	1,838	1,973		
Community planning and development	49,088	10,945	7,938	8,491		
Municipal support	3,154	6,443	6,344	7,112		
Interest on long-term debt Total governmental activities	5,132	3,783	1,815	1,305		
expenses	148,266	115,977	113,787	117,436		
expenses	1.0/200					
Business-type activities:						
Water	26,152	24,213	26,419	26,761		
Sanitary District Mobile home parks/RV park	8,708 1,497	7,672 565	8,641	7,092		
Housing authority	1,437	30,894	31,586	30,489		
Golf course						
Total business-type activities expenses	36,357	63,344	66,646	64,342		
Total primary government expenses	184,623	179,321	180,433	181,778		
Program revenues:						
Governmental activities:						
Charges for services:	2 400	4.054	4.400	4 422		
Fire Police	3,400 3,607	1,051 3,321	1,106 3,486	1,422 3,169		
Traffic safety	1,342	1,343	1,349	1,349		
Public right of way	146	137	249	358		
Drainage	-	-	-	-		
Community buildings Community services	915	856	851	859		
Economic development	-	-	-	-		
Parks and greenbelts	1,368	1,346	1,319	1,282		
Community planning and development	1,384	1,303	1,491	2,128		
Municipal support Operating grants and contributions	2,636 46,464	2,540 19,574	2,553 10,012	2,693 13,277		
Capital grants and contributions	6,361	4,847	5,789	5,435		
Total governmental activities program						
revenues	67,623	36,318	28,205	31,972		
Business-type activities:						
Charges for services:						
Water	30,261	34,318	33,738	35,186		
Sanitary District Mobile home parks	12,187 318	12,294 1	13,204	12,051		
Golf course	-	-	-	-		
Operating grants and contributions	-	30,662	30,582	30,656		
Capital grants and contributions						
Total business-type activities program						
revenues	42,766	77,275	77,524	77,893		
Total primary government program						
revenues	110,389	113,593	105,729	109,865		
Net revenues (expenses):						
Governmental activities	(80,643)	(79,659)	(85,582)	(85,464)		
Business-type activities Total net revenues (expenses)	6,409 \$ (74,234)	13,931 \$ (65,728)	10,878 \$ (74,704)	13,551 \$ (71,913)		
. Star fiet revenues (expenses)	Ψ (/∃/2J∃)	y (05,720)	+ (, 1,, 01)	<u>* (, =1,) = 0,1</u>		

			Fiscal Year				
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		
\$ 21,939 50,837	\$ 20,700 47,309	\$ 23,934 53,783	\$ 27,428 64,245	\$ 27,053 62,965	\$ 32,910 76,176		
3,517	3,001	4,425	5,088	5,214	5,734		
16,903 1,445	16,917 1,453	18,456 1,438	18,952 1,561	19,108 1,464	17,499 1,396		
4,973	4,691	4,998	5,096	4,552	4,802		
4,797	4,606	5,184	5,677	5,684	6,268		
1,944	2,333	4,271	3,099	3,235	2,950		
2,146 7,837	1,957 5,633	1,861 6,989	5,628 9,590	2,367 8,235	2,190 9,352		
7,609	6,151	8,434	8,721	10,812	9,914		
862	1,962	1,212	1,133	1,049	1,112		
124,809	116,713	134,985	156,218	151,738	170,303		
30,003 8,128	26,982 8,095	31,109 8,709	35,410 9,671	34,062 9,554	37,937 9,509		
· -	· -	-	-	-	-		
30,707	36,947	30,390	33,130	34,218	37,038 1,479		
68,838	72,024	70,208	78,211	77,834	85,963		
193,647	188,737	205,193	234,429	229,572	256,266		
1,011	1,683	1,347	1,830	1,329	698		
3,019	2,717	3,150	3,599	3,293	3,470		
1,351	1,347	1,356	1,355	1,350	1,352		
272 -	391 -	394 -	406 -	450 -	362		
<u>-</u>		401		510	508		
986	768 -	1,015 108	1,145	1,446	761		
1,264	1,226	1,265	834	678	776		
1,839	2,320	2,031	3,605	4,360	3,275		
2,656 13,295	3,109 15,819	3,555 14,868	3,730 14,771	3,646 21,660	3,256 22,125		
6,032	3,569	497	2,329	3,739	3,036		
31,725	32,949	29,987	33,604	42,461	39,619		
33,145	29,158	32,130	35,595	36,966	38,575		
12,095 -	12,339	12,939 -	12,837 -	14,002	14,413		
- 30,726	- 31,730	- 31,379	- 31,461	- 34,417	1,243 37,376		
75,966	73,227	76,448	79,893	85,385	91,607		
107,691	106,176	106,435	113,497	127,846	131,226		
(93,084)	(83,764)	(104,998)	(122,614)	(109,277)	(130,684)		
7,128	1,203 ¢ (82.561)	6,240	1,682 ¢ (120,932)	7,551 ¢ (101.736)	5,644		
\$ (85,956)	\$ (82,561)	\$ (98,758)	\$ (120,932)	\$ (101,726)	\$ (125,040) (Continued)		
					(Continued)		

SCHEDULE II CITY OF GARDEN GROVE CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year								
		2011		2012		2013	_		2014
General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental activities:	:								
Taxes: Sales taxes Property taxes Transient occupancy taxes Other taxes Motor vehicle taxes, levied for general purposes Investment income	\$	16,776 52,268 11,697 5,775 801 4,240	\$	18,461 43,920 12,320 7,297 87 760	\$	19,805 35,145 14,448 7,316 90 1,757		\$	20,285 35,286 16,443 7,438 75 1,945
Other general revenues		425		651		1,210			297
Gain/(Loss) on sale of capital assets Transfers Capital Contribution Special Item Total governmental activities		- - - - 91,982		(10,941)	3	2,309 - 82,080	4		(1,002) ⁵ 80,767
Business-type activities: Investment income Gain/(Loss) on sale of capital assets Other general revenues Discontinued operations Transfers Total business-type activities Total primary government		1,510 12,886 - - - 14,396 106,378		(2,510)	2 3	437 - - - - 437 82,517	· _		715 41 169 - 925 81,692
Changes in net position Governmental activities		11,339		5,269		(3,502)			(4,697)
Business-type activities Total primary government	\$	20,805 32,144	\$	(8,931) (3,662)	\$	11,315 7,813	· –	\$	14,476 9,779

Source: Finance Department, City of Garden Grove

The City of Garden Grove implemented GASB 63 and GASB 65 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

¹ FY11-12: The \$18.9 million loss in governmental activities represents a one-time loss as a result of the dissolution of Redevelopment Agency in 2012.

² FY11-12: The \$2.9 million loss in business-type activities represents a one-time loss due to the transfer of the remaining net position of RV Park enterprise fund to the Successor Agency Trust fund.

³ FY11-12: The \$20.4 million was primarily related to the \$19.6 million transfer from the Mobile Home Park enterprise fund to the General fund as a result of the discontinuance of operations of the Mobile Home Park fund.

⁴ FY12-13: The \$2.3 million capital contribution was related to the transfer of land from the Successor Agency Trust fund to the General fund.

⁵ FY13-14: The \$1.0 million loss in governmental activities represents a one-time loss due to the disposal of land.

Fiscal Year										
2015		2016	2017	2018	2019	2020				
1	9,251 6,972 7,217 7,761	\$ 22,052 40,574 20,897 8,214	\$ 21,793 42,113 25,121 8,314	\$ 20,737 47,033 25,983 8,660	\$ 24,612 49,356 26,285 8,350	\$ 43,122 50,765 18,277 8,010				
	72 2,005 534 3 (7)	71 3,344 7,270 2,774	79 1,337 488 - 292	93 1,870 622 - 581	85 7,666 766 - 1,000	139 9,067 1,672 - 50				
	-	-	-	30,058	-	-				
8	3,808	105,196	99,537	135,637	118,120	131,102				
	523	428	142	410	1,917	2,658				
	169	59	-	-	· -	· -				
	29	159	182	208	191	204				
	- 7	-	- (292)	- (581)	(1,000)	(50)				
	728	646	32	37	1,108	2,812				
8	4,536	105,842	99,569	135,674	119,228	133,914				
(9,276)	21,432	(5,461)	13,023	8,843	418				
	7,856 1,420)	1,849 \$ 23,281	6,272 811	1,719 14,742	8,659 \$ 17,502	8,456 \$ 8,874				

SCHEDULE III CITY OF GARDEN GROVE

BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

THE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year							
	_	2011		2012		2013		2014
General fund:								
Reserved	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Non-Spendable:	Þ	-	₽	-	₽	_	Þ	-
Agency reimbursement agreement		_		_		_		_
COP reimbursement agreement		_		_		_		_
Intercity loan		40,056		13,375		13,375		13,375
Land held for resale				-		-		-
Prepaid items		135		_		_		_
Deposits		-		_		_		_
Restricted:								
Public safety		_		_		_		_
Public right of way		_		_		_		_
Community services		_		_		_		_
Community planning and development		_		_		_		_
Municipal support		_		_		_		_
Pension Trust		_		_		_		_
Committed:								
Post-Employment Benefits		1,000		_		_		_
Community planning and development		-		_		_		_
Stability reserve		_		_		_		_
Assigned:								
Post-Employment Benefits		_		1,000		1,000		1,000
Garden Grove tourism improvement		_		53		139		231
Property tax lawsuit		500		500		500		500
Building improvements		1,300		1,300		1,300		1,300
General Plan		1,300		113		132		223
Paramedic Tax		_		-		-		-
Other purposes		384		_		_		_
Unreserved		-		_		_		_
Unassigned		4,566		18,444		16,016		16,217
Total general fund	\$	47,941	\$	34,785	\$	32,462	\$	32,846
rotal general rana		,5 .12	<u> </u>	5 .77 55	<u> </u>	02/102	<u> </u>	52/5:5
All other governmental funds:								
Reserved	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Non-Spendable:								
Intercity loan		13,829		-		-		-
Land held for resale		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		4		-		-		-
Deposits		815		-		-		-
Restricted:								
Fire		1		-		-		-
Police		2,457		2,680		2,793		2,814
Public right of way		13,080		11,783		8,433		3,665
Drainage		287		354		453		569
Community services		1,450		207		650		-
Community planning and development		97,109		12,185		12,200		12,695
Municipal support		199		229		242		304
Committed:								
Community planning and development		994		-		-		-
Assigned:								
Post-Employment Benefits		-		-		-		-
Property tax lawsuit		-		-		-		-
Building improvements		-		-		-		-
Other purposes		-		-		-		-
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-
Debt service funds		-		-		-		-
Capital projects funds		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		(31,170)	_	(3,055)	_	(67)	_	(551)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	99,055	\$	24,383	\$	24,704	\$	19,496

Source: Finance Department, City of Garden Grove

The City of Garden Grove implemented GASB 54 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Fiscal Year											
	2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
,		т		*		,		•		*	
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	13,375 -		13,375 -		13,414 -		13,456 -		12,793 -		12,102 -
	-		13		10		17 -		21		40
	-		-		103 -		84 -		90 -		90 -
	-		-		161 7		166 2,764		177 3,469		177 4,039
	-		-		15		35		57		57
	-		-		-		-		-		662
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		22,500
	1,000 231		1,000 314		1,000 404		1,000		1,000		1,000
	500		500		500		500		500		500 1,300
	1,300 273		1,300 239		1,300 325		1,300 301		1,300 262		357
	-		-		-		617 -		-		-
	- 16,330		- 18,331		- 22,629		- 29,428		- 47,448		- 39,506
\$	33,009	\$	35,072	\$	39,868	\$	49,668	\$	67,117	\$	82,330
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		- 195
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	- 1,754		- 9,260		- 9,521		- 5,336		3,210		- 4,103
	5,358 647		7,639 754		8,434 529		9,021 412		11,502 273		10,355 76
	180		196		945		2,370		4,505		5,841
	10,385 -		16,712 755		18,080 -		48,376 -		48,098 -		44,971 -
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		- (4)		-		-		- (40)		-
\$	(755) 17,569	\$	(4) 35,312	\$	466 37,975	\$	65,515	\$	(40) 67,548	\$	(59) 65,482

SCHEDULE IV CITY OF GARDEN GROVE CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) (In Thousands)

	Fiscal Year					
		2011	<u> </u>	2012		2013
		2011		2012		2013
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	91,330	\$	82,531	\$	77,231
Licenses and permits		962		946		1,128
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		2.911		2,673		2,960
Investment earnings		4,859		1,560		1,800
Charges for current services		12,002		10,401		10,084
From other agencies		50,336		15,617		13,324
Other revenues		6,393		1,612		3,332
Total revenues		168,793		115,340		109,859
Expenditures						
Current:						
Fire		18,862		19,996		20,447
Police		44,727		45,558		45,478
Traffic safety		2,733		2,894		2,595
Public right of way		5,865		5,880		5,730
Drainage						
Community buildings		3,188		3,519		3,082
Community services		4,037		4,449		4,453
Economic development		-		-		-
Parks and greenbelts		1,664		1,883		1,927
Community planning and		E4 0E0		10.071		7.764
development		51,950		10,871		7,761
Municipal support		7,359		8,805		6,797
Capital outlay		15,754		15,569		10,366
Debt service:		4 21 4		4 424		1 020
Principal retirement		4,214		4,434		1,939
Interest		4,938		3,226		1,383
Total expenditures		165,291		127,084		111,958
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		3,502		(11,744)		(2,099)
over (under) experialities		3,302		(11,/)		(2,033)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		41,588		78,846		1,239
Transfers out		(41,492)		(57,373)		(1,139)
Issuance of debt		2,500		-		-
Proceeds of debt		-		1,856		-
Gain/(Loss) on sale of capital						
assets		-		-		-
Contribution to Housing						
Authority		-		-		-
Extraordinary Gain/(Loss)		-		(98,139)		-
Payment to bond escrow agent						
Total other financing						
sources (uses)		2,596		(74,810)		100
Special Item						
Net change in fund balances	\$	6,098	\$	(86,554)	\$	(1,999)
		_		_		_
Debt service as a percentage of						
noncapital expenditures		6.1%		6.9%		3.3%

		Fiscal Year							
2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020			
\$ 80,010 1,405 2,755 1,780 10,267 12,857 1,991 111,065	\$ 81,823 1,139 2,629 1,546 9,528 15,945 2,079 114,689	\$ 92,268 1,554 2,222 1,285 9,943 15,991 11,071 134,334	\$ 98,042 1,687 2,622 1,275 10,041 11,640 3,847 129,154	\$ 103,090 2,005 3,134 1,846 11,945 12,047 4,193 138,260	\$ 114,078 2,645 2,850 4,344 15,122 13,599 3,940 156,578	\$ 119,853 2,647 3,157 6,402 11,180 17,884 4,386 165,509			
20,143 47,027 3,105 5,662 - 3,086 4,562	21,672 49,389 3,102 6,886 - 3,408 4,793	23,195 51,942 2,959 7,515 - 3,317 5,470	23,707 53,168 4,215 7,257 - 3,185 4,852	25,067 56,128 3,925 7,197 66 3,421 4,687	24,483 56,282 4,282 7,107 - 3,007 4,855	27,975 64,770 4,471 7,155 - 2,781 5,333			
2,019 8,156 7,215 14,956	1,944 2,247 7,359 7,600 9,032	2,333 2,217 7,229 8,012 7,371	2,757 1,939 6,497 7,903 6,754	3,099 2,325 7,982 7,626 10,938	3,212 2,300 7,124 9,353 13,635	2,950 2,057 8,130 8,467 14,021			
2,036 1,280 119,247	1,937 1,199 120,568	2,097 939 124,596	3,342 1,184 126,760	573 1,087 134,121	580 1,064 137,284	495 1,137 149,742			
3,232 (1,181)	7,761 (3,558) - -	9,738 11,783 (11,683) 25,962	2,394 1,396 (1,296) -	2,826 (1,253)	1,403 (1,303) -	4,380 (7,357)			
1,307 - -	22 - -	1,735 - -	4,965 - -	- - -	- - -	874 - -			
3,358	4,225 \$ (1,654)	(17,462) 10,335 \$ 20,073	5,065 \$ 7,459	1,573 30,029 \$ 35,741	100	(2,103)			
3.2%	2.8%	2.6%	3.8%	1.3%	1.3%	1.2%			

SCHEDULE V
CITY OF GARDEN GROVE
GENERAL GOVERNMENT MAJOR TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Sales	Property	Franchise	Business Operation	Transient Occupancy	Motor Vehicle	
Year	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Tax	Total
2011	16,776,350	17,254,068	2,349,125	3,425,691	11,696,706	800,742	52,302,682
2012	18,461,031	19,519,146	2,540,297	4,756,384	12,319,744	86,882	57,683,484
2013	19,804,727	35,145,142	2,506,722	4,809,344	14,447,817	90,025	76,803,777
2014	20,285,111	35,286,424	2,483,878	4,953,958	16,442,817	74,506	79,526,694
2015	19,251,431	36,972,309	2,532,706	5,228,239	17,216,510	71,970	81,273,165
2016	22,051,778	40,574,176	2,577,292	5,636,389	20,897,283	70,518	91,807,436
2017	21,792,872	42,113,373	2,532,462	5,781,098	25,121,419	79,429	97,420,653
2018	20,736,558	47,032,917	2,408,395	6,251,994	25,982,696	92,789	102,505,349
2019	29,371,450	49,355,823	2,404,867	5,945,451	26,285,461	84,911	113,447,963
2020	43,122,113	50,764,849	2,414,897	5,595,421	18,277,467	138,627	120,313,374

SCHEDULE VI CITY OF GARDEN GROVE ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUES OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (In Thousands)

		City			Successor Agency	,	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Secured	Unsecured	Taxable Assessed Value	Secured ¹	Unsecured ¹	Taxable Assessed Value ¹	Total Direct Tax Rate
2011	9,304,082	321,497	9,625,579	2,707,066	302,619	3,009,685	1.064%
2012	9,492,746	303,025	9,795,771	2,689,600	299,937	2,989,537	1.064%
2013	9,580,743	303,685	9,884,428	2,720,784	271,370	2,992,154	1.074%
2014	9,933,103	308,944	10,242,047	2,785,756	295,259	3,081,015	1.140%
2015	10,538,784	356,435	10,895,219	2,897,658	328,394	3,226,052	1.145%
2016	10,568,876	234,280	10,803,156	3,070,910	317,449	3,388,359	1.151%
2017	12,226,724	364,776	12,591,500	3,579,711	363,489	3,943,200	1.150%
2018	12,873,943	335,785	13,209,728	3,797,471	366,576	4,164,047	1.189%
2019	12,373,687	263,636	12,637,323	3,801,697	361,772	4,163,469	1.183%
2020	13,000,870	232,485	13,233,355	3,913,862	391,616	4,305,478	1.184%

NOIE:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only re-assessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: Orange County Assessor's Office/HdL Coren & Cone

¹ The Redevelopment Agency was dissolved in February 2012. The Successor Agency was created to close out the Redevelopment Agency.

SCHEDULE VII CITY OF GARDEN GROVE PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Basic Levy	City Paramedic	Metropolitan Water District	Orange County	Sanitation and Water	School Services	Other	Total
2011	1.0000	0.06000	0.00430	-	-	-	-	1.06430
2012	1.0000	0.06000	0.00370	-	-	-	-	1.06370
2013	1.0000	0.07000	0.00350	-	-	-	-	1.07350
2014	1.0000	0.07000	0.00350	-	-	0.06602	-	1.13952
2015	1.0000	0.07000	0.00350	-	-	0.07163	-	1.14513
2016	1.0000	0.07000	0.00350	-	-	0.07748	-	1.15098
2017	1.0000	0.07000	0.00350	-	-	0.07603	-	1.14953
2018	1.0000	0.08000	0.00350	-	-	0.10599	-	1.18949
2019	1.0000	0.08000	0.00350	-	-	0.09900	-	1.18250
2020	1.0000	0.08000	0.00350	-	-	0.10022	-	1.18372

Assessed values are expressed as 100% of "full value" as prescribed by California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 135.

Property tax in California is levied in accordance with Article 13A of the State Constitution at \$1 per \$100 county-wide assessed valuations plus other voter approved debt. Rates shown above are \$100 of assessed valuation. The one percent is allocated pursuant to State law to the appropriate units of local government.

Source: Orange County Tax Rates Book

SCHEDULE VIII CITY OF GARDEN GROVE PRICIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

	2020)	2010)
Taxpayer	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Assessed Value
GWGG LLC	\$ 225,436,539	1.28%		
Investel Harbor Resorts LLC	140,118,413	0.79%		
Landmark Marriott Suites LLC	119,752,310	0.68%		
Bridge WF CA Crystal View LP	89,141,471	0.51%		
Khanna Enterprises	67,064,490	0.38%		
Rexford Industrial Realty LP	61,926,215	0.35%		
New Age Brookhurst LLC	54,073,661	0.31%		
Park Grove Fee Owner LLC	52,236,108	0.30%		
Chatham Rigg LLC	49,528,308	0.28%		
HGGA Promenade LP	48,588,715	0.28%		
American Lodging			104,395,000	0.81%
Landmark Marriott Suites			97,091,002	0.76%
KPA Rigg			52,519,392	0.41%
Car Noa GGT			48,380,328	0.38%
Newage Garden Grove			41,541,387	0.32%
Ohi Resort Hotels			40,928,894	0.32%
Walton CWCA Garden Grove			54,100,800	0.42%
Swedlow Inc.			25,151,229	0.20%
CRP-2 Monarch			24,480,000	0.19%
BB Promenade	\$ 907,866,230	5.16%	25,440,536 \$ 514,028,568	0.20% 4.01%

Source: Hdl Coren & Cone The City of Garden Grove Top Ten Property Taxpayers

SCHEDULE IX CITY OF GARDEN GROVE PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	City Tax Rate (Per \$100)	Total Tax Levied	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Taxes Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Ratio of Total Tax Collections to Total Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Ratio of Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy
2011	0.0030	17,407,275	16,491,089	94.7	520,209	17,011,298	97.7	302,494	1.7%
2012	0.0030	17,792,829	16,539,285	93.0	277,560	16,816,846	94.5	333,343	1.9%
2013	0.0030	19,080,983	18,555,697	97.2	339,959	18,895,656	99.0	264,446	1.4%
2014	0.0030	20,112,895	19,256,287	95.7	281,184	19,537,471	97.1	231,857	1.2%
2015	0.0025	21,411,687	20,704,013	96.7	237,945	20,941,958	97.8	230,751	1.1%
2016	0.0025	22,611,366	21,721,987	96.1	213,997	21,935,984	97.0	517,198	2.3%
2017	0.0025	23,155,878	22,914,391	99.0	206,984	23,121,375	99.9	326,133	1.4%
2018	0.0025	26,376,092	25,752,153	97.6	174,164	25,926,316	98.3	134,739	0.5%
2019	0.0025	26,866,637	26,606,288	99.0	202,200	26,808,488	99.8	176,785	0.7%
2020	0.0025	28,019,537	27,164,413	96.9	567,147	27,731,560	99.0	248,420	0.9%

In implementing Article XIIIa of the State Constitution, the Revenue and Taxation Code provides for a single Basic Tax Rate Levy for County/City/School/Special Districts and other rates necessary to retire bonded and other indebtedness.

Source: Orange County Property Tax Ledger Finance Department, City of Garden Grove

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SCHEDULE X **CITY OF GARDEN GROVE RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Gove	nmental Activition	es		
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Certificates of Participation 2002 ¹	Lease Revenue Bonds ²	RDA 2008 Bonds ³	Tax Allocation Bonds ⁴	Loans ^{5 6}	Capital Leases ⁷	Total Governmental Activities
2011	19,510,000	-	1,890,000	48,415,000	44,157,481	2,850,033	116,822,514
2012	18,970,000	-	-	-	7,380,266	2,134,919	28,485,185
2013	18,410,000	-	-	-	6,345,613	1,371,910	26,127,523
2014	17,830,000	-	-	-	5,276,879	817,516	23,924,395
2015	17,210,000	-	-	-	4,128,913	812,176	22,151,089
2016	-	25,568,492	-	-	2,895,399	546,422	29,010,313
2017	-	25,104,126	-	-	69,826	622,676	25,796,628
2018	-	24,624,760	-	-	23,732	589,293	25,237,785
2019	-	24,120,394	-	-	-	373,317	24,493,711
2020	-	23,601,028	-	-	-	229,928	23,830,956

¹² The City refunded the 2002 COP in 2015 with the 2015A Lease Revenue Bonds and upsized with additional issuance of

approximately \$8,500,000.

The former Redevelopment Agency entered into a subordinate note purchase agreement in the amount of \$2,015,000 in June 2008 to refund a note issued to Katella Cottages. After dissolution, this liability is the responsibility of the State of California. Since dissolution in February 2012, the RDA 2008 Bonds (above) no longer report the Katella Cottages Loan.

⁴ The City refunded the \$52,325,000 tax allocation bonds in 2003.

⁵ The former Redevelopment Agency borrowed \$32,000,000 from Union Bank in 2008. After dissolution this liability is the responsibility of the State of California. Since dissolution in February 2012, Loans (above) no longer report the Union Bank

loan.

The Housing Authority refunded the \$9,010,000 HUD Section 108 loan, of which \$7,660,000 borrowed from HUD in 2008 was paid off in fiscal year 2015-2016.

The City entered into various capital leases for energy retrofitting, mail machines, copiers, and telephones.

⁸ The City issued \$16,625,000 Water Revenue Bond in 2010.

⁹ The City issued \$21,845,000 Sewer COP in 2006; and refunded the 2006 Sewer COPs in 2017.

¹⁰ 1993 COP was issued to finance acquisition of real property by the Garden Grove Housing Authority.

¹¹ These ratios are calculated using personal income and population for the prior calendar year.

	Business-	type Activities				
Water Revenue Bonds ⁸	Sewer Revenue COP ⁹	Certificates of Participation ¹⁰	Total Business-type Activities	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income ¹¹	Debt Per Capita ¹¹
28,670,000	20,945,000	-	49,615,000	166,437,514	0.36%	974
27,390,000	20,470,000	-	47,860,000	76,345,185	0.17%	442
26,826,738	20,298,745	-	47,125,483	73,253,006	0.16%	423
25,382,945	19,769,567	-	45,152,512	69,076,907	0.15%	397
23,884,150	19,220,388	-	43,104,538	65,255,627	0.13%	373
20,775,000	18,365,000	-	39,140,000	68,150,313	0.14%	384
19,571,107	16,740,627	-	36,311,734	62,108,362	0.12%	352
18,039,382	16,148,171	-	34,187,553	59,425,338	0.11%	336
16,381,152	15,535,716	-	31,916,868	56,410,579	0.10%	322
14,667,922	14,908,260	-	29,576,182	53,407,138	0.09%	306

SCHEDULE XI CITY OF GARDEN GROVE RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(In Thousands, except Per Capita)

	o	utstanding Gener	ral Bonded Debt			
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Certificates of Participation	Lease Revenue Bonds	Tax Allocation Bonds	Total	Percent of Assessed Value ¹	Per Capita
2011	19,510	-	48,415	67,925	0.54%	397
2012	18,970	-	-	18,970	0.15%	110
2013	18,410	-	-	18,410	0.14%	106
2014	17,830	-	-	17,830	0.13%	102
2015	17,210	-	-	17,210	0.12%	98
2016	-	25,568	-	25,568	0.18%	144
2017	-	25,104	-	25,104	0.15%	142
2018	-	24,625	-	24,625	0.14%	139
2019	-	24,120	-	24,120	0.14%	138
2020	-	23,601	-	23,601	0.13%	135

General bonded debt is debt payable with governmental fund resources and general obligation bonds recorded in enterprise funds (of which, the City has none).

¹ Assessed value has been used because the actual value of taxable property is not readily available in the State of California.

SCHEDULE XII CITY OF GARDEN GROVE DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDS AND DEBT JUNE 30, 2020

CITY OF GARDEN GROVE

2019-20 Assessed Valuation: \$17,647,291,338

		Total Debt		С	ity's Share of
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:		6/30/2020	% Applicable (1)		Debt 6/30/20
Metropolitan Water District	\$	37,300,000	0.570	\$	212,610
Coast Community College District		908,050,757	6.203		56,326,388
North Orange County Joint Community College District		284,769,001	2.278		6,487,038
Rancho Santiago Community College District		220,164,038	6.442		14,182,967
Rancho Santiago Community College District School Facilities Improvement District No. 1		166,020,000	11.058		18,358,492
Garden Grove Unified School District		403,257,300	57.933		233,619,052
Orange Unified School District		180,385,000	1.252		2,258,420
Anaheim Union High School District		283,473,955	0.076		215,440
Huntington Beach Union High School District		172,819,998	1.289		2,227,650
Anaheim School District		275,781,416	0.095		261,992
Magnolia School District		20,788,305	0.222		46,150
Westminster School District		100,121,110	7.437		7,446,007
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			•	\$	341,642,206
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:					
Orange County General Fund Obligations	\$	386,745,000	2.820	\$	10,906,209
Orange County Pension Obligation Bonds		466,863,754	2.820	'	13,165,558
Orange County Board of Education Certificates of Participation		12,930,000	2.820		364,626
North Orange Regional Occupation Program Certificates of Participation		8,950,000	0.027		2,417
Coast Community College District General Fund Obligations		2,600,000	6.203		161,278
Orange Unified School District Certificates of Participation		24,951,384	1.252		312,391
Orange Unified School District Benefit Obligations		63,565,000	1.252		795,834
Anaheim Union High School District Certificates of Participation		32,400,000	0.076		24,624
Huntington Beach Union High School District Certificates of Participation		62,581,090	1.289		806,670
Magnolia School District Certificates of Participation		14,143,525	0.222		31,399
Westminster School District Certificates of Participation		35,707,297	7.437		2,655,552
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT		,,		\$	29,226,558
DIRECT GOVERNMENTAL FUND DEBT (NET OF BOND DISCOUNT/PREMIUM):					
City of Garden Grove Governmental Fund Obligations					
Lease Revenue Bonds	\$	23,601,028	100%	d	23,601,028
Capital Lease Payable	₽	229,928	100%	₽	229,928
Capital Lease i dyanie		229,920	100%	\$	23,830,956
TOTAL DIRECT DEBT				\$	23,830,956
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT				\$	370,868,764
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT				\$	394,699,720 ²

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

² Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds are included based on principal due at maturity.

Ratios to 2019-20 Assessed Valuation:	
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	2.10%
Total Direct Debt (\$23,830,956)	0.13%
Combined Total Debt	2.23%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc. / MuniServices, LLC

SCHEDULE XIII CITY OF GARDEN GROVE LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fisc	al Year	•	
	2011	 2012		2013 ¹	 2014 ¹
Assessed valuation	\$ 9,625,579	\$ 9,795,771	\$	9,884,428	\$ 10,242,047
Conversion percentage	 25%	 25%		25%	25%
Adjusted assessed valuation	2,406,395	2,448,943		2,471,107	2,560,512
Debt limit percentage	 15%	 15%		15%	15%
Debt limit	360,959	367,341		370,666	384,077
Total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds	 	 			
Legal debt margin	\$ 360,959	\$ 367,341	\$	370,666	\$ 384,077
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%

¹ The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

Source: Finance Department, City of Garden Grove Orange County Tax Assessor's Office

			Fisc	al Yea	r			
 2015	 2016	2017		2018		2019		 2020
\$ 10,895,219	\$ 10,803,156	\$	12,591,500	\$	13,209,728	\$	12,637,323	\$ 13,233,355
25%	 25%		25%		25%		25%	25%
2,723,805	2,700,789		3,147,875		3,302,432		3,159,331	3,308,339
 15%	 15%		15%		15%		15%	 15%
408,571	405,118		472,181		495,365		473,900	496,251
-	 -				<u> </u>			 -
\$ 408,571	\$ 405,118	\$	472,181	\$	495,365	\$	473,900	\$ 496,251
0.0%	0.0%		0.0%		0.0%		0.0%	0.0%

SCHEDULE XIV CITY OF GARDEN GROVE PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Water Revenue Bonds Resources Debt Service Requirement												
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Expenses ¹	Available for Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage					
2011	30,651,300	21,520,591	9,130,709	1,040,000	1,299,320	2,339,320	3.90					
2012	34,492,870	21,413,634	13,079,236	1,280,000	1,383,464	2,663,464	4.91					
2013	33,933,081	22,848,625	11,084,456	1,320,000	1,340,727	2,660,727	4.17					
2014	35,721,417	22,876,255	12,845,162	1,375,000	1,286,725	2,661,725	4.83					
2015	33,573,575	25,146,241	8,427,334	1,430,000	1,225,677	2,655,677	3.17					
2016	29,519,804	25,781,906	3,737,898	1,490,000	1,165,202	2,655,202	1.41					
2017	32,345,481	26,404,580	5,940,901	1,515,000	861,491	2,376,491	2.50					
2018	35,946,867	30,301,866	5,645,001	1,570,000	817,465	2,387,465	2.36					
2019	37,832,009	28,891,265	8,940,744	1,600,000	775,290	2,375,290	3.76					
2020	39,490,046	31,574,927	7,915,119	1,655,000	724,740	2,379,740	3.33					

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Total operating expense less depreciation and amortization.

² The City entered into a sewer revenue bond agreement on April 1, 2006; the first year's interest was prorated from bond commencement. The debt amortization started in FY09-10 with an annual principal repayment on June 15. In FY 16/17 the City refunded 2006 Sewer COP with the issuance of the Garden Grove Sanity District, Revenue Refunding bonds, Series 2017.

			Resources	Debt 9			
Fiscal Year	Gross Revenue	Expenses	Available for Debt Service	Principal ²	Interest ²	Total	Coverage
2011	9,570,394	2,786,977	6,783,417	460,000	1,005,741	1,465,741	4.63
2012	9,293,119	3,555,210	5,737,909	475,000	987,341	1,462,341	3.92
2013	10,302,890	3,645,873	6,657,017	495,000	968,341	1,463,341	4.55
2014	10,361,393	3,264,411	7,096,982	515,000	948,541	1,463,541	4.85
2015	10,242,532	3,814,961	6,427,571	535,000	927,941	1,462,941	4.39
2016	10,521,214	3,880,996	6,640,218	560,000	906,541	1,466,541	4.53
2017	10,356,150	4,424,966	5,931,184	580,000	884,141	1,464,141	4.05
2018	10,641,504	5,009,287	5,632,217	520,000	676,575	1,196,575	4.71
2019	11,951,932	5,152,423	6,799,509	540,000	660,975	1,200,975	5.66
2020	12,673,629	4,993,491	7,680,138	555,000	639,375	1,194,375	6.43

(Continued)

SCHEDULE XIV CITY OF GARDEN GROVE PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			cation Refundin		
Fiscal Year	Tax Increment ¹	Principal Principal	Service Require Interest	ment Total	Coverage
2011	19,632,456	1,850,000	2,533,638	4,383,638	4.48
2012	7,198,257	1,945,000	2,402,238	4,347,238	1.66
2013	20,003,696	2,020,000	2,320,413	4,340,413	4.61
2014	20,205,156	2,105,000	2,232,756	4,337,756	4.66
2015	20,526,084	2,195,000	2,130,406	4,325,406	4.75
2016	15,837,862	2,360,000	1,526,300	3,886,300	4.08
2017	18,484,197	2,430,000	1,454,450	3,884,450	4.76
2018	17,693,119	2,505,000	1,380,425	3,885,425	4.55
2019	17,445,206	2,380,000	1,295,250	3,675,250	4.75
2020	18,868,786	2,685,000	1,193,950	3,878,950	4.86

 $^{^1\,}$ Due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency in February 2012, the Tax Increment is now deposited in the City of Garden Grove RPTTF project area.

SCHEDULE XIV CITY OF GARDEN GROVE PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2016 Ta	x Allocation Bor	nds			
Fiscal	Tax	Debt	Service Require	ment	_		
Year	Increment 1	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage		
2011				-			
2012				-			
2013				-			
2014				-			
2015				-			
2016				-			
2017	18,484,197		1,716,504	1,716,504	10.77		
2018	17,693,119		1,652,250	1,652,250	10.71		
2019	17,445,206		1,652,250	1,652,250	10.56		
2020	18,868,786		1,652,250	1,652,250	11.42		

 $^{^1\,}$ Due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency in February 2012, the Tax Increment is now deposited in the City of Garden Grove RPTTF project area.

SCHEDULE XV CITY OF GARDEN GROVE DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population	Personal Income (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2011	170,883	4,567,065	26,006	11.2%
2012	172,648	4,371,270	25,581	9.6%
2013	173,075	4,696,862	27,205	7.8%
2014	173,953	4,747,258	27,429	6.5%
2015	174,774	4,924,023	28,307	4.2%
2016	177,303	4,999,605	28,606	4.4%
2017	176,277	5,087,579	28,694	4.8%
2018	176,896	5,243,712	29,747	3.4%
2019	175,155	5,490,131	31,344	3.3%
2020	174,801	5,763,401	32,971	14.9%

Source: State Employment Development Department

California Department of Finance

Center for Demographic Research / Fullerton.edu / Ycharts.com

SCHEDULE XVI CITY OF GARDEN GROVE PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

	2	020	2	010
Employer	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment
Great Wolf Lodge Southern California	700	0.83%		
Air Industries Company	625	0.74%	662	0.87%
Garden Grove Hospital Medical Center	516	0.61%		
Hyatt Regency	424	0.50%		
GKN Aerospace Transparency Systems Inc	409	0.48%	331	0.44%
Safran Cabin Inc	350	0.41%		
Costco #126	323	0.38%		
Full Clip	310	0.37%		
Walmart #4171	272	0.32%		
Lutheran Social Services of Southern CA	250	0.29%		
Saint Gobain Performance Plastics			363	0.48%
Prime Healthcare Services			516	0.68%
Driessen Aircraft Interior Systems			370	0.49%
OfficeMax Inc.			360	0.47%
Crystal Cathedral			290	0.38%
C&D Zodiac			286	0.38%
Money Mailer LLC			270	0.36%
Exemplis Corporation			268	0.35%

Total employment as used above represents the total employment of all employers located within City limits.

Source: Business Tax Division, City of Garden Grove

SCHEDULE XVII CITY OF GARDEN GROVE FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME CITY EMPLOYEES BY DEPARTMENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Department	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
City Manager	10	9	9	9	9	10	29	29	30	35	
Community Development	59	65	58	58	58	53	37	37	35	37	
Community Services	143	159	156	157	151	147	146	153	157	116	
Economic Development	13	13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Finance	37	37	39	40	40	41	38	38	37	36	
Fire	110	110	107	109	111	111	106	106	103	-	*
Information Technology	20	20	20	19	19	19	20	20	20	20	
Personnel	9	10	9	9	9	10	11	11	12	12	
Police	333	302	275	268	273	272	289	293	263	282	
Public Works	196	199	194	195	194	196	198	198	186	184	
Total	930	924	867	864	864	859	874	885	843	722	
Full time employees	681	676	621	623	633	632	640	641	642	560	
Part time employees	249	248	246	241	231	227	234	244	201	162	

Source: Budget Division, City of Garden Grove
* On August 16, 2019 Garden Grove Fire Department transitioned to the Orange County Fire Authority (OCFA).

SCHEDULE XVIII CITY OF GARDEN GROVE OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Police: Arrests Report Traffic citations issued	6,920 14,945	6,651 11,393	6,774 13,815	6,423 10,903	6,478 9,604	5,468 9,890	6,358 9,114	7,476 11,114	6,112 8,598	5,436 7,403
Fire: Number of emergency calls	23,381	25,586	26,739	26,785	26,785	14,627	15,134	15,297	15,142	13,092
Public Right-of-Way: Parking citations issued Permits issued	24,800 201	24,590 314	24,571 406	25,919 501	28,017 605	25,500 546	27,127 482	33,797 566	34,508 563	28,430 560
Community Services: Number of recreation classes Housing vouchers	1,817 2,337	1,540 2,337	1,987 2,337	2,016 2,337	2,416 2,337	1,918 2,337	1,947 2,337	1,701 2,337	2,057 2,337	1,932 2,337
Community Planning and Development Building permits issued	3,881	2,036	2,427	2,808	2,041	2,259	2,233	3,066	3,986	3,954
Water: Number of accounts Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)	33,689 20,528	33,751 21,480	34,206 21,324	33,807 22,024	33,834 20,391	33,870 17,563	33,892 17,946	33,893 20,249	33,911 18,298	34,054 18,038
Solid Waste Disposal: Number of accounts	33,308	33,424	33,886	34,136	33,658	33,968	33,966	33,786	33,700	33,542
Drainage: Channels cleaned (miles)	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Municipal Support: Passports issued ¹	292	624	673	507	247	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Source: City of Garden Grove

Passport services discontinued as of July 1, 2015.
 On August 16, 2019 Garden Grove Fire Department transitioned to the Orange County Fire Authority (OCFA).

SCHEDULE XIX CITY OF GARDEN GROVE CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	
Police: Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Fire: Fire stations	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	*
Public Right-of-Way: Streets (miles)	305	305	305	305	305	305	305	305	305	305	
Community Services: Parks Park acreage Community centers	16 142 2	16 142 2	16 142 2	16 142 2	16 142 2	19 137 2	19 137 2	20 140 2	19 124 9	19 124 9	
Water: Water mains (miles) Number of connections	433 33,689	433 33,751	433 34,206	433 34,257	433 34,294	433 34,313	433 34,336	433 34,347	433 34,380	433 34,459	
Sewage Collection: Sanitary sewers (miles)	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	320	
Drainage: Storm drains (miles)	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	

Source: City of Garden Grove

^{*} On August 16, 2019 Garden Grove Fire Department transitioned to the Orange County Fire Authority (OCFA). However, the City retains the ownership of the Fire stations and OCFA leases for \$1 per year for each facility.