SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2022



SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL SECTION

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds – Balance Sheet	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	14
Governmental Funds – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	16
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	17
Proprietary Funds – Statement of Net Position	19
Proprietary Funds – Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
Proprietary Funds – Statement of Cash Flows	
Notes to Financial Statements	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

General Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	56
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - District Plan	
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - MPP Program	58
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS	59
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalPERS	60
Schedule of District Contributions - CalSTRS	
Schedule of District Contributions - CalPERS	62
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	63

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	65
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	67
Schedule of Instructional Time	68
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	69
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements	
Combining Statements – Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	71
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	72
Local Education Agency Organization Structure	73
Notes to Supplementary Information	74

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on	
an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	76
Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; and Report on Internal Control Over	
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	78
Report on State Compliance	81

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Summary of Auditors' Results	
Financial Statement Findings	
Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
State Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	90
Management Letter	

FINANCIAL SECTION



REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Saddleback Valley Unified School District Mission Viejo, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Saddleback Valley Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Saddleback Valley Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Saddleback Valley Unified School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Saddleback Valley Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Saddleback Valley Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

> 348 Olive Street 0:619-270-8222 F: 619-260-9085 San Diego, CA 92103 christywhite.com

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Saddleback Valley Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Saddleback Valley Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of changes in OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of district contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Saddleback Valley Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2022 on our consideration of the Saddleback Valley Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Saddleback Valley Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Saddleback Valley Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Christy White, Inc.

San Diego, California December 12, 2022

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

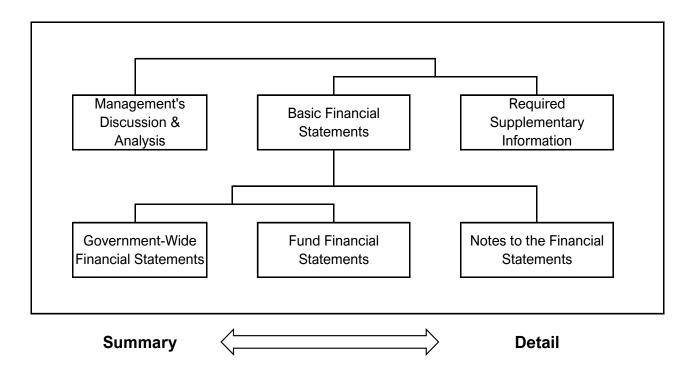
Our discussion and analysis of Saddleback Valley Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's combined net position was \$71,770,896 at June 30, 2022. This was an aggregate increase of \$45,708,428 from the prior year after restatement. The District's net position is comprised of \$72,911,885 related to governmental activities and \$(1,140,989) related to business-type activities.
- Total revenues related to governmental activities were \$373,534,343 which exceeded expenses of \$328,234,267. This resulted in an increase of \$45,300,076 in net position related to governmental activities.
- Total revenues related to business-type activities were \$1,779,763 which exceeded expenses of \$1,371,411. This resulted in an increase of \$408,352 in net position related to business-type activities.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - **Governmental Funds** provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - ▶ **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's combined net position was \$71,770,896 at June 30, 2022, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(259,581,739) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

		Go	overr	nmental Activitie	s		Business-Type Activities						
	2022			2021	Ne	t Change		2022	2021		N	et Change	
ASSETS													
Current and other assets	\$	222,188,981	\$	195,524,925	\$	26,664,056	\$	1,009,169	\$ 434	,583	\$	574,586	
Capital assets		329,316,578		339,969,282		(10,652,704)		21,816	21	,769		47	
Total Assets		551,505,559		535,494,207		16,011,352		1,030,985	456	,352		574,633	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		81,597,215		103,997,517		(22,400,302)		378,723	436	,963		(58,240)	
LIABILITIES													
Current liabilities		39,185,525		38,641,586		543,939		687,994	451	,277		236,717	
Long-term liabilities		353,080,579		550,177,147		197,096,568)		1,460,704	1,920	,718		(460,014)	
Total Liabilities		392,266,104		588,818,733		196,552,629)		2,148,698	2,371	,995		(223,297)	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		167,924,785		23,065,534		144,859,251		401,999	70	,661		331,338	
NET POSITION													
Net investment in capital assets		234,211,524		236,056,453		(1,844,929)		21,816	21	,769		47	
Restricted		97,119,295		73,513,237		23,606,058		-		-		-	
Unrestricted		(258,418,934)		(281,962,233)		23,543,299		(1,162,805)	(1,571	,110)		408,305	
Total Net Position	\$	72,911,885	\$	27,607,457	\$	45,304,428	\$	(1,140,989)	\$ (1,549	,341)	\$	408,352	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, transfers, and special items for the year.

	Governmental Activities							Business-Type Activities					
	2022			2021	Ν	let Change		2022	2021	I	Net Change		
REVENUES													
Program revenues													
Charges for services	\$	3,252,265	\$	5,053,672	\$	(1,801,407)	\$	1,333,631 \$	-	\$	1,333,631		
Operating grants and contributions		86,750,967		81,059,463		5,691,504		-	22,770		(22,770)		
Capital grants and contributions		3,967,303		12,122,714		(8,155,411)		-	-		-		
General revenues													
Property taxes		228,338,659		221,063,836		7,274,823		-	-		-		
Unrestricted federal and state aid		43,542,521		38,971,144		4,571,377		-	-		-		
Other		7,682,628		3,727,556		3,955,072		446,132	1,040,623		(594,491)		
Total Revenues		373,534,343		361,998,385		11,535,958		1,779,763	1,063,393		716,370		
EXPENSES													
Instruction		180,985,756		219,569,228		(38,583,472)		-	-		-		
Instruction-related services		31,819,954		35,921,159		(4,101,205)		-	-		-		
Pupil services		29,427,761		29,576,599		(148,838)		-	-		-		
General administration		14,234,633		17,091,491		(2,856,858)		-	-		-		
Plant services		26,221,330		26,940,969		(719,639)		-	-		-		
Ancillary and community services		14,281,924		14,526,302		(244,378)		-	-		-		
Debt service		2,008,882		2,561,213		(552,331)		-	-		-		
Other outgo		9,552,605		8,232,402		1,320,203		-	-		-		
Depreciation		19,680,524		19,931,558		(251,034)		-	-		-		
Other		20,898		46,881		(25,983)		1,371,411	1,273,004		98,407		
Total Expenses		328,234,267		374,397,802		(46,163,535)		1,371,411	1,273,004		98,407		
Transfers & special items		-		(108,623)		108,623		-	108,623		(108,623)		
Change in net position		45,300,076		(12,508,040)		57,808,116		408,352	(100,988)		509,340		
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated*		27,611,809		40,115,497		(12,503,688)		(1,549,341)	(1,448,353)		(100,988)		
Net Position - Ending	\$	72,911,885	\$	27,607,457	\$	45,304,428	\$	(1,140,989) \$	(1,549,341)	\$	408,352		

*Beginning net position was restated for the 2022 year only.

*Beginning net position of governmental activities was restated for the 2022 year only.

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$328,234,267 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was \$228,338,659 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions. The District's business-type activities experienced an increase in net position of \$408,352 during the year ended June 30, 2022.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of	of Serv	/ices
	2022		2021
Instruction	\$ 137,778,271	\$	154,530,429
Instruction-related services	21,392,529		31,353,769
Pupil services	12,180,726		20,215,145
General administration	5,287,355		14,618,342
Plant services	26,049,294		25,913,307
Ancillary and community services	7,216,815		8,426,042
Debt service	2,008,882		2,561,213
Transfers to other agencies	2,648,438		(1,423,674)
Depreciation	19,680,524		19,931,558
Enterprise activities	20,898		35,822
Total	\$ 234,263,732	\$	276,161,953

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$174,726,954 which is more than this year's restated beginning fund balance of \$146,362,347. The District's General Fund had \$16,316,398 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects experienced a net increase in fund balance of \$3,621,953 primarily due to a transfer received from the County School Facilities Fund in the amount of \$3,967,303.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2021-2022

The Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2021-2022 the District had invested a total of \$329,338,394 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Go	over	nmental Activit	ies		Business-Type Activities						
	 2022		2021		Net Change		2022	2021		Net Change		
CAPITAL ASSETS												
Land	\$ 39,487,653	\$	39,487,653	\$	-	\$	- \$; -	\$	-		
Construction in progress	7,326,657		8,042,074		(715,417)		-	-		-		
Land improvements	61,546,100		61,394,911		151,189		500,000	500,000		-		
Buildings & improvements	514,577,920		512,834,891		1,743,029		8,620	8,620		-		
Furniture & equipment	36,593,182		31,449,239		5,143,943		52,325	74,625		(22,300)		
Accumulated depreciation	(330,214,934)		(313,239,486)		(16,975,448)		(539,129)	(561,476)	22,347		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 329,316,578	\$	339,969,282	\$	(10,652,704)	\$	21,816 \$	21,769	\$	47		

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had a total of \$354,541,283 in long-term liabilities. This was a decrease of 35.78% from last year, as summarized in the table below. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

		Go	verr	mental Activitie	es		Business-Type Activities							
	2022		2021			Net Change		2022		2021	Net Change			
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES														
Total general obligation bonds	\$	97,313,576	\$	106,121,351	\$	(8,807,775)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Prop. 39 settlement liability		495,250		-		495,250		-		-		-		
Compensated absences		1,028,081		1,330,197		(302,116)		-		-		-		
Net OPEB liability		94,014,765		108,567,676		(14,552,911)		-		-		-		
Net pension liability		161,364,206		333,737,105		(172,372,899)		1,460,704		1,920,718		(460,014)		
Claims liability		8,413,226		9,228,593		(815,367)		-		-		-		
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(9,548,525)		(8,807,775)		(740,750)		-		-		-		
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	353,080,579	\$	550,177,147	\$	(197,096,568)	\$	1,460,704	\$	1,920,718	\$	(460,014)		

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its September 2022 quarterly report, the UCLA Anderson Forecast stated the U.S. economy was likely to muddle along with below-trend growth and continued high inflation over the next twelve months. No recession is forecast at this time; however, the possibility still exists that persistent inflation and aggressive interest rate policy will lead to a hard landing of the economy, potentially triggering a recession. In California, defense spending and technology demands will likely keep the economy growing.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. The May 2022 Budget Revision includes total funding of \$128.3 billion (\$78.4 billion General Fund and \$49.9 billion other funds) for all K-12 education programs, additionally, the revised spending plan further accelerates the implementation of the "California for All Kids" plan, which is a whole-child support framework designed to target inequities in educational outcomes among students from different demographic backgrounds and empower parents and families with more options and services. The Proposition 98 Guarantee continues to be in Test 1 for 2021-22 and 2022-23. To accommodate enrollment increases related to the expansion of transitional kindergarten, the Governor's Budget proposed re-benching the Test 1 percentage to increase the percentage of General Fund revenues due to the Guarantee, from 38.03 percent to approximately 38.4 percent. The May Revision updates the increased Test 1 percentage from approximately 38.4 percent, the largest COLA in the history of LCFF.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. The CalSTRS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 19.10 percent. The CalPERS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 25.37 percent. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Assistant Superintendent, Business Services at the District's Office, 25631 Peter A. Hartman Way, Mission Viejo, CA 92691 or (949) 586-1234.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Go	overnmental Activities	Вι	usiness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	187,834,118	\$	942,758 \$	188,776,876
Accounts receivable		24,665,424		99,021	24,764,445
Internal balances		32,610		(32,610)	-
Inventory		351,924		-	351,924
Prepaid expenses		9,304,905		-	9,304,905
Capital assets, not depreciated		46,814,310		-	46,814,310
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		282,502,268		21,816	282,524,084
Total Assets		551,505,559		1,030,985	552,536,544
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions		62,973,103		378,723	63,351,826
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		16,415,590		-	16,415,590
Deferred amount on refunding		2,208,522		-	2,208,522
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		81,597,215		378,723	81,975,938
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities		20,933,187		137,918	21,071,105
Unearned revenue		8,703,813		550,076	9,253,889
Long-term liabilities, current portion		9,548,525		-	9,548,525
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion		353,080,579		1,460,704	354,541,283
Total Liabilities		392,266,104		2,148,698	394,414,802
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions		143,993,030		401,999	144,395,029
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		23,931,755		-	23,931,755
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		167,924,785		401,999	168,326,784
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		234,211,524		21,816	234,233,340
Restricted:					
Capital projects		50,990,390		-	50,990,390
Debt service		8,890,137		-	8,890,137
Educational programs		28,990,203		-	28,990,203
Food service		5,492,327		-	5,492,327
Associated student body		2,756,238		-	2,756,238
Unrestricted		(258,418,934)		(1,162,805)	(259,581,739)
Total Net Position	\$	72,911,885	\$	(1,140,989) \$	71,770,896

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

					Pro	gram Revenues	6				Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position	
						Operating		Capital				
				Charges for		Grants and		Grants and	G	Sovernmental	Business-Type	
Function/Programs		Expenses		Services	с	ontributions		Contributions		Activities	Activities	Total
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES												
Instruction	\$	180,985,756	\$	313,480	\$	38,926,702	\$	3,967,303	\$	(137,778,271)		
Instruction-related services												
Instructional supervision and administration		11,971,705		14,462		5,107,836		-		(6,849,407)		
Instructional library, media, and technology		3,325,088		707,090		244,117		-		(2,373,881)		
School site administration		16,523,161		38,796		4,315,124		-		(12,169,241)		
Pupil services												
Home-to-school transportation		4,795,356		-		81,615		-		(4,713,741)		
Food services		7,463,828		6,828		12,738,472		-		5,281,472		
All other pupil services		17,168,577		35,015		4,385,105		-		(12,748,457)		
General administration												
Centralized data processing		4,129,586		-		-		-		(4,129,586)		
All other general administration		10,105,047		30,915		8,916,363		-		(1,157,769)		
Plant services		26,221,330		57,008		115,028		-		(26,049,294)		
Ancillary services		8,946,034		88,922		6,695,538		-		(2,161,574)		
Community services		5,335,890		102,659		177,990		-		(5,055,241)		
Enterprise activities		20,898		-		-		-		(20,898)		
Interest on long-term debt		2,008,882		-		-		-		(2,008,882)		
Other outgo		9,552,605		1,857,090		5,047,077		-		(2,648,438)		
Depreciation (unallocated)		19,680,524		-		-		-		(19,680,524)		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	328,234,267	\$	3,252,265	\$	86,750,967	\$	3,967,303		(234,263,732)		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES												
Enterprise activities		1,371,411		1,333,631		-		-		_	\$ (37,780)	
Total Business-Type Activities		1,371,411		1,333,631		-		-			(37,780)	
Total School District	\$	329,605,678	\$	4,585,896	\$	86,750,967	\$	3,967,303		-	\$	(234,301,512)
	Gen	eral revenues										
	Та	xes and subventi	ons									
	P	roperty taxes, le	vied f	or general purp	oses					213,861,086	-	213,861,086
	P	roperty taxes, le	vied f	or debt service						11,149,752	-	11,149,752
	P	roperty taxes, le	vied f	or other specific	pur	poses				3,327,821	-	3,327,821
	Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes									43,542,521	-	43,542,521
	Inte	erest and investr	nent e	earnings						(3,464,285)	(10,898)	(3,475,183)
	Inte	eragency revenu	es							147,583	-	147,583
	Mi	scellaneous								10,999,330	457,030	11,456,360
	Sub	total, General R	even	ue						279,563,808	446,132	280,009,940
	CHA	NGE IN NET PO	SITIC	DN .						45,300,076	408,352	45,708,428
		Position - Begir		, as Restated						27,611,809	(1,549,341)	26,062,468
	Net	Position - Endir	ıg						\$	72,911,885	\$ (1,140,989) \$	71,770,896

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	G	eneral Fund	Fu	ecial Reserve nd for Capital ıtlay Projects	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	100,548,414	\$	34,230,206	\$ 37,642,655	\$	172,421,275
Accounts receivable		22,209,584		16,973	2,191,230		24,417,787
Due from other funds		314,853		369	579,225		894,447
Stores inventory		289,648		-	62,276		351,924
Prepaid expenditures		6,117,550		-	-		6,117,550
Total Assets	\$	129,480,049	\$	34,247,548	\$ 40,475,386	\$	204,202,983
LIABILITIES							
Accrued liabilities	\$	16,661,013	\$	1,022,560	\$ 1,544,785	\$	19,228,358
Due to other funds		1,239,042		-	304,816		1,543,858
Unearned revenue		8,124,527		-	579,286		8,703,813
Total Liabilities		26,024,582		1,022,560	2,428,887		29,476,029
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		6,527,198		-	62,276		6,589,474
Restricted		27,144,855		33,224,988	37,984,223		98,354,066
Assigned		51,755,183		-	-		51,755,183
Unassigned		18,028,231		-	-		18,028,231
Total Fund Balances		103,455,467		33,224,988	38,046,499		174,726,954
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	129,480,049	\$	34,247,548	\$ 40,475,386	\$	204,202,983

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	174,726,954
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of ner position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:	t	
Capital assets:		
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position assets are reported, including capital assets, accumulated depreciation:	n, all	
Capital assets \$ 659,531		200 240 570
Accumulated depreciation (330,214	,934)	329,316,578
Deferred amount on refunding:		
In governmental funds, the net effect of refunding bonds is recognized when debt is is		
whereas this amount is deferred and amortized in the government-wide fina statements:	incial	2 200 522
		2,208,522
Unmatured interest on long-term debt:		
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in v		
it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the e		
the period was:		(1,234,771)
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net pos	sition	
all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating governmental activities consist of:		
Total general obligation bonds \$ 97,313	3.576	
	5,250	
Compensated absences 1,028		
Net OPEB liability94,014Net pension liability161,364		(354,215,878)
	,200	(334,213,070)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:		
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pension		
not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net post deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.	sitiOH,	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 62,973	,103	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (143,993	,030)	(81,019,927)

(continued on the following page)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, continued JUNE 30, 2022

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are no reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 16,415,590		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (23,931,755)	(7,516,165)
Internal service funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service	D S, h	
funds is:		10,646,572
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	72,911,885

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	G	eneral Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	G	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES	•	050 404 770	•	•		•	050 404 770
LCFF sources	\$	252,181,778	\$-	\$	-	\$	252,181,778
Federal sources		26,524,454	-		12,640,801		39,165,255
Other state sources		64,856,691	-		7,029,858		71,886,549
Other local sources		4,509,837	3,050,830		27,376,317		34,936,984
Total Revenues		348,072,760	3,050,830		47,046,976		398,170,566
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction		214,580,024	-		-		214,580,024
Instruction-related services							
Instructional supervision and administration		14,062,715	-		-		14,062,715
Instructional library, media, and technology		3,493,535	-		-		3,493,535
School site administration		19,258,870	-		-		19,258,870
Pupil services							
Home-to-school transportation		4,801,275	-		-		4,801,275
Food services		-	-		7,570,930		7,570,930
All other pupil services		20,021,789	-		-		20,021,789
General administration							
Centralized data processing		4,228,461	-		-		4,228,461
All other general administration		10,549,028	-		279,937		10,828,965
Plant services		26,729,484	-		141,233		26,870,717
Facilities acquisition and construction		4,545,536	3,396,180		871,090		8,812,806
Ancillary services		2,770,244	-		6,413,507		9,183,751
Community services		3,751	-		5,578,074		5,581,825
Transfers to other agencies		6,711,650	-		2,840,955		9,552,605
Debt service		-, ,			,,		-,
Principal		-	-		7,825,000		7,825,000
Interest and other		-	-		3,132,691		3,132,691
Total Expenditures		331,756,362	3,396,180		34,653,417		369,805,959
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		001,100,002	0,000,100		0 1,000,111		000,000,000
Over Expenditures		16,316,398	(345,350)		12,393,559		28,364,607
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		10,010,000	(0.0,000)		,000,000		
Transfers in		-	3,967,303		-		3,967,303
Transfers out		-	-		(3,967,303)		(3,967,303)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-	3,967,303		(3,967,303)		- (0,001,000)
		40.040.000	0.004.050		0 400 050		00.004.007
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		16,316,398	3,621,953		8,426,256		28,364,607
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated		87,139,069	29,603,035		29,620,243	<u>۴</u>	146,362,347
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	103,455,467	\$ 33,224,988	\$	38,046,499	\$	174,726,954

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 28,364,607
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:	
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense, respectively. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:	
Expenditures for capital outlay:\$ 9,027,820Depreciation expense:(19,680,524)	(10,652,704)
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:	7,895,750
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:	141,034
Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:	302,116
Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB): In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:	(6,702,783)

(continued on the following page)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Pensions:

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	45,300,076
other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed t benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental i the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:		(833,759)
Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged t	0	
Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium of discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:	e is	982,775
Other liabilities not normally liquidated with current financial resources: In the government-wide statements, expenses must be accrued in connection with an liabilities incurred during the period that are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. Examples include special termination benefits such as retirement incentives financed over time, and structured legal settlements. This year, expenses incurred for such obligations were:	nt nt	(566,000)
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions ar made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on th accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs an employer contributions was:	е	26,369,040

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	A	iness-Type Activities	Governmental <u>Activities</u> Internal Service		
	Community Services		Int		
ASSETS		Fund		Fund	
Current assets					
Cash and investments	\$	942,758	\$	15,412,843	
Accounts receivable	Ψ	99,021	Ψ	247,637	
Due from other funds		97		682,995	
Prepaid expenses		-		3,187,355	
Total current assets		1,041,876		19,530,830	
Non-current assets		1,010		10,000,000	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		21,816		_	
Total non-current assets		21,816			
Total Assets		1,063,692		- 19,530,830	
		1,000,002	. <u> </u>	10,000,000	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		270 722			
Deferred outflows related to pensions Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		<u> </u>		-	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accrued liabilities		137,918		470,058	
Due to other funds		32,707		974	
Unearned revenue		550,076		-	
Total current liabilities		720,701		471,032	
Non-current liabilities					
Claims liability		-		8,413,226	
Net pension liability		1,460,704		-	
Total non-current liabilities		1,460,704		8,413,226	
Total Liabilities		2,181,405		8,884,258	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions		401,999		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		401,999		-	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		21,816		-	
Restricted		-		10,646,572	
Unrestricted		(1,162,805)		-	
Total Net Position	\$	(1,140,989)	\$	10,646,572	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 siness-Type Activities Junity Services	Governmental Activities Internal Service			
	 Fund	Fund			
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 1,333,631	\$	48,052,347		
Other local revenues	455,869		993,067		
Total operating revenues	 1,789,500		49,045,414		
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and benefits	1,065,471		354,240		
Supplies and materials	83,171		914		
Professional services	219,815		49,379,095		
Depreciation	2,954		-		
Total operating expenses	 1,371,411		49,734,249		
Operating income/(loss)	 418,089		(688,835)		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)					
Interest income	(9,737)		(144,924)		
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)	 (9,737)		(144,924)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	408,352		(833,759)		
Net Position - Beginning	(1,549,341)		11,480,331		
Net Position - Ending	\$ (1,140,989)	\$	10,646,572		

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		iness-Type ctivities	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
	Comm	unity Services Fund			
Cash flows from operating activities					
Cash received from user charges	\$	1,333,631	\$	48,052,347	
Cash received (paid) from assessments made to					
(from) other funds		1,029,146		1,261,870	
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(1,487,349)		(54,331,106)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		875,428		(5,016,889)	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities					
Adjustments to capital assets		(3,001)		-	
Net cash provided by (used for) in capital and related financing activities		(3,001)		-	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Interest received		(9,737)		(144,924)	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(9,737)		(144,924)	
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		862,690		(5,161,813)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
Beginning of year		80,068		20,574,656	
End of year	\$	942,758	\$	15,412,843	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash					
provided by (used for) operating activities					
Operating income/(loss)	\$	418,089	\$	(688,835)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash					
provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation		2,954		-	
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables		97,067		167,697	
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		190,620		101,106	
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		-		(3,187,355)	
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows related to pensions		58,240		-	
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(48,873)		(525,670)	
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		417		(68,465)	
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		285,590		-	
Increase (decrease) in claims liability				(815,367)	
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability		(460,014)		-	
		331,338			
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows related to pensions		331.330		-	

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Saddleback Valley Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual.* The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades TK-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District, in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. For financial reporting purposes, the component units have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASBS No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, GASBS No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus, GASBS No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units, GASBS No. 90, Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, and GASBS No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Plans., and thus is included in the financial statements of the District. The component unit, although a legally separate entity, is reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if it were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component unit is essentially the same as the governing board of the District and because its purpose is to finance the construction of facilities to be used for the direct benefit of the District.

The Saddleback Valley Unified School District Public Financing Authority (the Authority) is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State. The Authority was formed for the sole purpose of providing financial assistance to the District by acquiring, constructing, financing, selling, and leasing public facilities, land, personal property, and equipment for the use and benefit of the District. The District leases certain school facilities from the corporation under various lease-purchase agreements recorded in long-term obligations.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be selfsupporting.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Student Activity Fund: This fund may be used to account for student body activities that do not meet the fiduciary criteria established in GASB Statement No. 84.

Special Education Pass-Through Fund: This fund is used by the Administrative Unit (AU) of a multi-Local Education Agency (LEA) Special Education Local Plan Area (SELPA) to account for Special Education revenue passed through to other member LEAs.

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds (continued):

Child Development Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section* 8200 et seq.) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

Cafeteria Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

County School Facilities Fund: This fund is established pursuant to *Education Code Section* 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code Section* 17070 et seq.).

Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units: This fund is used to account for capital projects financed by Mello-Roos Community Facilities Districts and similar entities that are considered blended component units of the District under generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Debt Service Funds: Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

Community Services Fund: The only enterprise fund of the District accounts for the financial transactions related to the community services program of the District.

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

Self-Insurance Fund: Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

D. Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self-insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

D. Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus (continued)

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position</u>

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, Equipment, and Vehicles	5 - 20 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) – MPP Program

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the MPP. For this purpose, the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) – District Plan

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Period	July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, lease receivables (net of related deferred inflows), prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints selfimposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> <u>Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. <u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 92 – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. This statement defines a SBITA; establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 97 – In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, *Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans* – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This standard's primary objectives are to increase consistency and comparability related to reporting fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; to mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and to enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34. Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 100 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 101 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	G	overnmental Funds	Int	ernal Service Fund	Go	overnmental Activities	iness-Type ctivities
Investment in county treasury	\$	172,234,180	\$	13,422,893	\$	185,657,073	\$ 696,421
Fair market value adjustment		(2,695,143)		(210,050)		(2,905,193)	(10,898)
Cash on hand and in banks		2,762,238		2,200,000		4,962,238	257,235
Cash in revolving fund		120,000		-		120,000	-
Total	\$	172,421,275	\$	15,412,843	\$	187,834,118	\$ 942,758

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Orange County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage of	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$183,437,403. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 287 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2022, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were rated AAAm.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2022, \$3,778,309 the District's bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Orange County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Uncategorized	
Investment in county treasury	\$ 183,437,403	_
Total	\$ 183,437,403	

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		Non-Major Governmental Funds	Int	ternal Service Fund	G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities
Federal Government										
Categorical aid	\$	15,567,142	\$-	\$	1,912,560	\$	-	\$	17,479,702	\$ -
State Government										
Apportionment		1,980,453	-		-		-		1,980,453	-
Categorical aid		2,582,389	-		87,273		-		2,669,662	-
Lottery		808,334	-		-		-		808,334	-
Local Government										
Other local sources		1,271,266	16,973		191,397		247,637		1,727,273	99,021
Total	\$	22,209,584	\$ 16,973	\$	2,191,230	\$	247,637	\$	24,665,424	\$ 99,021

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance July 01, 2021			Additions	Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2022
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	39,487,653	\$	-	\$ -	\$	39,487,653
Construction in progress		8,042,074		5,986,435	6,701,852		7,326,657
Total capital assets not being depreciated		47,529,727		5,986,435	6,701,852		46,814,310
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		61,394,911		151,189	-		61,546,100
Buildings & improvements		512,834,891		1,743,029	-		514,577,920
Furniture & equipment		31,449,239		7,849,019	2,705,076		36,593,182
Total capital assets being depreciated		605,679,041		9,743,237	2,705,076		612,717,202
Less accumulated depreciation							
Land improvements		38,342,351		2,628,107	-		40,970,458
Buildings & improvements		248,540,189		16,769,581	-		265,309,770
Furniture & equipment		26,356,946		282,836	2,705,076		23,934,706
Total accumulated depreciation		313,239,486		19,680,524	2,705,076		330,214,934
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, net	\$	339,969,282	\$	(3,950,852)	\$ 6,701,852	\$	329,316,578
Business-Type Activities							
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements	\$	500,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$	500,000
Buildings & improvements		8,620		-	-		8,620
Furniture & equipment		74,625		-	22,300		52,325
Total capital assets being depreciated		583,245		-	22,300		560,945
Less accumulated depreciation							
Land improvements		500,000		-	-		500,000
Buildings & improvements		4,502		287	-		4,789
Furniture & equipment		56,974		383	23,017		34,340
Total accumulated depreciation		561,476		670	23,017		539,129
Business-Type Activities							
Capital Assets, net	\$	21,769	\$	(670)	\$ (717)	\$	21,816

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Due From Other Funds Special Reserve Non-Major Fund for Capital Governmental Internal Service Community General Fund Outlay Projects Funds Fund Services Fund											
Due To Other Funds	General Fund		Fund for Capital		overnmental					Total			
General Fund	\$	-	\$-	\$	579,225	\$ 659,720	\$	97	\$	1,239,042			
Non-Major Governmental Funds		282,488	369		-	21,959		-		304,816			
Community Services Fund		31,391	-		-	1,316		-		32,707			
Internal Service Fund		974	-		-	-		-		974			
Total	\$	314,853	\$ 369	\$	579,225	\$ 682,995	\$	97	\$	1,577,539			
Due from the General Fund to the Special Education Pass-Throug Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for bad debt exp Due from the General Fund to the Community Services Fund to c Due from the General Fund to the Self-Insurance Fund for for com Due from the Child Development Fund to the General Fund for ind Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for indirect cost Due from the Capital Facilities Fund to the General Fund for annu Due from the Community Services Fund to the General Fund for annu	pense. orrect pri tributions direct cos is and mis al admini	or month ex to OPEB ar ts and misce scellaneous r strative fee.	cense reimbursemer d workers' compens llaneous reimbursen eimbursements.	nt. sation nents	5.	ents			\$	575,789 3,436 97 659,720 121,297 85,458 75,733			

B. **Operating Transfers**

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District transferred \$3,967,303 from the County School Facilities Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects to move SFP funding and accrued interest.

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Ge	eneral Fund	Special F Fund for Outlay P	Capital	Non-Major overnmental Funds	In	ternal Service Fund	Di	strict-Wide	Ģ	Sovernmental Activities	ness-Type ctivities
Payroll	\$	8,473,019	\$	-	\$ 892,017	\$	23,938	\$	-	\$	9,388,974	\$ 129,654
Vendors payable		8,187,994	1	,022,560	71,552		446,120		-		9,728,226	8,264
Other liabilities		-		-	581,216		-		-		581,216	-
Unmatured interest		-		-	-		-		1,234,771		1,234,771	-
Total	\$	16,661,013	\$ 1	,022,560	\$ 1,544,785	\$	470,058	\$	1,234,771	\$	20,933,187	\$ 137,918

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major						
			G	overnmental	Go	vernmental	Bu	siness-Type		
	Ge	neral Fund		Funds		Activities	Activities			
Federal sources	\$	700,138	\$	-	\$	700,138	\$	-		
State categorical sources		7,419,785		-		7,419,785		-		
Local sources		4,604		579,286		583,890		550,076		
Total	\$	8,124,527	\$	579,286	\$	8,703,813	\$	550,076		

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	J	Balance uly 01, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities		-				
General obligation bonds	\$	99,865,000	\$ -	\$ 7,825,000	\$ 92,040,000	\$ 8,495,000
Unamortized premium		6,327,131	-	991,623	5,335,508	991,623
Unamortized discount		(70,780)	-	(8,848)	(61,932)	(8,848)
Total general obligation bonds		106,121,351	-	8,807,775	97,313,576	9,477,775
Prop. 39 settlement liability		-	566,000	70,750	495,250	70,750
Compensated absences		1,330,197	-	302,116	1,028,081	-
Net OPEB liability		108,567,676	-	14,552,911	94,014,765	-
Net pension liability		333,737,105	-	172,372,899	161,364,206	-
Claims liability		9,228,593	-	815,367	8,413,226	-
Total	\$	558,984,922	\$ 566,000	\$ 196,921,818	\$ 362,629,104	\$ 9,548,525
	J	Balance uly 01, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Balance Due In One Year
Business-Type Activities		,, 2021		2022010110		
Net pension liability	\$	1,920,718	\$ -	\$ 460,014	\$ 1,460,704	\$ -
Total	\$	1,920,718	\$ -	\$ 460,014	\$ 1,460,704	\$ -

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for the Prop. 39 settlement liability are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.
- Payments for claims liability are made from the Self-Insurance Fund.

A. General Obligation Bonds

The general obligations bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 are summarized as follows:

Series	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds utstanding ly 01, 2021	Additions		Deductions	Bonds Dutstanding une 30, 2022
2013 Refunding	5/9/2013	8/1/2029	2.0% - 5.0%	\$ 71,865,000	\$ 18,490,000	\$	-	\$ 3,970,000	\$ 14,520,000
2004 Series 2013A	9/26/2013	8/1/2029	2.0% - 5.0%	10,000,000	2,050,000		-	395,000	1,655,000
2004 Series 2016A	8/2/2016	8/1/2030	2.0% - 4.0%	10,000,000	8,630,000		-	375,000	8,255,000
2016 Refunding	8/2/2016	8/1/2030	3.0% - 4.0%	33,140,000	26,845,000		-	2,240,000	24,605,000
2019 Refunding	12/5/2019	8/1/2029	1.8% - 2.5%	45,130,000	43,850,000		-	845,000	43,005,000
Total					\$ 99,865,000	\$	-	\$ 7,825,000	\$ 92,040,000

The annual requirements to amortize general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 8,495,000	\$ 2,778,358	\$ 11,273,358
2024	9,175,000	2,391,664	11,566,664
2025	9,895,000	1,971,191	11,866,191
2026	10,335,000	1,609,653	11,944,653
2027	10,955,000	1,312,233	12,267,233
2028 - 2031	43,185,000	2,067,887	45,252,887
Total	\$ 92,040,000	\$ 12,130,986	\$ 104,170,986

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On December 5, 2019, the District issued \$45,130,000 of 2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (Federally Taxable). Proceeds from the bonds were used to establish an escrow portfolio to defease a portion of the remaining outstanding 2013 General Obligation Refunding Bonds and Election 2004, Series 2013A General Obligation Bonds. The net proceeds received for the 2019 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for future debt service payments on the general obligation bonds that were advance refunded. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased, and the related liability for the bonds has been removed from the District's financial statements. Amounts paid to the refunded bond escrow agent in excess of the outstanding debt at the time of payment are recorded as deferred charges on refunding on the statement of net position and are amortized as an expense over the life of the bond. This refunding reduced total debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$2,296,171.

B. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$1,028,081. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning net OPEB liability was \$108,567,676 and decreased by \$14,552,911 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending net OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was \$94,014,765 which represents the total OPEB liability reported for the District Plan and its proportionate share of the net MPP Program OPEB liability. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net OPEB liability.

D. <u>Net Pension Liability</u>

The District's combined beginning net pension liability was \$335,657,823 and decreased by \$172,832,913 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The combined ending net pension liability at June 30, 2022 was \$162,824,910. See Note 12 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

E. Claims Liability

Liabilities associated with workers' compensation claims are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). Claim liabilities are based upon estimated ultimate cost of settling the claims, considering recent claim settlement trends including the frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The liability for workers' compensation, and health and welfare claims is reported in the Self-Insurance Fund. The outstanding claims liability at June 30, 2022, amount to \$8,413,226. See Note 9 for additional information regarding the claims liability balance.

F. Prop. 39 Settlement Liability

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District entered into a settlement agreement with the State Controller's Office to repay a sum of \$566,000 as the result of an audit of California Clean Energy Jobs Act Fund. The sum will be repaid without interest, in equal installments of \$70,750 per year over an eight-year period, with the final payment due by June 30, 2029. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the liability was \$495,250.

NOTE 9 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District's risk management activities are recorded in the Self-Insurance Fund. The General Fund, through the purchase of commercial insurance, administers employee life and health programs. The District self-insures its exposures for workers' compensation claims up to a \$1,000,000 self-insured retention (SIR) and has obtained excess coverage up to statutory limits through participation in the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP). The District also participates in ASCIP for property and liability coverage up to \$5,000,000. Excess property and liability coverage is obtained through the public entity risk pool, Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF). See Note 15 for additional information relating to public entity risk pools.

For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Claims Liabilities

The District records an estimated liability for indemnity torts and other claims against the District. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate aggregate liabilities for the District from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022:

	 Health Care	C	Workers' ompensation	Property and Liability	Total
Liability Balance, July 01, 2020	\$ 1,471,390	\$	9,295,915	\$ 143,836	\$ 10,911,141
Claims & changes in estimates	18,821,483		924,700	74,493	19,820,676
Claims payments	(19,137,938)		(2,149,584)	(215,702)	(21,503,224)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2021	 1,154,935		8,071,031	2,627	9,228,593
Claims & changes in estimates	790,245		1,081,745	227,357	2,099,347
Claims payments	(1,779,752)		(1,081,745)	(53,217)	(2,914,714)
Liability Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 165,428	\$	8,071,031	\$ 176,767	\$ 8,413,226
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2022	\$ 2,016,367	\$	12,893,258	\$ 713,269	\$ 15,622,894

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, continued JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 10 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2022:

	General Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		Non-Major Governmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Non-spendable							
Revolving cash	\$	120,000	\$	-	\$-	\$	120,000
Stores inventory		289,648		-	62,276		351,924
Prepaid expenditures		6,117,550		-	-		6,117,550
Total non-spendable		6,527,198		-	62,276		6,589,474
Restricted							
Educational programs		27,144,855		-	1,845,348		28,990,203
Food service		-		-	5,492,327		5,492,327
Associated student body		-		-	2,756,238		2,756,238
Capital projects		-		33,224,988	17,765,402		50,990,390
Debt service		-		-	10,124,908		10,124,908
Total restricted		27,144,855		33,224,988	37,984,223		98,354,066
Assigned							
Technology		13,082,678		-	-		13,082,678
Negotiated salary increase		12,740,436		-	-		12,740,436
Universal TK implementation		9,000,000		-	-		9,000,000
Facilities modernization and deferred maintenance		4,500,000		-	-		4,500,000
Comprehensive program implementation		4,500,000		-	-		4,500,000
Future liabilities		4,000,000		-	-		4,000,000
Special education funding decrease		1,985,711		-	-		1,985,711
Caltrans settlement		1,787,202		-	-		1,787,202
Music replacement/security		159,156		-	-		159,156
Total assigned		51,755,183		-	-		51,755,183
Unassigned		18,028,231		-	-		18,028,231
Total	\$	103,455,467	\$	33,224,988	\$ 38,046,499	\$	174,726,954

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 11 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Saddleback Valley Unified School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Saddleback Valley Unified School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

The Medicare Premium Payment Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes of 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program, through the Teachers' Health Benefit Fund. The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the Defined Benefit Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012, and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services on a monthly basis.

B. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position – MPP Program

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued Plan Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by contacting the District.

C. Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

D. Contributions

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Saddleback Valley Educators Association (SVEA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the District, SVEA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups. For the measurement period, the District contributed \$4,054,568 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

E. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	212
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	1,807
Total number of participants**	2,019

*Information not provided

**As of the June 30, 2021 valuation date

F. Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability - District Plan	\$ 92,627,259
District's Proportionate Share of the Net MPP OPEB Liability	 1,387,506
District's total recorded net OPEB liability	\$ 94,014,765

G. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

District Plan

Economic assumptions:	
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.75%
Discount rate	2.16%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00%

Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality Rates

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees.

MPP Program

Economic	assumptions:

Inflation	2.75%
Discount rate	2.16%
Medicare cost trend rate	4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B

Non-economic assumptions:

Mortality Rates

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.16%. The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as you-go basis as previously noted, and under the pay-as-you-go method, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the MPP Program used the Bond Buyer's 20-Bond GO Index from Bondybuyer.com as of June 30, 2020, as the discount rate, which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate as of June 30, 2021, was 2.16%, which is a decrease of 0.05% from 2.21% as of June 30, 2020.

H. Changes in Net OPEB Liability

	Ju	ine 30, 2022
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	10,576,199
Interest on total OPEB liability		2,402,569
Difference between expected and actual experience		(19,378,872)
Changes of assumptions		(3,849,835)
Benefits payments		(4,054,568)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(14,304,507)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		106,931,766
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	92,627,259
District's Proportionate Share of the Net MPP OPEB Liability (b)	\$	1,387,506
District's total recorded net OPEB liability - ending (a) + (b)	\$	94,014,765
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*

*Note: The District's OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

I. Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the Saddleback Valley Unified School District, as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	19	% Decrease (1.16%)		Valuation scount Rate (2.16%)	1% Increase (3.16%)	
Total OPEB liability - District Plan		97,763,247	\$	92,627,259	\$	87,604,048
	1% Decrease (1.16%)		Di	scount Rate (2.16%)	1'	% Increase (3.16%)
Net OPEB liability - MPP Program	\$	1,529,413	\$	1,387,506	\$	1,266,261

J. Sensitivity of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the Saddleback Valley Unified School District, as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare/Medicare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Hea	Ith Care Cost			
	19	% Decrease (3.00%)	Т	rend Rate (4.00%)	1% Increase (5.00%)		
Total OPEB liability - District Plan	\$	83,691,629	\$	92,627,259	\$	102,992,790	
	19	% Decrease		dicare Costs Frend Rate	1% Increase		
	•	0% Part A and 40% Part B)	(4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)		(5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)		
Net OPEB liability - MPP Program	\$	1,261,773	\$	1,387,506	\$	1,531,654	

K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Saddleback Valley Unified School District recognized OPEB expense of \$11,880,621. At June 30, 2022, the Saddleback Valley Unified School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	District Plan				MPP Program				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources			erred Inflows Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between projected and									
actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	499	
Differences between expected and									
actual experience		3,507,651		19,123,061		-		-	
Changes in assumptions		7,813,948		4,547,372		-		-	
Changes in proportion and differences									
between District contributions and									
proportionate share of contributions		-		-		95,097		260,823	
District contributions subsequent									
to the measurement date		4,998,894		-		-		-	
	\$	16,320,493	\$	23,670,433	\$	95,097	\$	261,322	

K. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

The \$4,998,894 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	t Plan		MPP Program						
	Deferred Outflows			Deferred Inflows		Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources	of Resources		of Resources		of Resources		
2022	\$	1,220,905	\$	2,319,052	\$	19,019	\$	69,187	
2023		1,220,905		2,319,052		19,019		69,141	
2024		1,220,905		2,319,052		19,019		69,060	
2025		1,220,905		2,319,052		19,019		26,970	
2026		1,220,905		2,319,052		19,021		26,964	
Thereafter		5,217,074		12,075,173		-		-	
	\$	11,321,599	\$	23,670,433	\$	95,097	\$	261,322	

NOTE 12 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	let pension liability	out	outflows related		ferred inflows related to pensions	Pension expense
STRS Pension	\$	105,315,445	\$	52,214,520	\$	119,684,306	\$ 1,046,865
PERS Pension		57,509,465		11,137,306		24,710,723	4,612,365
Total	\$	162,824,910	\$	63,351,826	\$	144,395,029	\$ 5,659,230

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2022, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 16.92% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$22,678,205 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$14,883,299 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 105,315,445
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	 52,991,751
Total	\$ 158,307,196

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.231 percent, which was a decrease of 0.024 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,046,865. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$(9,186,924) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$ 83,307,229
Differences between expected and actual experience		263,821	11,207,759
Changes in assumptions		14,922,080	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		14 250 414	25 160 219
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent		14,350,414	25,169,318
to the measurement date		22,678,205	-
Total	\$	52,214,520	\$ 119,684,306

The \$22,678,205 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Def	erred Inflows		
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of Resources		0	f Resources
2023	\$	9,949,276	\$	30,647,980		
2024		9,956,220		25,776,269		
2025		3,210,273		26,132,341		
2026	3,210,273			28,586,739		
2027	3,210,273			4,424,385		
2028		-		4,116,592		
Total	\$	29,536,315	\$	119,684,306		

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

* Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.80%
Real Estate	15%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	

*20-year geometric average

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.10%)	D	iscount Rate (7.10%)	Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of	 			 · · ·
the net pension liability	\$ 214,384,552	\$	105,315,445	\$ 14,790,169

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employee is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 22.91% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$9,420,501 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$57,509,465 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.283 percent, which was a decrease of 0.006 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,612,365. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$ 22,070,421
Differences between expected and actual experience		1,716,805	135,573
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and			2 504 720
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		- 9,420,501	2,504,729
Total	\$	11,137,306	\$ 24,710,723

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$9,420,501 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
2023	\$	1,276,998	\$ 6,637,512
2024		408,597	6,136,341
2025		31,210	5,798,658
2026		-	 6,138,212
Total	\$	1,716,805	\$ 24,710,723

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Discount Rate	7.15%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

*An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

**An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.15%)	Di	scount Rate (7.15%)	 Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 96,969,033	\$	57,509,465	\$ 24,749,558

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had \$773,870 in outstanding commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects.

NOTE 14 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) and the Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF) public entity risk pools. The District pays an annual premium to the applicable entity for its property and liability coverage. The relationships between the District and the pools are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPAs provide property and liability insurance coverage for their member school districts. The JPAs are governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The governing board controls the operations of its JPAs independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the governing board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to its participation in the JPAs. Financial information for the most recently audited period is available directly from the JPA.

The District also participates in the Coastline Regional Occupational Program (CROP) for the occupational training for high school students and adults residing within the District boundaries. The relationship between the District and the pools are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes. Financial information for the most recently audited period is available directly from the entity.

NOTE 15 – DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found in Note 12. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$63,351,826 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$144,395,029.

NOTE 15 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (continued)

B. Refunded Debt

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position* and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities,* the District recognized deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the District-wide financial statements. The deferred outflow of resources pertains to the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price (deferred amount on refunding). Previous financial reporting standards require this to be presented as part of the District's long-term debt. This deferred outflow of resources is recognized as a component of interest expense in a systematic and rational manner over the remaining life of the old debt or the new debt, whichever is shorter. At June 30, 2022, the deferred outflows on refunding balance was \$2,208,522.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found in Note 11. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$16,415,590 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$23,931,755.

NOTE 16 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

The beginning net position of Governmental Activities and the beginning fund balances of the Student Activity Fund and the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund have been restated in order to more accurately reflect the substance of transactions that occurred in the prior year.

The effect on beginning net position is presented as follows:

	Governmental		
	Activities		
Net Position - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$	27,607,457	
Restatement		4,352	
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$	27,611,809	

The effect on beginning fund balance is presented as follows:

	Stu	dent Activity	Bond	l Interest and
		Fund	Rede	emption Fund
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$	2,491,560	\$	10,052,175
Restatement		(505)		4,857
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated	\$	2,491,055	\$	10,057,032

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Arr	ounts		Actual*	Variances -			
	Original	Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	Final	to Actual		
REVENUES								
LCFF sources	\$ 251,723,093 \$	254,493,622	\$	252,181,778	\$	(2,311,844)		
Federal sources	20,700,730	23,631,295		23,476,106		(155,189)		
Other state sources	47,338,349	61,779,209		64,856,691		3,077,482		
Other local sources	 4,060,522	5,160,183		6,106,356		946,173		
Total Revenues	 323,822,694	345,064,309		346,620,931		1,556,622		
EXPENDITURES								
Certificated salaries	141,701,745	139,092,442		138,502,368		590,074		
Classified salaries	43,278,297	41,829,298		41,770,344		58,954		
Employee benefits	97,382,151	93,973,796		92,970,835		1,002,961		
Books and supplies	15,321,382	17,859,937		16,244,359		1,615,578		
Services and other operating expenditures	30,372,174	33,220,476		32,959,029		261,447		
Capital outlay	8,302,116	1,610,179		2,801,981		(1,191,802)		
Other outgo								
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	5,567,277	9,091,239		6,711,650		2,379,589		
Transfers of indirect costs	 (230,172)	(203,662)		(204,204)		542		
Total Expenditures	 341,694,970	336,473,705		331,756,362		4,717,343		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	 (17,872,276)	8,590,604		14,864,569		6,273,965		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out	 (7,137)	-		-				
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 (7,137)	-		-		-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(17,879,413)	8,590,604		14,864,569		6,273,965		
Fund Balance - Beginning	 90,187,417	90,187,417		90,187,417		-		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 72,308,004 \$	98,778,021	\$	105,051,986	\$	6,273,965		

*Actual amounts reported in this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule reflect an adjustment to Medi-Cal Billing Option and Medi-Cal Administrative Activities programs that have been reclassified from federal revenues to local revenues. In addition, the schedule above does not include the audit adjustment disclosed in the Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – DISTRICT PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	ine 30, 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	10,576,199	\$	8,367,482	\$	6,787,722	\$	6,606,055	\$	6,429,251
Interest on total OPEB liability		2,402,569		3,304,429		3,179,841		3,051,308		2,657,106
Difference between expected and actual experience		(19,378,872)		(1,724,013)		3,986,821		-		-
Changes of assumptions		(3,849,835)		8,186,967		1,380,418		(1,639,550)		-
Benefits payments		(4,054,568)		(4,587,226)		(4,473,703)		(4,978,653)		(4,787,166)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(14,304,507)		13,547,639		10,861,099		3,039,160		4,299,191
Total OPEB liability - beginning		106,931,766		93,384,127		82,523,028		79,483,868		75,184,677
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	92,627,259	\$	106,931,766	\$	93,384,127	\$	82,523,028	\$	79,483,868
District's Proportionate Share of the Net MPP OPEB Liability (b)	\$	1,387,506	\$	1,635,910	\$	1,304,453	\$	1,404,262	\$	1,820,357
District's total recorded net OPEB liability - ending (a) + (b)	\$	94,014,765	\$	108,567,676	\$	94,688,580	\$	83,927,290	\$	81,304,225
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*

*Note: The District's OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS – MPP PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Dollars in thousands, except for District's proportionate share.)

	Jun	e 30, 2022	Jur	ne 30, 2021	Jun	e 30, 2020	Jur	ne 30, 2019	Jur	ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Interest on total OPEB liability	\$	9,009	\$	12,457	\$	14,225	\$	14,567	\$	12,928
Difference between expected and actual experience		(9,598)		(4,288)		(10,605)		(15,759)		(41)
Changes of assumptions		1,874		70,417		12,111		(10,293)		(31,240)
Benefits payments		(26,377)		(27,217)		(27,546)		(28,036)		(28,929)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(25,092)		51,369		(11,815)		(39,521)		(47,282)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		420,782		369,413		381,228		420,749		468,031
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	395,690	\$	420,782	\$	369,413	\$	381,228	\$	420,749
Plan fiduciary net position										
Contributions - employer	\$	26,988	\$	27,685	\$	27,977	\$	28,218	\$	29,117
Net investment income		6		25		29		18		11
Benefit payments		(26,377)		(27,217)		(27,546)		(28,036)		(28,929)
Administrative expenses		(788)		(512)		(1,902)		(578)		(168)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(171)		(19)		(1,442)		(378)		31
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning, as previously reported		(3,003)		(2,984)		(1,542)		41		10
Adjustment for application of new GASB statement		-		-		-		(1,205)		_
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning, as adjusted		(3,003)		(2,984)		(1,542)		(1,164)		10
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	(3,174)	\$	(3,003)	\$	(2,984)	\$	(1,542)	\$	41
MPP Program Net OPEB liability	\$	398,864	\$	423,785	\$	372,397	\$	382,770	\$	420,708
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	1,387,506	\$	1,635,910	\$	1,304,453	\$	1,404,262	\$	1,820,357
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		-0.80%		-0.71%		-0.81%		-0.40%		0.01%
Covered-employee payroll*		*		*		*		*		*
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		*		*		*		*		*

*As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	J	une 30, 2022	Ju	une 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020	J	une 30, 2019	Ju	une 30, 2018	Ju	ine 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	Ju	ine 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.231%		0.255%		0.227%		0.233%		0.239%		0.241%		0.266%		0.251%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	105,315,445	\$	246,843,761	\$	204,691,391	\$	214,415,551	\$	221,025,782	\$	194,628,534	\$	179,014,809	\$	146,436,112
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	\$	52,991,751 158,307,196	\$	127,246,958 374,090,719	\$	<u>111,673,721</u> 316,365,112	\$	122,763,533 337,179,084	\$	130,756,985 351,782,767	\$	110,798,553 305,427,087	\$	94,679,100 273,693,909	\$	88,424,447 234,860,559
District's covered payroll	\$	132,067,761	\$	130,157,494	\$	130,892,531	\$	123,777,533	\$	124,763,633	\$	118,292,069	\$	121,024,291	\$	112,077,239
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		79.7%		189.7%		156.4%		173.2%		177.2%		164.5%		147.9%		130.7%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.2%		71.8%		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ine 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ine 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.283%		0.289%		0.297%		0.284%		0.292%		0.301%		0.305%		0.293%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	57,509,465	\$	88,814,062	\$	86,677,107	\$	75,655,831	\$	69,705,112	\$	59,464,936	\$	44,925,240	\$	33,241,819
District's covered payroll	\$	40,561,944	\$	41,848,561	\$	41,087,033	\$	36,663,988	\$	37,800,122	\$	35,585,650	\$	32,888,913	\$	30,426,737
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		141.8%		212.2%		211.0%		206.3%		184.4%		167.1%		136.6%		109.3%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.0%		70.0%		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Jı	ine 30, 2022	Jı	ine 30, 2021	Jı	ine 30, 2020	Jı	ine 30, 2019	Jı	ine 30, 2018	Jı	ine 30, 2017	Jı	une 30, 2016	Ju	ine 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	22,678,205	\$	21,402,452	\$	22,171,991	\$	21,259,688	\$	17,861,098	\$	15,695,265	\$	12,692,739	\$	10,746,957
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(22,678,205)		(21,402,452)		(22,171,991)		(21,259,688)		(17,861,098)		(15,695,265)		(12,692,739)		(10,746,957)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	135,425,661	\$	132,067,761	\$	130,157,494	\$	130,892,531	\$	123,777,533	\$	124,763,633	\$	118,292,069	\$	121,024,291
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.75%		16.21%		17.03%		16.24%		14.43%		12.58%		10.73%		8.88%

*Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	9,420,501	\$	8,349,504	\$	8,095,680	\$	7,324,897	\$	5,694,284	\$	5,249,681	\$	4,215,832	\$	3,871,354
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(9,420,501)		(8,349,504)		(8,095,680)		(7,324,897)		(5,694,284)		(5,249,681)		(4,215,832)		(3,871,354)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	41,271,116	\$	40,561,944	\$	41,848,561	\$	41,087,033	\$	36,663,988	\$	37,800,122	\$	35,585,650	\$	32,888,913
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		22.83%		20.58%		19.35%		17.83%		15.53%		13.89%		11.85%		11.77%

*Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios – District Plan

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate assumption decreased from 2.20% to 2.16% since the prior measurement. In addition, the inflation rate decreased from 2.63% to 2.50% since the prior measurement.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - MPP Program

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the net OPEB liability, and the components of the net OPEB liability and related ratios, including the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate used for 2021 financial reporting was 2.16%, a decrease from the rate of 2.21% used for 2020 financial reporting.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Schedule of District Contributions

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	 Expenditures and Other Uses											
	Budget		Actual		Excess							
General Fund												
Capital outlay	\$ 1,610,179	\$	2,801,981	\$	1,191,802							

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Subrecipients
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:				
Passed through California Department of Education:				
Title I, Part A [1]				
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 3,360,837	\$-
Comprehensive Support and Improvement for LEAs	84.010	15438	82,294	-
Subtotal Title I, Part A			3,443,131	-
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	807.276	-
Title III				
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	519,983	-
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	69,286	-
Subtotal Title III			589,269	-
Department of Rehabilitation: Workability II, Transitions Partnership Program	84.126	10006	423,200	-
Special Education Cluster				
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	5,528,686	417,778
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	101.746	-
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec 611, Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	15638	87,789	87,789
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	326,562	24,231
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec 619, Preschool Grants	84.173	15639	75,219	7,521
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	155.091	11.508
Alternate Dispute Resolution	84.173A	13007	81,346	1,218
IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	157	157
Subtotal Special Education Cluster	0	10101	6,356,596	550,202
IDEA Early Intervention Grants, Part C	84.181	23761	30,148	
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants: [1]	01.101	20101	00,110	
Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425C	15517	1.655.580	_
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425	15536	1,157,368	-
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425	15547	2,692,279	_
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425	15559	1,547,924	-
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U	10155	1,640,343	_
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425	15618	288	
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant EGGER II	84.425	15619	72,367	
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425	15620	1,398,235	-
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425	15621	2,184,271	-
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants	04.425	15021	12,348,655	
Total U. S. Department of Education			23,998,275	550,202
Total 0. 3. Department of Education			23,330,213	550,202
J. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:				
Passed through California Department of Education:				
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Extending Summer Food Service Program and SSO:				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
School Breakfast Program - Basic	10.553	13525	27,137	-
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526	2,823,556	-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	7,653,648	
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*	551,175	-
SNP COVID-19 Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement (ECR)	10.555	15637	358,520	
Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	15655	572,763	-
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster	10.000	10000	11,986,799	
Forest Reserve Funds	10.665	10044	12,762	-
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture	10.000	10011	11,999,561	-
J. S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT:				
Direct Award				
Community Development Block Grant - Child Care	14.218	*	15,271	
Total U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			15.271	

(continued on the following page)

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Ex	Federal penditures	enditures to recipients
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:					
Passed through California Department of Education:					
Child Care and Development Block Grant					
Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act - One-time Stipend	93.575	15555	\$	16,800	\$ -
ARP California State Preschool Program One-time Stipend	93.575	15640		87,000	 -
Subtotal Child Care and Development Block Grant				103,800	 -
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services				103,800	-
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	36,116,907	\$ 550,202
 [1] - Major Program [2] - In-Kind Contribution * - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable 					

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	6,486.51	6,495.84
Extended Year Special Education	12.57	12.58
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	6.62	6.78
Total TK/K through Third	6,505.70	6,515.20
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	4,884.27	4,886.46
Extended Year Special Education	4.90	4.90
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	7.92	8.29
Total Fourth through Sixth	4,897.09	4,899.65
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	3,357.31	3,355.58
Extended Year Special Education	4.01	4.01
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	4.97	5.20
Total Seventh through Eighth	3,366.29	3,364.79
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	7,919.93	7,900.74
Extended Year Special Education	8.15	8.15
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	8.82	8.76
Total Ninth through Twelfth	7,936.90	7,917.65
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	22,705.98	22,697.29

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		2021-22		
Grade Level	Minutes Requirement	Actual Minutes	Number of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,000	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	50,400	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	50,400	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	50,400	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,000	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,000	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	54,000	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	58,737	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	58,737	180	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	68,557	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	68,557	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	68,557	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	68,557	180	Complied

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	20	023 (Budget)	2022	2021	2020
General Fund - Budgetary Basis** Revenues And Other Financing Sources Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	\$	347,439,451 \$ 356,047,938	346,620,931 331,756,362	\$ 322,373,670 312,721,965	\$ 305,097,803 300,012,295
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(8,608,487) \$	14,864,569	\$ 9,651,705	\$ 5,085,508
Ending Fund Balance	\$	93,395,151 \$	102,003,638	\$ 90,187,417	\$ 80,535,712
Available Reserves* Available Reserves As A	\$	22,752,341 \$	18,028,231	\$ 28,331,163	\$ 33,234,954
Percentage Of Outgo		6.39%	5.43%	9.06%	11.08%
Long-term Liabilities Average Daily	\$	353,128,579 \$	362,606,354	\$ 558,984,922	\$ 511,392,667
Attendance At P-2***		22,384	22,706	25,248	25,248

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$21,467,926 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2022-23 budget projects a decrease of \$8,608,487. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2022-23 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$148,786,313 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 2,542 ADA over the past two years. A further decrease of 322 ADA is anticipated during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

*Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances within the General Fund.

**The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include an audit adjustment to accounts receivable that is not reflected in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule. That adjustment is outlined in the disclosed in the Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements.

***Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Average Daily Attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on Average Daily Attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General	D	Child evelopment			Ca	oital Facilities		ecial Reserve nd for Capital	ond Interest Redemption		Child Care	Se	If-Insurance
	Fund		Fund	С	Cafeteria Fund		Fund	Ou	Itlay Projects	Fund	Ent	terprise Fund		Fund
June 30, 2022, annual financial and budget report fund balance/net position	\$ 105,051,986	\$	1,891,977	\$	5,618,690	\$	18,048,319	\$	33,769,159	\$ 10,285,728	\$	350,171	\$	10,856,622
Adjustments and reclassifications:														
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:														
Adjustment to capital assets	-		-		-		-		-	-		3,718		-
Allocation of net pension liability (GASB 68)	-		-		-		-		-	-		(1,483,980)		-
Fair value adjustment (GASB 31)	(1,596,519)		(46,629)		(64,087)		(282,917)		(544,171)	(160,820)		(10,898)		(210,050)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	(1,596,519)		(46,629)		(64,087)		(282,917)		(544,171)	(160,820)		(1,491,160)		(210,050)
June 30, 2022, audited financial statement fund balance/net position	\$ 103,455,467	\$	1,845,348	\$	5,554,603	\$	17,765,402	\$	33,224,988	\$ 10,124,908	\$	(1,140,989)	\$	10,646,572

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2022

	Stud	lent Activity Fund	•	cial Education ass-Through Fund	Child Development Fund	Cat	feteria Fund	Сар	ital Facilities Fund	unty School ilities Fund	Fund		nd Interest and demption Fund	lon-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS														
Cash and investments	\$	2,756,238	\$	5,427	\$ 2,935,090	\$	4,033,269	\$	17,796,432	\$ 83	\$	-	\$ 10,116,116	\$ 37,642,655
Accounts receivable		-		-	98,771		1,999,833		83,548	286		-	8,792	2,191,230
Due from other funds		-		575,789	-		3,436		-	-		-	-	579,225
Stores inventory		-		-	-		62,276		-	-		-	-	62,276
Total Assets	\$	2,756,238	\$	581,216	\$ 3,033,861	\$	6,098,814	\$	17,879,980	\$ 369	\$	-	\$ 10,124,908	\$ 40,475,386
LIABILITIES														
Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$	581,216	\$ 541,724	\$	383,000	\$	38,845	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 1,544,785
Due to other funds		-		-	133,957		94,757		75,733	369		-	-	304,816
Unearned revenue		-		-	512,832		66,454		-	-		-	-	579,286
Total Liabilities		-		581,216	1,188,513		544,211		114,578	369		-	-	2,428,887
FUND BALANCES														
Non-spendable		-		-	-		62,276		-	-		-	-	62,276
Restricted		2,756,238		-	1,845,348		5,492,327		17,765,402	-		-	10,124,908	37,984,223
Total Fund Balances		2,756,238		-	1,845,348		5,554,603		17,765,402	-		-	10,124,908	38,046,499
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	2,756,238	\$	581,216	\$ 3,033,861	\$, ,	\$	17,879,980	\$ 369	\$	-	\$ 10,124,908	\$ 40,475,386

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Stud	ent Activity Fund	Special Education Pass-Through Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capit	ital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Capital Projects Fund for Blended Component Units	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES											
Federal sources	\$	-			, ,,	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$-	, ,, ,, ,, ,,
Other state sources		-	2,290,753	2,745	707,837		-	3,966,934	-	61,589	7,029,858
Other local sources		6,678,690	-	7,453,046	(45,530)		2,325,764	369	-	10,963,978	27,376,317
Total Revenues		6,678,690	2,840,955	7,559,591	12,649,106		2,325,764	3,967,303	-	11,025,567	47,046,976
EXPENDITURES											
Current											
Pupil services											
Food services		-	-	-	7,570,930		-	-	-	-	7,570,930
General administration											
All other general administration		-	-	119,118	85,086		75,733	-	-	-	279,937
Plant services		-	-	17,051	-		-	-	124,182	-	141,233
Facilities acquisition and construction		-	-	-	187,319		683,771	-	-	-	871,090
Ancillary services		6,413,507	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	6,413,507
Community services		-	-	5,578,074	-		-	-	-	-	5,578,074
Transfers to other agencies		-	2,840,955	-	-		-	-	-	-	2,840,955
Debt service											
Principal		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	7,825,000	7,825,000
Interest and other		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	3,132,691	3,132,691
Total Expenditures		6,413,507	2,840,955	5,714,243	7,843,335		759,504	-	124,182	10,957,691	34,653,417
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues											
Over Expenditures		265,183	-	1,845,348	4,805,771		1,566,260	3,967,303	(124,182)	67,876	12,393,559
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers out		-	-	-	-		-	(3,967,303)	-	-	(3,967,303)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	-	-		-	(3,967,303)	-	-	(3,967,303)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		265,183	-	1,845,348	4,805,771		1,566,260	-	(124,182)	67,876	8,426,256
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated		2,491,055	-	-	748,832		16,199,142	-	124,182	10,057,032	29,620,243
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	2,756,238	\$-	\$ 1,845,348	\$ 5,554,603	\$	17,765,402	\$-		\$ 10,124,908	

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2022

The Saddleback Valley Unified School District was organized on July 1, 1973 and is comprised of an area of approximately 93 square miles located in Orange County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District operates 23 elementary schools, four intermediate schools, four high schools, one special education school, one virtual academy, one continuation high school, and one early education school.

GOVERNING BOARD						
Member	Office	Term Expires				
Amanda Morrell	President	2024				
Barbara Schulman	Vice President	2022				
Dr. Edward Wong	Clerk	2024				
Greg Kunath	Member	2022				
Suzie R. Swartz	Member	2024				

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Crystal Turner, Ed. D. Superintendent

Robert Craven Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Liza Zielasko Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Darvin Jackson, Ed. D. Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2022 or federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2022.

	AL	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 39,165,255
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425	(2,601,246)
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant GEER II	84.425	(447,102)
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 36,116,907

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Saddleback Valley Unified School District Mission Viejo, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Saddleback Valley Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Saddleback Valley Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Saddleback Valley Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Saddleback Valley Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Saddleback Valley Unified School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Saddleback Valley Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

348 Olive Street	0:619-270-8222
San Diego, CA	F: 619-260-9085
92103	christywhite.com

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Christy White, Inc.

San Diego, California December 12, 2022



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Saddleback Valley Unified School District Mission Viejo, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Saddleback Valley Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Saddleback Valley Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Saddleback Valley Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Saddleback Valley Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Saddleback Valley Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Saddleback Valley Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Saddleback Valley Unified School District's federal programs.

> 348 Olive Street 0:619-270-8222 San Diego, CA F: 619-260-9085 92103 christywhite.com

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit for Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Saddleback Valley Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Saddleback Valley Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards,* and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Saddleback Valley Unified School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Saddleback Valley Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Saddleback Valley Unified School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Christy White, Inc.

San Diego, California December 12, 2022



REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Saddleback Valley Unified School District Mission Viejo, California

Report on State Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Saddleback Valley Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Saddleback Valley Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, as identified below.

In our opinion, Saddleback Valley Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810 as regulations (the K-12 Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Saddleback Valley Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on state compliance. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Saddleback Valley Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Saddleback Valley Unified School District's state programs.

> 348 Olive Street 0:619-270-8222 San Diego, CA F: 619-260-9085 92103 christywhite.com

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Saddleback Valley Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Saddleback Valley Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of the applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards,* and the K-12 Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Saddleback Valley Unified School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Saddleback Valley Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the K-12 Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Saddleback Valley Unified School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

٠	Select and test transactions and records to determine Saddleback Valley Unified School District's compliance
	with the state laws and regulations related to the following items:

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance (continued)

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
In-Person Instruction Grant	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding #2022-001. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on Saddleback Valley Unified School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. Saddleback Valley Unified School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the K-12 Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Christy White, Inc.

San Diego, California December 12, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS Internal control over major program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditors' report issued: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major programs:	No None Reported Unmodified No
AL Number(s)Name of Federal Program or Cluster84.425, 84.425C, 84.425UEducation Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants84.010Title I, Part ADollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	
 STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies ? Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs: 	No None Reported Yes Unmodified

FIVE DIGIT CODE

20000 30000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2022.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

FINDING #2022-001: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

Criteria: Students classified as free or reduced-price meal eligible (FRPM) and who are not directly certified on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the determination. In addition, students classified as English learners (EL) must have supporting documentation to indicate that the student is appropriately classified as EL. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section W of the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

Condition: 19 out of 60 students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who were classified as only FRPM and non-EL did not have appropriate supporting documentation on file to justify their FRPM designation in CALPADS. To determine the projected audit adjustment, we applied the error rate across this segment of the unduplicated pupil count population for a total audit adjustment of 341.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with applicable State requirements.

Cause: Misclassification of students in the student information system from which CALPADS reporting is derived.

Repeat Finding: This is not a repeat finding.

(continued on the following page)

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINDING #2022-001: UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000) (continued)

Questioned Costs: \$209,102, as calculated below.

ltem Number	Calculating the Cost of LCFF Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Finding	ata Input and culated Fields
1	Total Adjusted Enrollment from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	75,760
2	Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	26,894
3	Audit Adjustment - Number of Enrollment	-
4	Audit Adjustment - Number of Unduplicated Pupil Count	(341)
5	Revised Adjusted Enrollment	75,760
6	Revised Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count	26,553
7	UPP calculated as of P-2	35.50%
8	Revised UPP for audit finding	35.05%
9	Charter Schools Only: Determinative School District Concentration Cap	-
10	Revised UPP adjusted for Concentration Cap	35.05%
11	Supplemental and Concentration Grant TK/K–3 ADA	7,353.06
12	Supplemental and Concentration Grant 4–6 ADA	5,475.69
13	Supplemental and Concentration Grant 7–8 ADA	3,829.26
14	Supplemental and Concentration Grant 9–12 ADA	8,875.81
15	Adjusted Base Grant per TK/K–3 ADA	\$ 8,935
16	Adjusted Base Grant per 4–6 ADA	\$ 8,215
17	Adjusted Base Grant per 7–8 ADA	\$ 8,458
18	Adjusted Base Grant per 9–12 ADA	\$ 10,057
19	Supplemental Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$ 16,495,735
20	Revised Supplemental Grant Funding for audit finding	\$ 16,286,633
21	Supplemental Grant Funding audit adjustment	\$ (209,102)
22	Concentration Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$ -
23	Revised Concentration Grant Funding for audit finding	\$ -
24	Concentration Grant Funding audit adjustment	\$ -
25	Total Supplemental and Concentration audit adjustment	\$ (209,102 <u>)</u>

Recommendation: We recommend that the District ensure that there are proper controls over FRPM and EL designations in the student information system in order to strengthen the accuracy of CALPADS reporting. This should include adequate supporting documentation to verify the status of FRPM and EL designations reported in CALPADS.

Corrective Action Plan: Beginning with the 2022-23 school year the District implemented the use of an Income Survey through the student information system Aeries as part of the data validation process for all families. The Income Survey is being used to provide student FRMP eligibility.

Utilizing both the Child Nutrition (Titan) and Aeries systems to capture FRMP data, SVUSD has developed a data validation procedure. The procedure takes FRMP data exports from both systems and validates data used to populate FRMP records for the eligible period into Aeries. Reports are generated from Aeries, and Titan allows data validation and approval before official FRMP data is reported to requesting agencies.

SADDLEBACK VALLEY UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

There were no findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Governing Board Saddleback Valley School District Mission Viejo, California

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Saddleback Valley Unified School District for the year ended June 30, 2022, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit we noted matters that are an opportunity for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The following items represent conditions noted during our audit that we consider important enough to bring to your attention. This letter does not affect our report dated December 12, 2022, on the financial statements of Saddleback Valley Unified School District.

1. Bank Reconciliations

Observation: During our review of bank reconciliations, we noted that reconciliations for District bank accounts are not consistently prepared in a timely manner. In several instances, reconciliations for June 2022 appeared to be prepared and signed by preparer and reviewer as late as September or October.

Recommendation: In order ensure that the account balances are properly reconciled to the balances reported in the unaudited actuals, preparation and review of bank reconciliations should be incorporated into the District's year-end closing process.

We will review the status of the recommendation outlined above during our next audit engagement.

Christy White, Inc.

San Diego, California December 12, 2022

> 348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103

0:619-270-8222 F: 619-260-9085 christywhite.com